



R-Area Groundwater (NBN) Biennial Effectiveness Monitoring Report in Support of R-Area Operable Unit (U)

January 2019 through December 2020

SEMS Number: 95

SRNS-RP-2021-03617

Revision 0

June 2021

DISCLAIMER

This document was prepared in conjunction with work accomplished under Contract No. DE-AC09-08SR22470 with the U.S. Department of Energy.

This work was prepared under an agreement with and funded by the U.S. Government. Neither the U.S. Government or its employees, nor any of its contractors, subcontractors or their employees, makes any express or implied: 1. warranty or assumes any legal liability for the accuracy, completeness, or for the use or results of such use of any information, product, or process disclosed; or 2. representation that such use or results or such use would not infringe privately owned rights; or 3. endorsement or recommendation of any specifically identified commercial product, process, or service. Any views and opinions of authors expressed in this work do not necessarily state or reflect those of the United States Government, or its contractors, or subcontractors.

Printed in the United States of America

Prepared for
**U.S. Department of Energy
and
Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC
Aiken, South Carolina**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Section</u>	<u>Page</u>
Table of Contents	iii
List of Figures.....	iv
List of Tables	iv
List of Appendices	iv
List of Abbreviations and Acronyms	v
1.0 INTRODUCTION.....	1
2.0 REMEDIAL ACTIONS	1
3.0 Monitoring.....	2
3.1 RAGW Monitoring	2
3.2 ISD Monitoring.....	3
3.3 Groundwater Flow Directions	4
3.4 RAGW Compliance	5
3.5 ISD Compliance.....	6
4.0 RESULTS	7
4.1 RAGW Subunit MNA Results	7
4.1.1 Eastern VOC Plume.....	7
4.1.2 Eastern Tritium Plume	9
4.1.3 Western Tritium Plume.....	10
4.1.4 Northern Tritium Plume.....	11
4.2 ISD Results	12
4.2.1 2019 and 2020 ISD Results	12
5.0 CONCLUSIONS.....	13
5.1 RAGW MNA Conclusions	13
5.1.1 Eastern VOC Plume.....	13
5.1.2 Eastern Tritium Plume	13
5.1.3 Western Tritium Plume.....	14
5.1.4 Northern Tritium Plume.....	14
5.2 ISD Conclusions	14
6.0 RECOMMENDATIONS	15
7.0 REFERENCES	16

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure</u>		<u>Page</u>
Figure 1.	RAOU Location.....	17
Figure 2.	RAGW Groundwater Plumes (2010) and LUC Boundary	18
Figure 3.	RAGW Monitoring Stations and 2020 Groundwater Plumes	19
Figure 4.	ISD Monitoring Wells (5-yr)	21
Figure 5.	Annual ISD Monitoring Wells (2018 through 2022)	23
Figure 6.	RAGW Eastern VOC Plume 2010 Data.....	25
Figure 7.	RAGW Tritium Plumes 2010 Data	26
Figure 8.	R-Area Cross-Section with RAGW Eastern VOC Plume 2020	27
Figure 9.	R-Area Cross-Section with RAGW Eastern Tritium Plume 2020.....	28
Figure 10.	R-Area Cross-Section with RAGW Western Tritium Plume 2020	29
Figure 11.	R-Area Cross-Section with RAGW Northern Tritium Plume 2020	30
Figure 12.	RDB 3D Water Elevation and Tritium Trends	31
Figure 13.	RAGW Eastern VOC Plume Wells.....	32
Figure 14.	RAGW Eastern Tritium Plume Wells.....	33
Figure 15.	RAGW Western Tritium Plume Wells.....	34
Figure 16.	RAGW Northern Tritium Plume Wells	35

LIST OF TABLES

<u>Table</u>		<u>Page</u>
Table 1.	RAGW Monitoring Stations	37
Table 2.	RCOC Maximum Results for 2020 by Plume	39

LIST OF APPENDICES

<u>Appendix</u>		<u>Page</u>
Appendix A.	RAGW Data 2019-2020	A-1
Appendix B.	Hydrographs	B-1
Appendix C.	Time-Series Plots	C-1
Appendix D.	Tritium and TCE Plume Maps	D-1
Appendix E.	Potentiometric Maps.....	E-1

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

~	approximately
<	less than
cDCE	cis-1,2-dichloroethylene
cm	centimeter
EMP	Effectiveness Monitoring Plan
EMR	Effectiveness Monitoring Report
ft	feet
in	inch
ISD	<i>In situ</i> decommissioning
J	Result between Method Detection Limit and Practical Quantitation Limit, indicating it was detected but the actual concentration is of higher uncertainty.
L	liter
LAZ	lower aquifer zone
LUCs	land use controls
m	meters
MAZ	middle aquifer zone
MCL	maximum contaminant level
MDL	method detection limit
µg	microgram
mL	milliliter
MNA	monitored natural attenuation
msl	mean sea level
NA	not applicable
pCi	picocurie
PQL	practical quantitation limit
PRG	preliminary remedial goal
RAOU	R-Area Operable Unit
RAGW	R-Area Groundwater
RBC	R-Reactor Building Complex (105-R)
RCOC	refined constituents of concern
ROD	Record of Decision
SRNS	Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC
SRS	Savannah River Site
TCE	trichloroethylene
TCCZ	Tan Clay Confining Zone
TZ	Transmissive Zone
UTM	universal transverse mercator
UTRA	Upper Three Runs Aquifer
VC	vinyl chloride
VOC	volatile organic compound
yr	year

This page was intentionally left blank.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Effectiveness Monitoring Report (EMR) documents and summarizes R-Area Groundwater (RAGW) monitoring well and surface water data collected from January 2019 through December 2020 in compliance with the Effectiveness Monitoring Plan (EMP) for the R-Area Operable Unit (RAOU) and subsequent agreements. The primary goal of the RAGW EMR for the RAOU is to evaluate groundwater and surface water monitoring data for Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA) of tritium and volatile organic compound (VOC) groundwater plumes (SRNS 2011).

R Area is located in the east central area of the Savannah River Site (SRS) (Figure 1). R-Reactor achieved criticality in December 1953 and was shut down in 1964 due to reduced requirements for defense-related products. During R-Reactor operations, releases of tritium and VOCs contaminated the groundwater in R Area.

The RAGW is a subunit of the RAOU and encompasses three tritium plumes and one VOC groundwater plume that resulted from past activities within R Area. MNA was selected as the remedial alternative for the groundwater in R Area (SRNS 2010a). Historical groundwater data collected from 2007 through 2010 was used to estimate the extent of the four groundwater plumes (Figure 2).

2.0 REMEDIAL ACTIONS

As stated in the Record of Decision (ROD) (SRNS 2010a), the final remedial action for the RAOU consists of Land Use Controls (LUCs) for the entire RAOU and MNA for the RAGW Subunit. The MNA portion of the remedy includes both groundwater and surface water monitoring as described in the EMP (SRNS 2011) in order to evaluate the effectiveness of the MNA remedy.

The long-term remedial action objective for the RAGW Subunit of the RAOU is to restore contaminated groundwater in the Upper Three Runs Aquifer (UTRA) to below regulatory limits. Based on a conservative estimate for the source concentrations, and not taking credit for dilution,

dispersion, and diffusion, estimates to reach maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) in the four plumes ranged from 26 to 124 years (SRNS 2010b).

3.0 MONITORING

3.1 RAGW Monitoring

The groundwater monitoring network currently includes twenty-eight wells, four seepage locations, and nine surface water locations (Figure 3) (Table 1).

Monitoring wells RAG013 and RAG014 were installed in 2011 to expand the groundwater monitoring network (Figure 3). In 2013, the Core Team convened and decided that a new plume boundary well (RBP011B) should be installed downgradient of well RAG008B. Well RBP011B was installed in September of 2014 to monitor the Eastern VOC plume and is co-located with wells RBP 11DL and RBP 11DU (Figure 3). SRS will conduct normal maintenance on the wells as needed. Any maintenance work that changes any of the well information (e.g. reference elevation) will be discussed in the next report.

In accordance with the 2011 EMP, the initial twenty-five wells were scheduled to be monitored annually for the first five years (SRNS 2011). Any additional wells would be monitored semi-annually for the first two years, then annually for three years. For this reason, newer wells RAG013 and RAG014 were sampled semi-annually during 2012 and 2013 and sampled annually since 2014. Well RBP011B was sampled on a semi-annual sampling schedule in 2014 and 2015. Well RBP011B now follows the annual sampling schedule consistent with the other RAGW monitoring wells. Five years of new data and each well's historical data should provide sufficient data to establish whether refined constituents of concern (RCOC) concentrations are trending upward, downward, or are steady state. If the observed trend is steady-state or downward after five years, SRS will reduce the monitoring frequency to biennial (two-year) with agreement from the Core Team (i.e., representatives from the United States Department of Energy, United States Environmental Protection Agency, and South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control). Sampling is performed as described in the most current version of Manual 3Q1, *Environmental Requirements and Program Documents* (SRNS 2010c). The analytical suite for

the VOC plume wells includes carbon tetrachloride, chloroform, trichloroethylene (TCE), cis-1,2-dichloroethylene (cDCE), and vinyl chloride (VC). Tritium is the only contaminant sampled and analyzed for in the wells monitoring the RAGW tritium plumes.

Three surface water stations along Joyce Branch (JBSW-01, JBSW-02 and JBSW-03) and two seepage groundwater wells (JBS005A and JBS005B) monitor the Eastern Tritium and VOC plumes (Figure 3) (Table 1). Four surface water stations (MCSW-03 through MCSW-06) and two seepage groundwater wells (MCS002A and MCS002B) monitor the Northern Tritium plume along Mill Creek. Two surface water locations (PASL-01 and PASL-02) monitoring the Northern Tritium plume along Pond A were frequently dry (Appendix A) and with core team approval they have been replaced by monitoring wells RSP 5DL and RAG13 (Figure 3 and Table 1). Surface water stations are used as LUC boundary stations for the Eastern VOC, Eastern Tritium, and Northern Tritium plumes. The surface water and seepage stations are monitored annually.

The analytical suite for the stations along Joyce Branch includes tritium, carbon tetrachloride, chloroform, TCE, cDCE, and VC. Only tritium is sampled and analyzed for at Mill Creek and Pond A sample locations. All surface water samples are collected according to Manual 3Q1, Procedure 3001A (SRNS 2010c).

3.2 ISD Monitoring

The *In situ* decommissioning (ISD) remedy for the R-Reactor Building (105-R) Complex is designed to significantly reduce contaminant mobility and allow for radioactive decay of contaminants. The ISD remedy included grouting of all below-grade areas of the building, grouting and stabilization of disassembly basin and reactor vessel contaminants, demolition associated with the disassembly basin above-ground structure and stack, and construction of a cover system over the grouted disassembly basin and reactor vessel.

The ISD monitoring wells were installed to verify the remedial action for the R-Reactor Building Complex (105-R) [RBC] is functioning as designed and the wells are sampled every five years according to the 2011 EMP (SRNS 2011) to demonstrate that the ISD remedy remains effective in

preventing impact to groundwater. The ISD monitoring wells are shown in Figure 4 and listed in Table 1.

The monitoring network consists of ten wells. Wells RDB005C, RDB 3D, RDB 1D, RPS004C, RAG003DU, RAG003DL, RSE032D, and RSE033D are used to monitor the RBC. Two wells (RDB003DU and RPS004DU) were installed in 2011 for additional ISD monitoring of the RBC. ISD monitoring well RPS004DU was observed to have a warped casing in one section and was abandoned per Manual 3Q1 (SRNS 2010c). Replacement well RPS004DUR was installed in 2012 to monitor the RBC and serves as a replacement well for RPS004DU. Well RPS004DUR was sampled in 2012 and will be sampled every five years per the ISD sampling schedule. In 2017, carbon-14 was detected in the groundwater near the RBC at well RDB 3D. SRS notified the Core Team and elected to sample for carbon-14 and tritium annually for five years (2018-2022) at five monitoring wells (RDB 1D, RDB 2D, RDB 3D, RDB003DU, and RDB005C) near the RBC (Figure 5). Well RDB 2D is not one of the ten wells identified as an ISD monitoring well in the RAOU EMP, so it is identified as an temporary ISD monitoring well.

The ISD wells are sampled once every five years for the three most mobile contaminant migration constituents of concern (Carbon-14, Chlorine-36, and Iodine-129) and tritium. The next round of ISD sampling at all 11 wells will be conducted in 2022.

3.3 Groundwater Flow Directions

The 31-year (yr) average (1990 through 2020) for SRS rainfall is 122.6 centimeter per year (cm/yr [48.25 inches per year {in./yr}]), based on data from the SRS 700-A rain gauge (SRNL 2021). In 2019, SRS received 121.2 cm (47.72 in.) of rainfall, based on data from the 700-A rain gauge (SRNL 2021). In 2020, SRS received 141.8 cm (55.82 in.) of rainfall, based on data from the Savannah River Technology Center (773-A) rain gauge (SRNL 2021). The average groundwater recharge is estimated at 31.8 cm (12.5 in./yr), while the remainder is lost to evapotranspiration or run-off to surface water (WSRC 2000). Years with greater than average rainfall will tend to provide more groundwater recharge, and the water table will tend to rise. Years with lower than average rainfall will tend to provide less groundwater recharge, and the water table will tend to fall.

Historic water elevations, extending from 1984 to present, are displayed as hydrographs in Appendix B. The potentiometric surfaces were mapped using fourth quarter 2020 water elevations for the Transmissive Zone (TZ), and the Lower Aquifer Zone (LAZ) (Appendix E). The Middle Aquifer Zone (MAZ) was not contoured due to the limited number of wells within the aquifer.

Within the RAOU LUC boundary, groundwater in the TZ was demonstrated to flow radially from a local mounded area centered to the northeast of the RBC (Figure 2) (SRNS 2011). In 2020, the water table elevation in this mounded area is approximately (~) 85.37-meters (m [\sim 280-feet {ft}]) mean sea level (msl), and the groundwater flows toward Mill Creek (~79.3-m [\sim 260-ft] msl) to the north, Joyce Branch (~65.5-m [\sim 215-ft] msl) to the west, and Pond 4 (~73.0-m [\sim 239.4-ft] msl) to the south (Figure 2 and Appendix E). Beneath the TZ lies the Tan Clay Confining Zone (TCCZ), which overlies the LAZ. Groundwater in the LAZ flows to the northeast toward Joyce Branch (Appendix E).

3.4 RAGW Compliance

Key source area monitoring wells were identified in the EMP (SRNS 2011) for each plume and are sampled annually (Table 1). If observed tritium or TCE concentrations in these wells exceed an Action Limit (i.e., 150% of the observed maximum between 2002 and 2010) (Table 2), then a confirmation sample will be collected, and the frequency of sampling will be increased to quarterly for one year. A best fit line will be applied to the value that exceeded the trigger limit and subsequent data, and if the line has a positive slope then an increasing trend is present. If an increasing trend is observed, a Core Team meeting will be convened to discuss the results and determine if other remediation alternatives should be considered. No source area monitoring wells have exceeded an Action Limit.

LUC boundary stations for the plumes are identified in Table 1. These stations verify tritium and VOC concentrations are below MCLs outside the LUC boundary, and that the plumes are not expanding horizontally. If the tritium or VOC concentration in any LUC boundary station exceeds an MCL and is verified by a confirmation sample, then the Core Team will convene to discuss necessary actions (e.g., expansion of the LUC boundary or additional monitoring).

Plume boundary wells (vertical extent) for all plumes are identified in Table 1. If the tritium or VOC concentration in any plume boundary well sample exceeds an MCL and is verified by a confirmation sample, then an additional well will be installed downgradient of the boundary well, if determined necessary by the Core Team. Groundwater samples from plume boundary well RAG008B exceeded the MCL (5 microgram per liter [$\mu\text{g/L}$]) for TCE; therefore, the Core Team decided to add a new well (RBP011B). RBP011B was installed in September 2014 to become the new plume boundary well for the Eastern VOC Plume. Well RAG008B is now a plume definition well. The Core Team requested a deeper well (RAG008BL) co-located with RAG008B to ensure the VOC plume was bounded vertically. Well RAG008BL will be installed in FY2021. The plume definition wells (Table 1) will be used to monitor the contaminants within the plume and are expected to exceed MCLs. With the approval of the Core Team, SRS may suspend monitoring on any station with stable or decreasing RCOC concentrations that are below MCLs for six consecutive years (SRNS 2011).

If the MCL for tritium or a VOC is exceeded in a surface water sample, a confirmation sample will be collected. If the exceedance is confirmed, a Core Team meeting will be convened to discuss a path forward.

3.5 ISD Compliance

The monitoring network consists of ten wells identified in the EMP (SRNS 2011) and are sampled every five years (Table 1). If observed contaminant concentrations in a monitoring well exceed MCLs/preliminary remediation goals (PRGs), a confirmation sample will be collected for that contaminant. If the confirmation sample concentration also exceeds the MCL/PRG and background levels, then a Core Team meeting will be convened to discuss the results and a path forward.

It is important to note that the 2017 ISD sampling event at well RDB 3D had carbon-14 results above the practical quantitation limit (PQL), but less than the MCL. Well RDB 3D also had elevated tritium results in comparison to historical data. As a result, SRS will monitor for carbon-14 and tritium at five of the ISD monitoring wells (RDB 1D, RDB 2D, RDB 3D, RDB003DU, and

RDB005C) annually for five years (2018 through 2022). Well RDB 2D will be a temporary ISD monitoring well during this time period.

4.0 RESULTS

4.1 RAGW Subunit MNA Results

Appendix A provides the results for RAGW groundwater and surface water sampling during 2019 and 2020. Appendix C provides time-series plots for the RAGW wells. Appendix D contains plume maps for each groundwater plume. Table 2 identifies the 2020 maximum concentrations for each RCOC for each plume.

The RCOCs that exceeded their specific MCLs in 2019 are tritium and TCE. There were two results above the PQL for cDCE in the 2019 sampling event, but none of them exceeded the MCL (70 µg/L). There was one result above the MDL for VC during the 2019 sampling period but it was less than the MCL (2 µg/L). There was also one result above the PQL for carbon-14 during the 2019 sampling period but it was less than the MCL (2,000 pCi/L). Carbon tetrachloride and chloroform results were below their detection limits in all of the monitoring wells and surface water locations in 2019.

The RCOCs that exceeded their specific MCLs in 2020 are tritium and TCE. There were two results above the PQL for cDCE in the 2020 sampling period, but none of them exceeded the MCL (70 µg/L). There was one result above the MDL for VC during the 2020 sampling period but the result was less than the MCL (2 µg/L). There was one result above the PQL for carbon-14 during the 2020 sampling period but that result was less than the MCL (2,000 pCi/L). Carbon tetrachloride and chloroform results were below their detection limits in all of the monitoring wells and surface water locations during the 2019 and 2020 sampling period.

4.1.1 Eastern VOC Plume

The Eastern VOC plume emanates about 280 m (919 ft) from the northeast side of the R-Reactor Building (105-R) and extends east towards Joyce Branch (Figure 3). VOCs are constrained vertically to the upper portion of the UTRA, primarily in the TZ (Figure 8), but TCE results above

the MCL (5 µg/L) have been confirmed in the lower portion of the UTRA, the LAZ, at plume definition well RAG008B. TCE is the predominant VOC and is used to depict the 2020 Eastern VOC Plume that has decreased in size and concentration relative to the 2010 TCE plume (Figure 3 and Figure 6).

During the 2019 and 2020 monitoring period three wells (RAG008DL, RAG008B, and RBP 11DL) in the mid-plume area exceeded the TCE MCL (5 µg/L). Key source area well RWT003C remained below the MCL for TCE during the 2019 and 2020 sampling events and continues to show a decreasing trend.

In the upper portion of the UTRA, well RAG008DL exceeded the TCE MCL (5 µg/L) in 2019 and 2020 but continues to show a decreasing trend for TCE since 2010. Long term (2002 through 2020) results from plume definition well RBP 11DL continues to show a decreasing trend for TCE in the groundwater although concentrations continue to remain above the TCE MCL (5 µg/L) (Appendix C, Figure C-32).

In the LAZ the current TCE concentration (21.0 µg/L) in plume definition well RAG008B reflects the increasing trend since 2010, though the TCE concentration at that well appears to have stabilized based on the 2019 and 2020 data (Appendix C, Figure C-30). Plume boundary well RBP 11B continues to show a steady trend with TCE concentrations near the PQL (Appendix C, Figure C-32).

Down gradient seepage samples at wells JBS005A and JBS005B were below the detection limit for TCE during the 2019 and 2020 sampling events.

All three Joyce Branch surface water samples (JBSW-01, JBSW-02, and JBSW-03) remained below the detection limit for TCE during 2019 and 2020.

Plume definition well RPS004C was the only monitoring station that had detectable VC groundwater concentrations in 2019 and 2020 (1.70 µg/L and 1.50 µg/L, respectively), but below the MCL (2 µg/L). Overall, VC concentrations at well RSP004C indicate a decreasing trend since sampling began in 2007 (Appendix C, Figure C-16).

Concentrations of cDCE did not exceed the MCL (70 µg/L) at any monitoring station in 2019 or 2020. Groundwater at well RPS004C had the highest cDCE concentration (13.0 µg/L) in 2020. The cDCE concentrations in the groundwater at well RPS004C represent an overall decreasing trend since monitoring began in 2007 when the groundwater concentration of cDCE was 29.3 µg/L (Appendix C, Figure C-25). Concentrations of carbon tetrachloride and chloroform were below the detection limits in all wells during the 2019 and 2020 sampling events.

4.1.2 Eastern Tritium Plume

The Eastern Tritium plume emanates from the southeast corner of the RBC, near the former location of the moderator distillation columns, and extends east to Joyce Branch (Figure 3). Tritium is primarily constrained vertically to the upper portion of the UTRA, primarily in the TZ (Figure 9), only sporadic results above the PQLs have been observed in the LAZ. The 2020 Eastern Tritium Plume has decreased in size and concentration relative to the 2010 tritium plume (Figure 3 and Figure 7).

In 2019 and 2020 key source area well RPS004C yielded tritium results above the MCL (20 pCi/mL), although concentrations are below the Action Limit (2,610 picocuries per milliliter [pCi/mL]) for tritium at this well (Table 2). A decreasing trend is evident at well RPS004C, which had a maximum tritium concentration of 1,740 pCi/mL in March 2008 and a tritium concentration of 263 pCi/mL during the 2020 sampling period (Appendix C, Figure C-60).

In the upper portion of the UTRA, long term results (2002 through 2020) from plume definition wells RBP 11DL and RBP 11DU continue to indicate decreasing trends for groundwater tritium concentrations (Appendix C, Figure C-50). Plume definition well RCS003C continues to show a stable trend since first sampled in 2007. The tritium concentrations in the groundwater at plume definition well RAM009C have shown an overall increase from the 2007 sample, which was less than the PQL, but all results are still well below the MCL (20 pCi/L).

In the LAZ, tritium remains stable and below the detection limit in groundwater during the 2019 and 2020 sampling events at plume definition wells RAG006B and RAG008B. Tritium concentrations at plume boundary well RBP011B continue to remain stable, either below the

detection limit or less than the PQL during the 2019 and 2020 sampling events. Collectively, these groundwater data indicate the tritium plume is not expanding vertically.

Tritium concentrations in downgradient seepline well JBS005A have decreased to 0.87 pCi/mL by 2020, relative to the 2012 sample (3.98 pCi/mL). Seepline well JBS005B tritium concentrations remained below the detection limit during the 2019 and 2020 sampling events.

Tritium concentrations for all three Joyce Branch surface water station samples (JBSW-01, JBSW-02, and JBSW-03) were either below the detection limit or less than the PQLs in 2019 and 2020.

4.1.3 Western Tritium Plume

The Western Tritium plume emanates from the southwest corner of the RBC and extends south-by-southeast before reaching the R-Area Concrete Lakes (186-R/190-R) (Figure 3). The Western Tritium plume is constrained vertically to the upper portion of the UTRA in the TZ (Figure 10). The 2018 Western Tritium plume has decreased in size and concentration relative to the 2010 tritium plume (Figure 3 and Figure 7).

The key source area well RDB005C tritium concentrations decreased slightly during the 2019 and 2020 sampling events, but still above the MCL (20 pCi/ml) though below the Action Limit (76.8 pCi/mL) for tritium at this well (Appendix C, Figure C-56).

In the TZ, the tritium concentration in groundwater at plume definition well RAG004DL continued to decrease slightly in 2019 to 2.79 pCi/mL and again in 2018 to 2.23 pCi/mL. Tritium concentrations in well RAG004DL demonstrate an overall decreasing trend since monitoring began in 2007. Tritium concentrations in groundwater at the plume boundary well RDB004DL remain stable and concentrations are either below the detection limit or less than the PQLs indicating that the plume is not expanding horizontally.

In the LAZ, tritium remains stable and below the detection limit in the groundwater at plume definition well RAG004B, indicating the plume is not expanding vertically.

4.1.4 Northern Tritium Plume

The Northern Tritium plume emanated about 300-m (984-ft) northwest of the RBC and extended to the north up to the LUC boundary (Figure 3). In 2020, at all of the Northern Tritium plume monitoring stations groundwater tritium concentrations are below the MCL. To the north and northeast, the tritium is constrained vertically to the upper portion of the UTRA (Figure 11); however, results above the MCL (20 pCi/mL) have been confirmed in the lower portion of the UTRA, the LAZ in the past. The 2020 Northern Tritium Plume has decreased in size and concentration relative to the 2010 tritium plume (Figure 3 and Figure 7).

Groundwater tritium concentration at key source area well (RSE 10DU) decreased below the tritium MCL (20 pCi/mL) in 2019 and 2020. Concentrations in this well have an overall decreasing trend since monitoring began in September 2002 when the tritium concentration was 161 pCi/mL (Appendix C, Figure C-61). The December 2020 groundwater tritium concentration of 10.0 pCi/mL for RSE 10DU is also well below the Action Limit (252 pCi/mL) for this well.

In the upper portion of the UTRA, the groundwater at the northeast plume definition well RAG009DU was 9.90 pCi/mL in 2020. Tritium concentrations in well RAG009DU indicate a decreasing trend since sampling started in 2010. Concentrations at other monitoring wells (RAG009DL, RAG013, RAG014, RGW 2D, RPC 2D, RSE027C, and RSP 5DL) remain relatively low or below detection limits. The highest observed concentration for these wells during the 2019 and 2020 sampling event was a tritium concentration of 2.29 pCi/mL in well RGW 2D in 2020. The tritium concentrations in the groundwater at LUC plume boundary wells MCS002A and MCS002B have remained essentially constant, as the tritium concentrations have been below the detection limit or less than the PQL since 2008.

In the LAZ, all tritium results since 2001 have been below the detection limit at plume boundary well RPC 19C. Likewise, all tritium results have remained very low or less than the detection limit at plume definition wells RGW 2C, RPC 2CU, and RPC 2CL. The highest observed tritium concentration in these wells during the 2019 and 2020 sampling events was 3.37 pCi/mL in well RPC 2CU in 2020. These wells indicate the plume is not expanding vertically into the LAZ as it moves northward.

All Mill Creek surface water stations continue to remain well below the MCL, with a maximum observed concentration of 2.30 pCi/mL in well MCSW-04 in October 2020. MCSW-03 and MCSW were not sampled due to dry conditions in 2019. The two surface water locations PASL-01 and PASL-02 along Pond A were frequently dry (Appendix A). With Core Team Approval, in 2019 and 2020, RAG013 and RSP 5DL replaced PASL-01 and PASL-02 as Plume Boundary Wells, and discontinued monitoring at PASL-01 and PASL-02. RAG013 groundwater tritium concentrations were below detection in both 2019 and 2020. RSP 5DL groundwater tritium concentrations were 1.13 pCi/mL in 2020.

4.2 ISD Results

4.2.1 2019 and 2020 ISD Results

Due to elevated tritium and carbon-14 results in well RDB 3D in 2017, SRS began monitoring for carbon-14 and tritium at five ISD monitoring wells (RDB 1D, RDB 2D, RDB 3D, RDB003DU, and RDB005C) annually for five years.

In 2019 and 2020, the ISD monitoring wells (RDB 1D, RDB 2D, RDB 3D, RDB003DU, and RDB005C) were sampled for carbon-14 and tritium. Tritium concentrations in well RDB 3D increased to 769 pCi/mL in 2019 and to 1,360 pCi/mL in 2020 (Table 2). Carbon-14 concentrations in well RDB 3D also increased in 2019 to 144 pCi/L and to 225 pCi/L in 2020 (Appendix A, Table A-1 and A-2). Tritium concentrations in all other ISD wells remained relatively stable or decreased in 2019 and 2020. Carbon-14 was below detection in the groundwater samples from all other ISD wells.

In 2017, it was noted that water elevations in RDB 3D were 87.1-m (285.8-ft) msl, which is ~0.9-m (3-ft) above the average water elevation (86.1-m [282.5-ft] msl) in this well. Comparatively, the water elevation in 2003 for well RDB 3D reached a height of 285.2 ft msl which also resulted in an increase in tritium concentrations until 2005 (Figure 12). In 2020, the water elevation in well RDB 3D was 286.1 ft-msl, which is now the historic maximum for RDB 3D, and tritium concentrations again increased at this location (Figure 12). Wells within the vicinity of the well RDB 3D do not show similar increases in tritium concentrations due to the

increases in water table elevations. For these reasons, the elevated water levels at RDB 3D may have allowed detection of a small shallow legacy spill near the R-Reactor Disassembly Basin.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

5.1 RAGW MNA Conclusions

Data from source area monitoring wells in the Eastern VOC, Eastern Tritium, Western Tritium, and Northern Tritium plumes indicate stable or decreasing groundwater concentrations for VOCs and tritium in the source areas (Appendix C) and support the time estimates for the concentrations to be below MCLs. Likewise, the extent of the Eastern VOC, Eastern Tritium, Western Tritium, and Northern Tritium plumes continue to decrease. These data indicate MNA continues to be an effective remedy for the RAGW tritium and VOC plumes.

5.1.1 Eastern VOC Plume

Based on the 2019 and 2020 monitoring data, MNA continues to be an effective remedy for the RAGW Eastern VOC Plume. The key source area well RWT003C and all plume definition wells except for RAG008B show decreasing VOC trends (Figure 13). The new plume boundary well RBP011B had a maximum TCE estimated value, <1.2 µg/L, which is below the MCL of 5 µg/L. All Joyce Branch surface water station samples remain below the detection limit for TCE.

5.1.2 Eastern Tritium Plume

Based on the 2019 and 2020 monitoring data, MNA continues to be an effective remedy for the RAGW Eastern Tritium Plume. In 2020, the key source area well (RPS004C) showed a decreasing trend, and all other wells were below the MCL (Figure 14). Though it is assumed ISD well RPS004DUR also exceeds the MCL. The plume boundary well (RBP011B) remains below the detection limit or less than the PQL. The Joyce Branch surface water stations continue to be stable with tritium concentrations less than the PQL.

5.1.3 Western Tritium Plume

Based on the 2019 and 2020 monitoring data, MNA continues to be an effective remedy for the RAGW Western Tritium Plume. The source area monitoring well (RDB005C) had a slight decrease in tritium concentrations in 2019, but concentrations increased in 2020 (Figure 15). The plume definition well RAG004DL indicates a decreasing tritium trend for the Western Tritium Plume since 2007 (Figure 15) and supports the time estimate for concentrations to be below MCLs (SRNS 2010b). The plume boundary well RDB004DL remains below the detection limit or less than the PQL.

5.1.4 Northern Tritium Plume

Based on the 2019 and 2020 monitoring data, MNA continues to be an effective remedy for the RAGW Northern Tritium Plume. The groundwater at the key source area well RSE 10DU shows an overall decreasing trend for tritium since 2002 (Figure 16). RSE 10DU tritium concentrations are now below the MCL, as are tritium concentrations at all the other wells monitoring the Northern Plume. Likewise, there is an overall decreasing trend for tritium at plume definition well RAG009DU since monitoring began in 2010 (Figure 16). The data from all northern plume definition and plume boundary wells indicate the plume is not expanding. The Mill Creek surface water stations continue to remain well below the MCL.

5.2 ISD Conclusions

Although elevated levels of tritium and detectable levels of carbon-14 were present at ISD monitoring well RDB 3D in 2019 and 2020. All other wells remain stable or have decreasing concentrations of tritium. It appears the 2017 and 2020 increases in tritium and carbon-14 at well RDB 3D may be due to mobilization of a small shallow legacy spill near the disassembly basin, related to the recent high-water table levels. The 2019-2020 data indicate the ISD remedial action implemented, pursuant to the approved RAOU ROD, (i.e., grouting of below-grade areas, grouting and stabilization of disassembly basin and reactor vessel contaminants, demolition of the disassembly basin above-ground structure and stack, and construction of a cover system over the grouted disassembly basin and reactor vessel) for the RBC is functioning as designed and the ISD remedy remains effective in preventing impact to groundwater.

6.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

SRS recommends continued annual sampling for carbon-14 and tritium for another two years (2021 through 2022) at five monitoring wells (RDB 1D, RDB 2D, RDB 3D, RDB003DU, and RDB005C) near the RBC to track carbon-14 and tritium concentrations.

SRS plans to install a deeper well (RAG008BL) between the RAG008B screen zone and the top of the Gordon Confining Unit (AKA “Green Clay”) in FY2021 to determine vertical extent of TCE in the RAOU eastern tritium plume. SRS plans to collect core samples in the LAZ below the RAG008B screen zone to the top of the GCU, and rapidly analyzing the samples for TCE to determine the best location (highest TCE concentration) for a screen zone below RBP008B.

7.0 REFERENCES

SRNL, 2021. *Atmospheric Technology Group Meteorological Monthly Monitoring Report, Savannah River Site*, SRNL-L2200-2021-00001, Revision 0, December 2020, Savannah River National Laboratory, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2010a. *Record of Decision Remedial Alternative Selection for the R-Area Operable Unit (RAOU) (U)*, SRNS-RP-2010-01062, Revision 1, December 2010, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2010b. *R-Area Operable Unit (RAOU) Groundwater Contaminant Plume Decay Calculations*, E-CLC-R-00013, Revision 1, August 9, 2010, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2010c. *Environmental Requirements and Program Documents*, Manual 3Q1, latest revisions, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

SRNS, 2011. *Effectiveness Monitoring Plan for the R-Area Operable Unit (U)*, SRNS-RP-2010-01259, Revision 1, April 2011, Savannah River Nuclear Solutions, LLC, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

WSRC, 2000. *Groundwater Flow Modeling for C-Area Groundwater Operable Unit (U)*, WSRC-RP-2000-4096, Revision 0, Westinghouse Savannah River Company, Savannah River Site, Aiken, SC

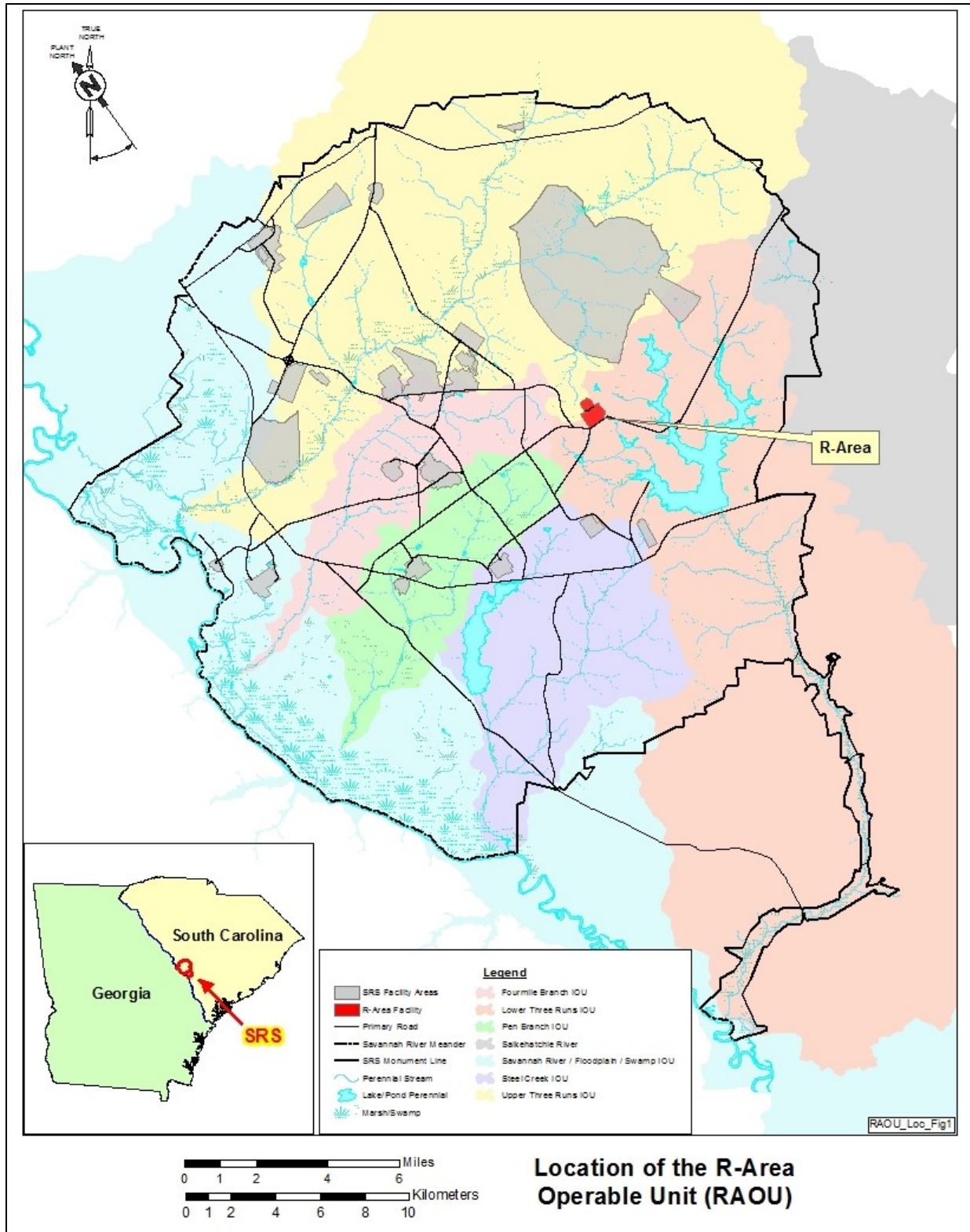


Figure 1. RAOU Location

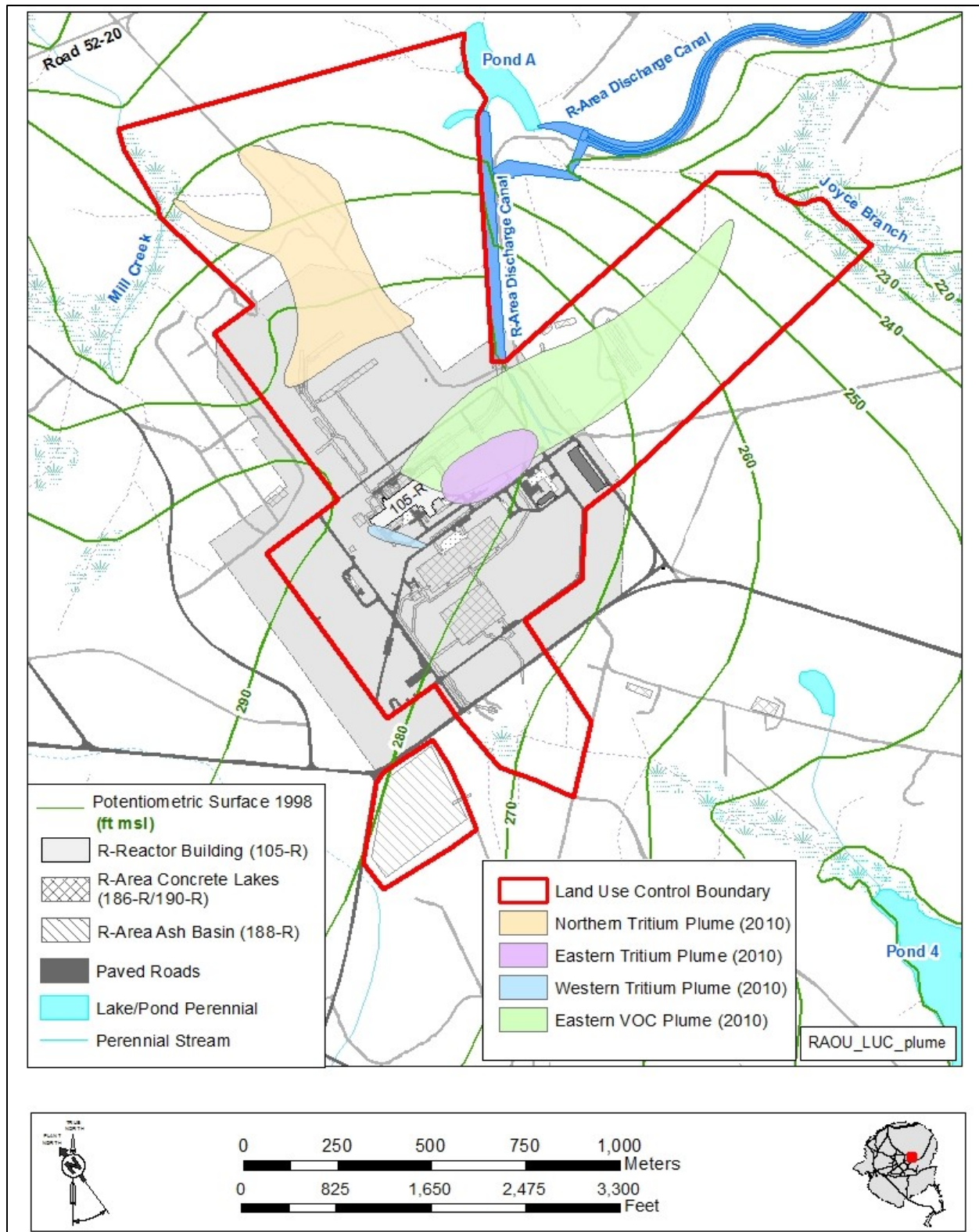


Figure 2. RAGW Groundwater Plumes (2010) and LUC Boundary

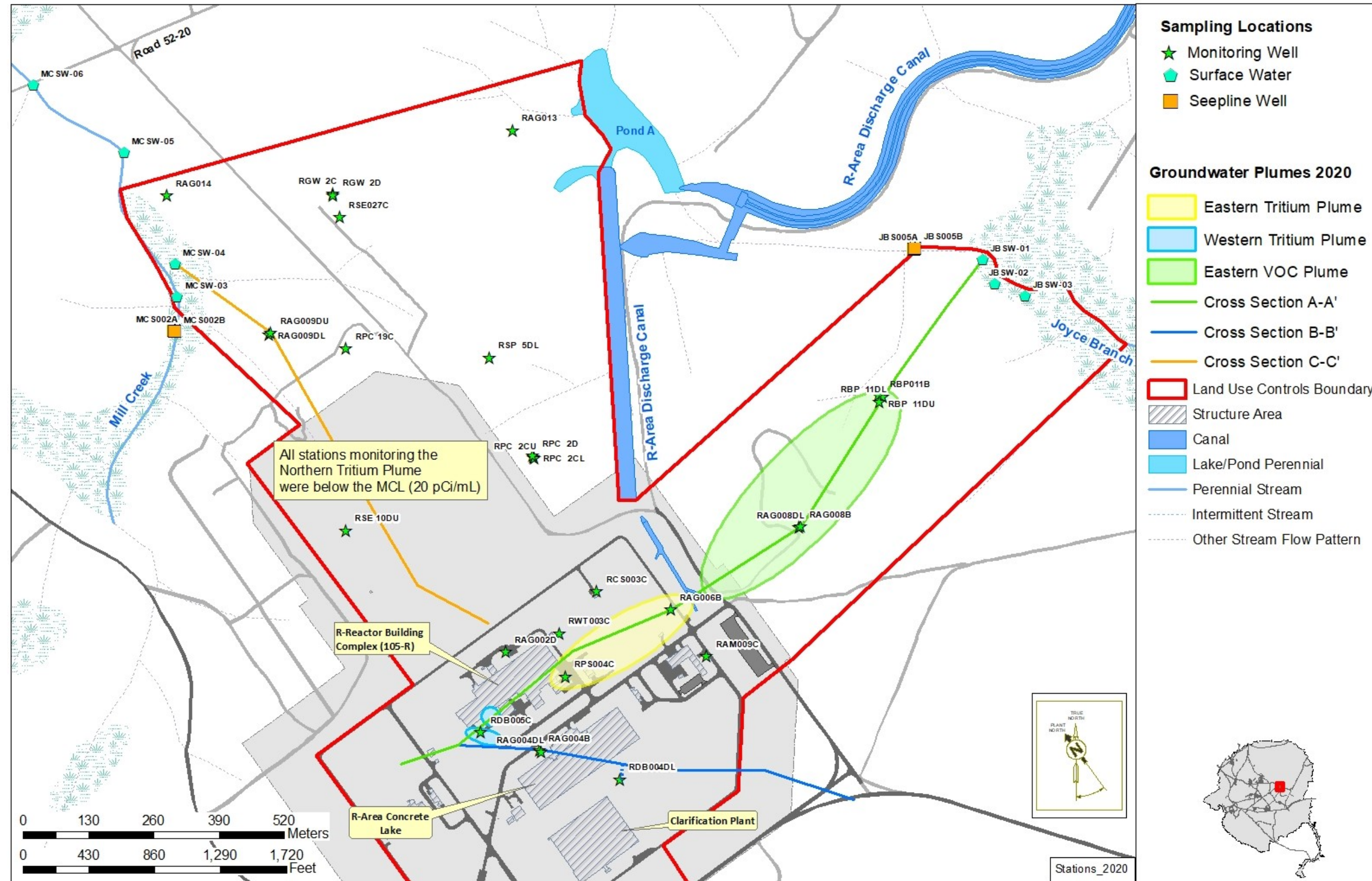


Figure 3. RAGW Monitoring Stations and 2020 Groundwater Plumes

This page was intentionally left blank.

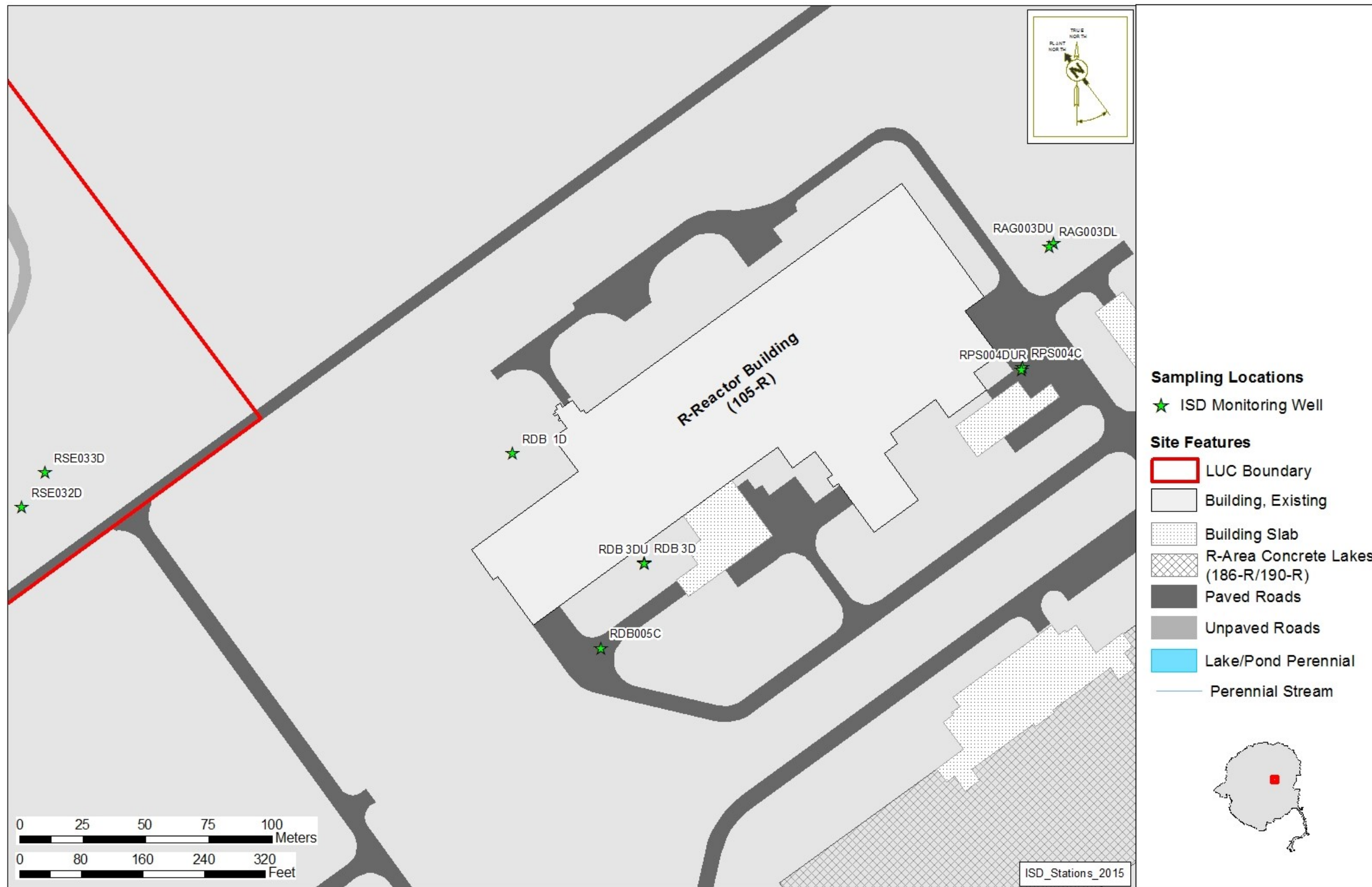


Figure 4. ISD Monitoring Wells (5-yr)

This page was intentionally left blank.

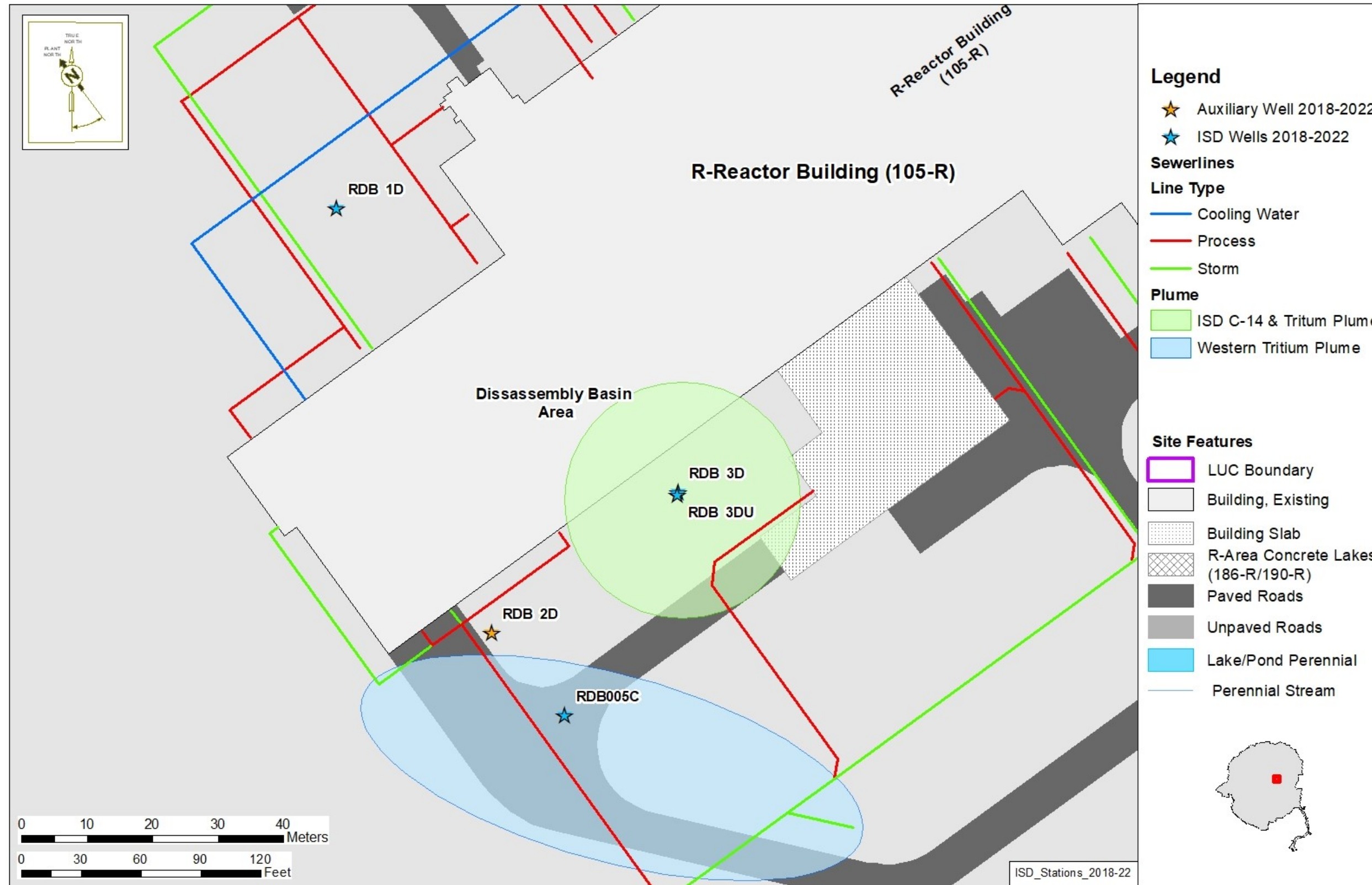


Figure 5. Annual ISD Monitoring Wells (2018 through 2022)

This page was intentionally left blank.

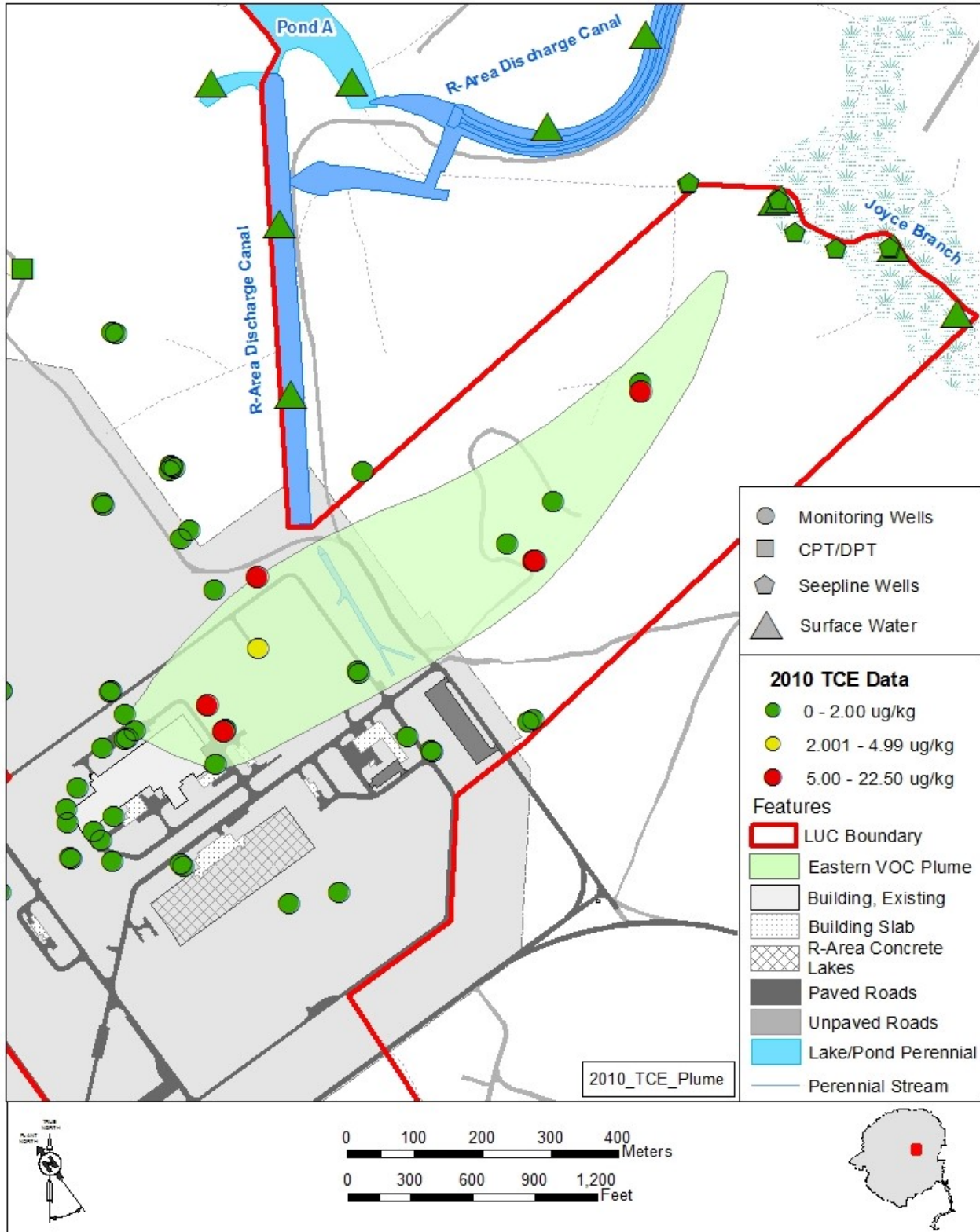


Figure 6. RAGW Eastern VOC Plume 2010 Data

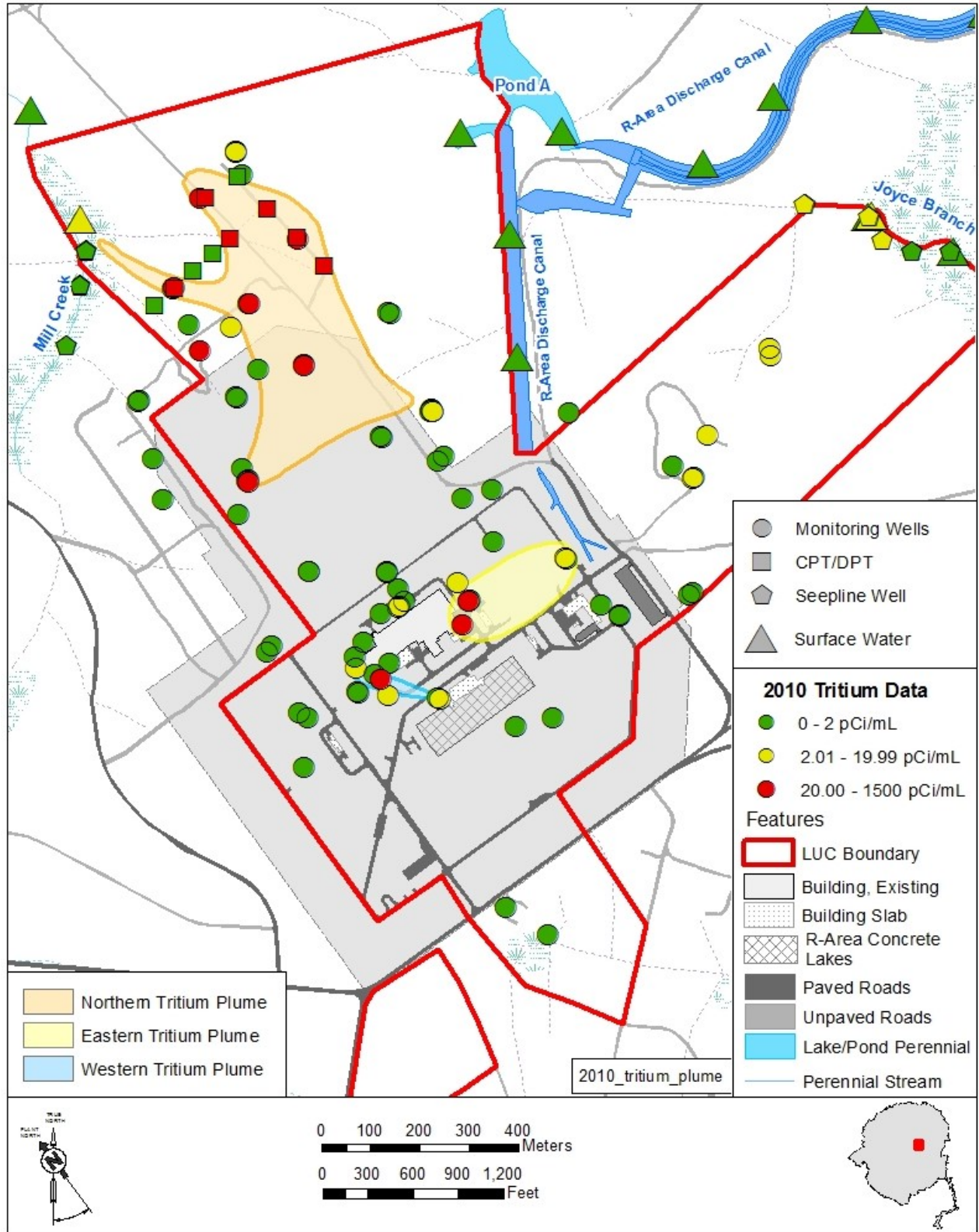


Figure 7. RAGW Tritium Plumes 2010 Data

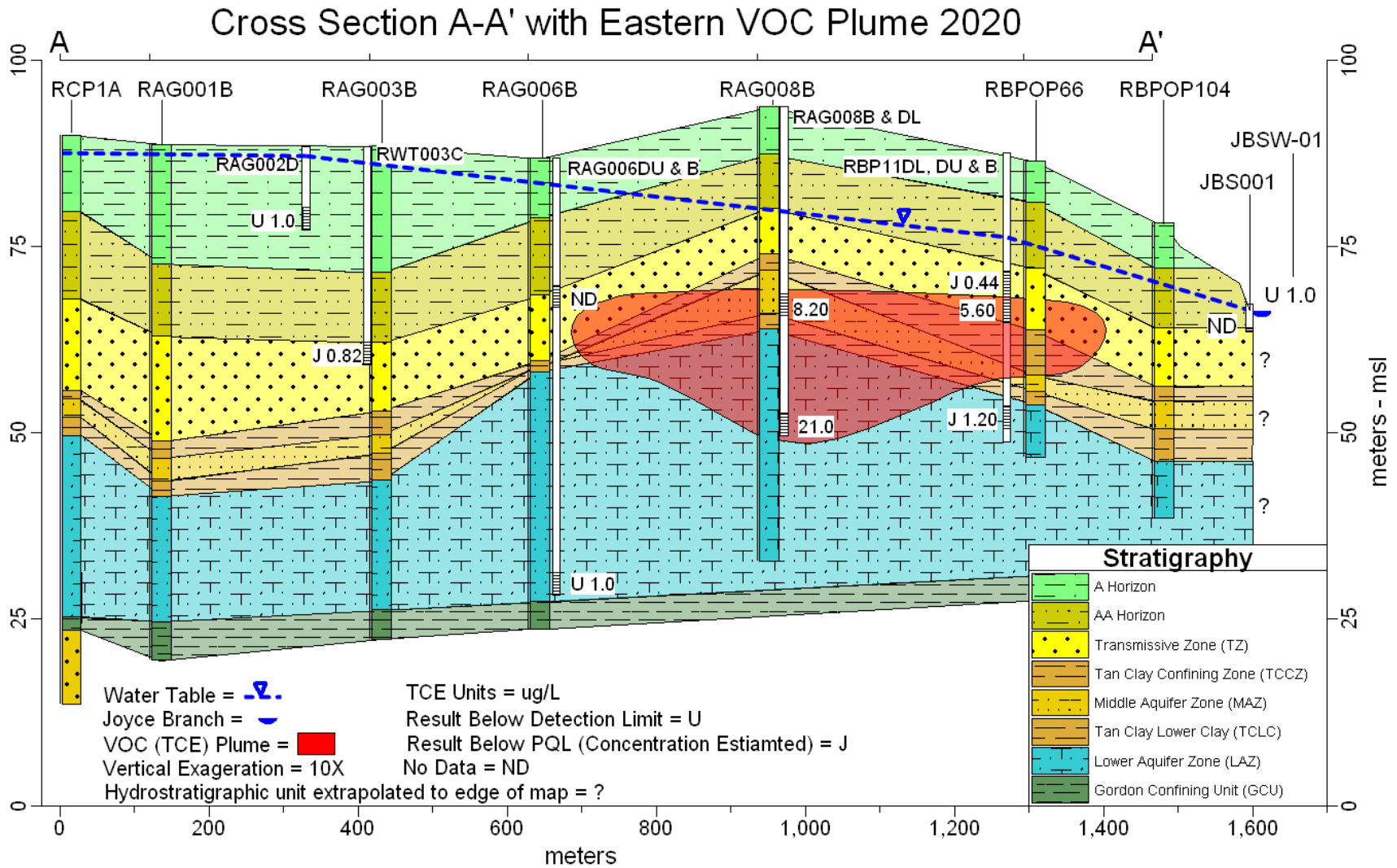


Figure 8. R-Area Cross-Section with RAGW Eastern VOC Plume 2020

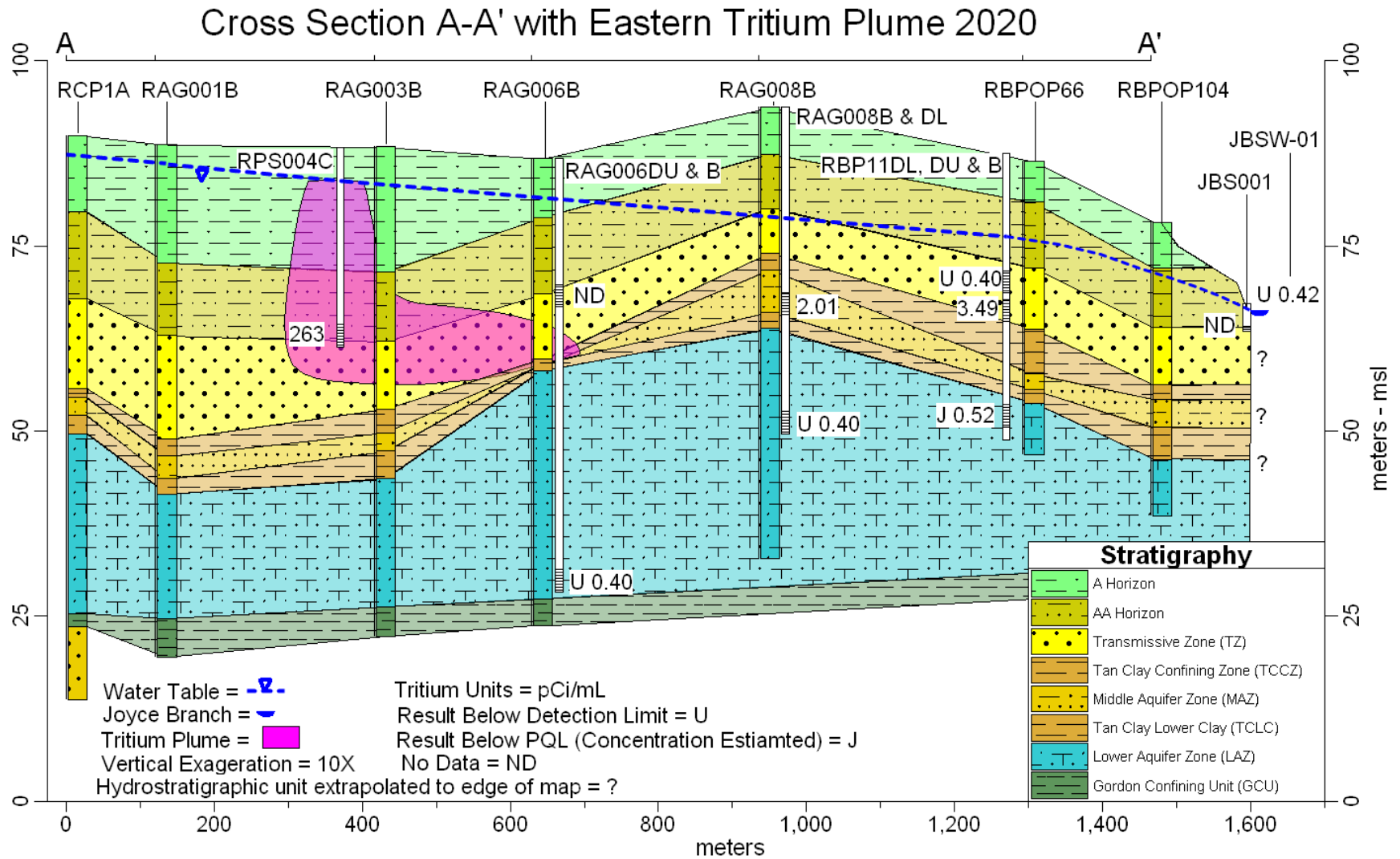


Figure 9. R-Area Cross-Section with RAGW Eastern Tritium Plume 2020

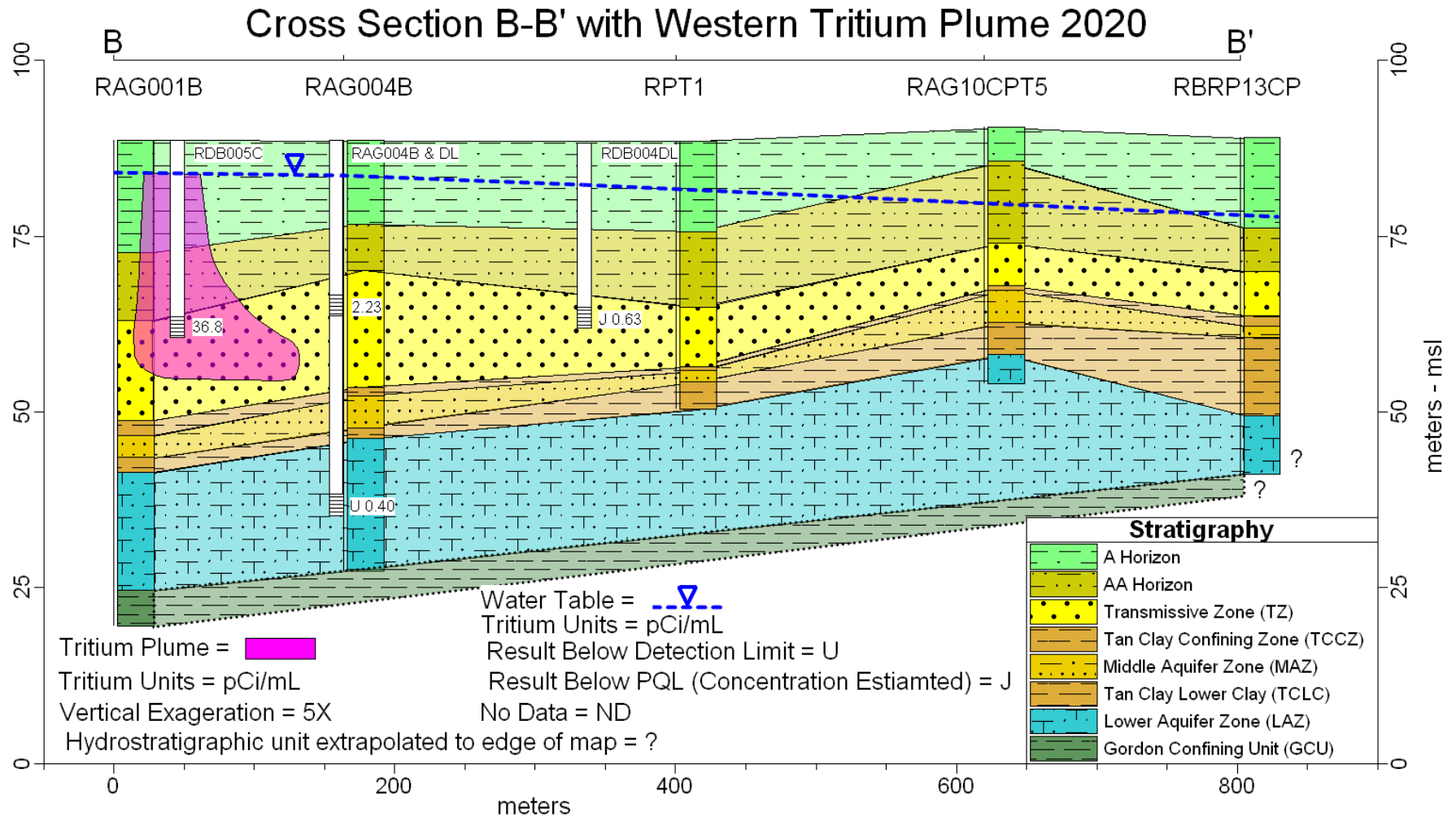


Figure 10. R-Area Cross-Section with RAGW Western Tritium Plume 2020

Cross Section C-C' with Northern Tritium Plume 2020

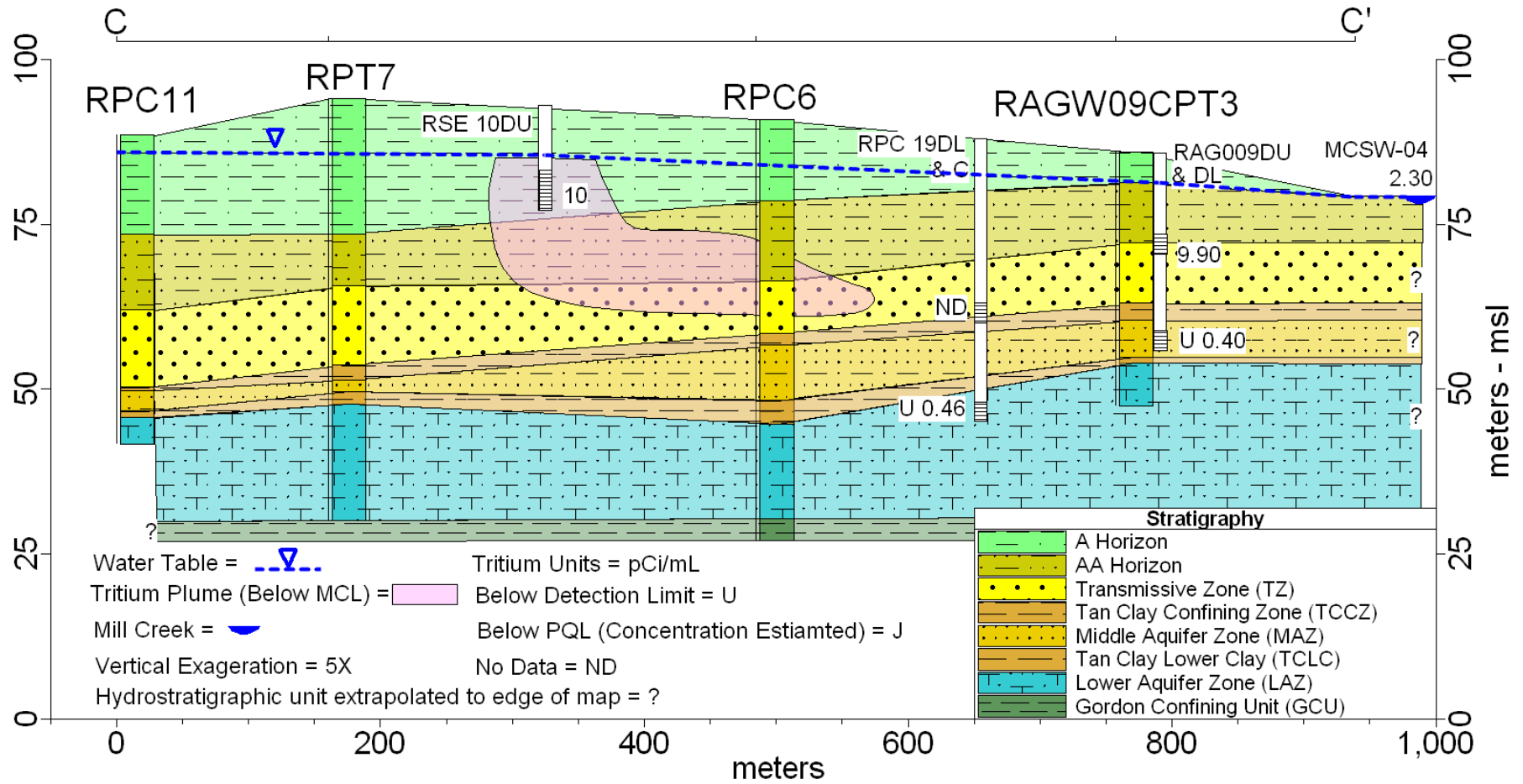


Figure 11. R-Area Cross-Section with RAGW Northern Tritium Plume 2020

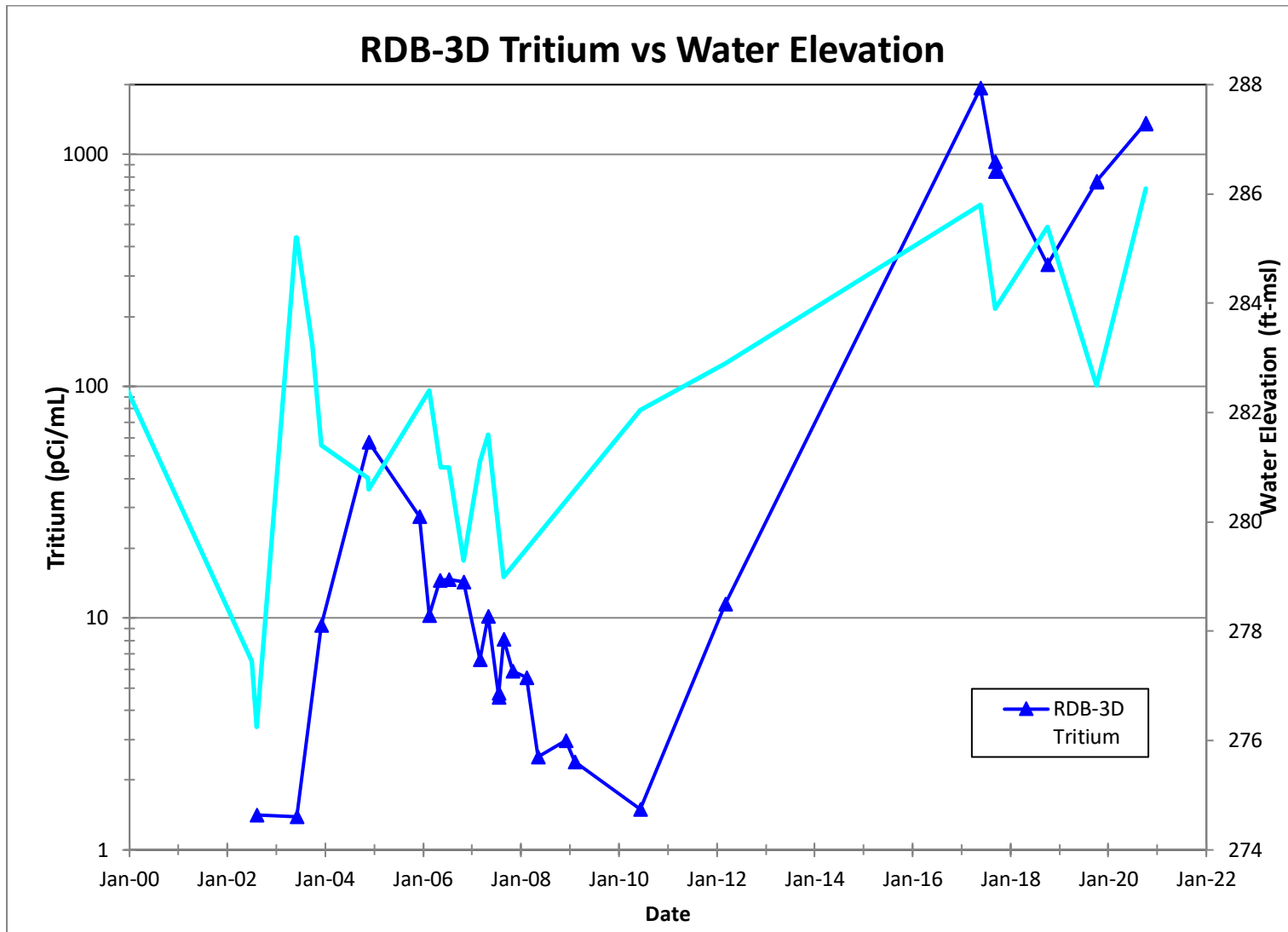


Figure 12. RDB 3D Water Elevation and Tritium Trends

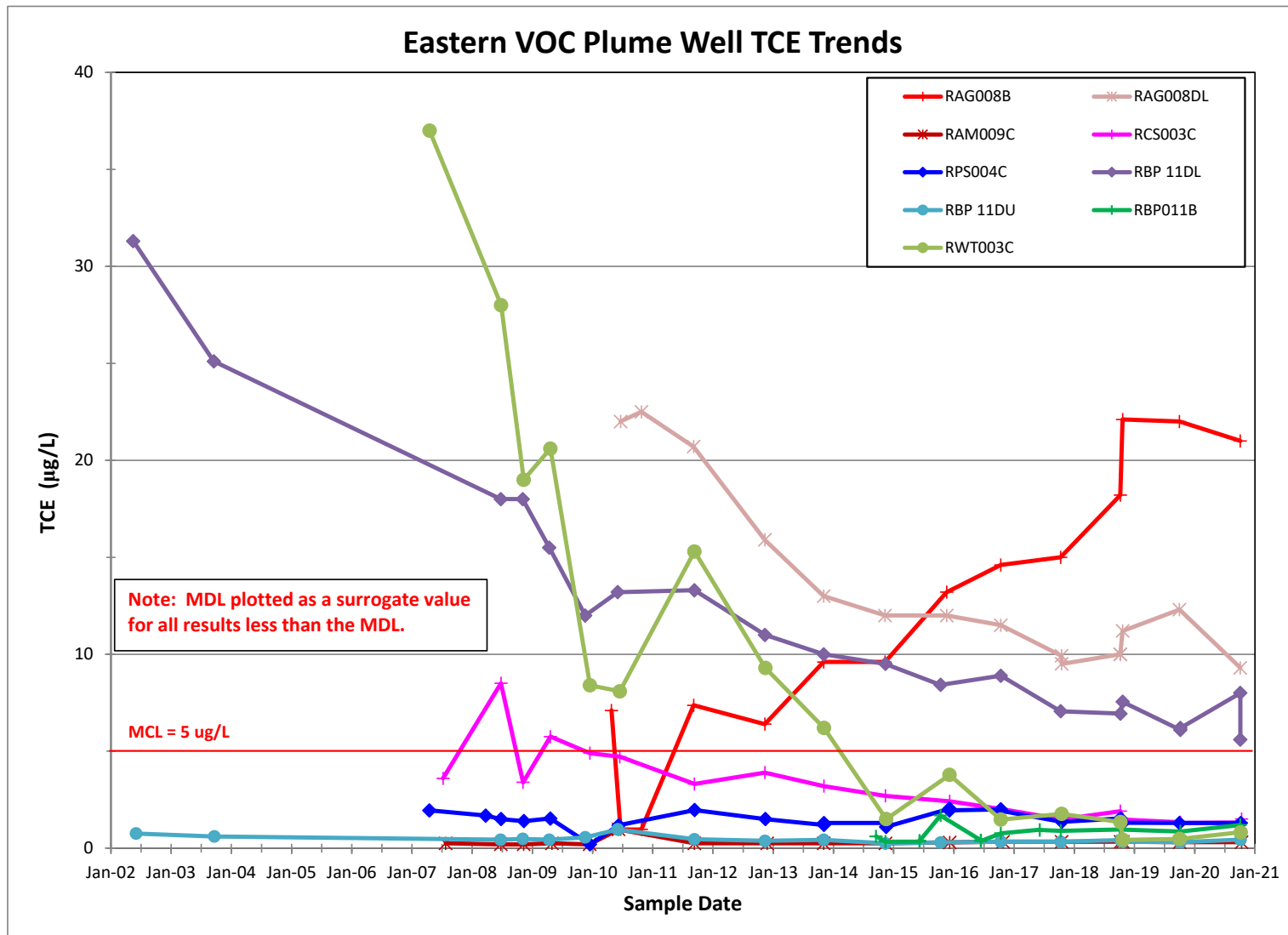


Figure 13. RAGW Eastern VOC Plume Wells

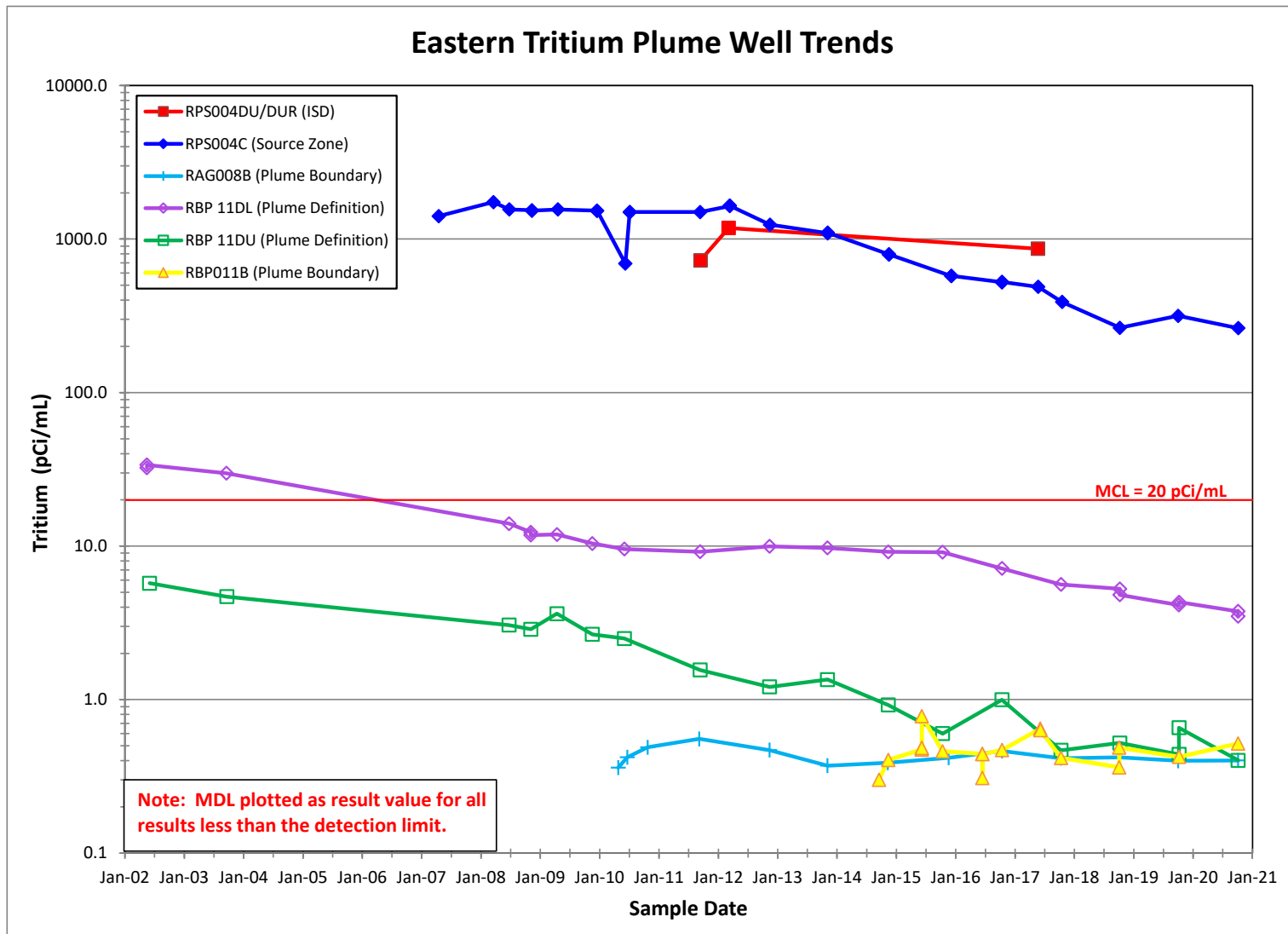


Figure 14. RAGW Eastern Tritium Plume Wells

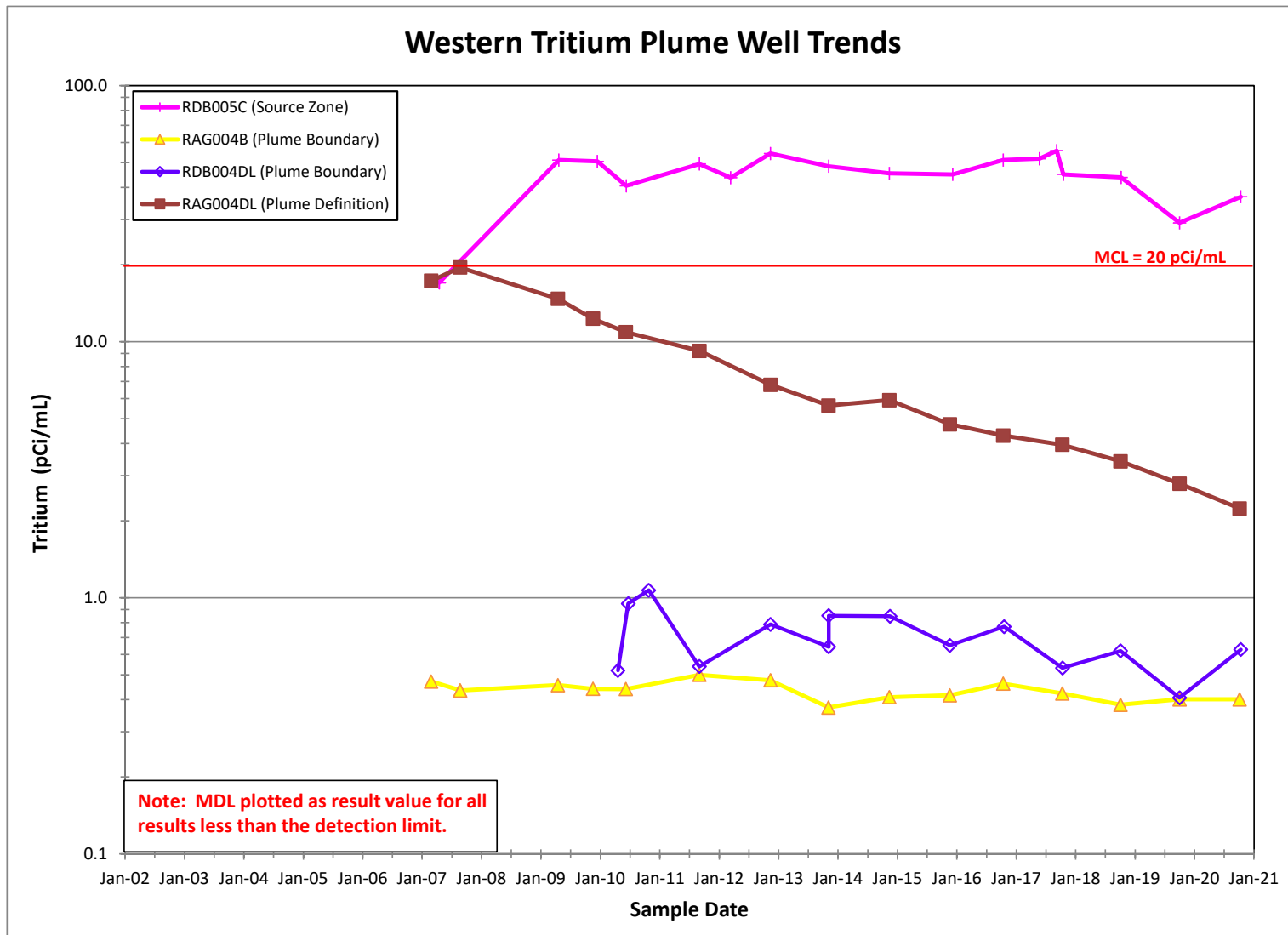


Figure 15. RAGW Western Tritium Plume Wells

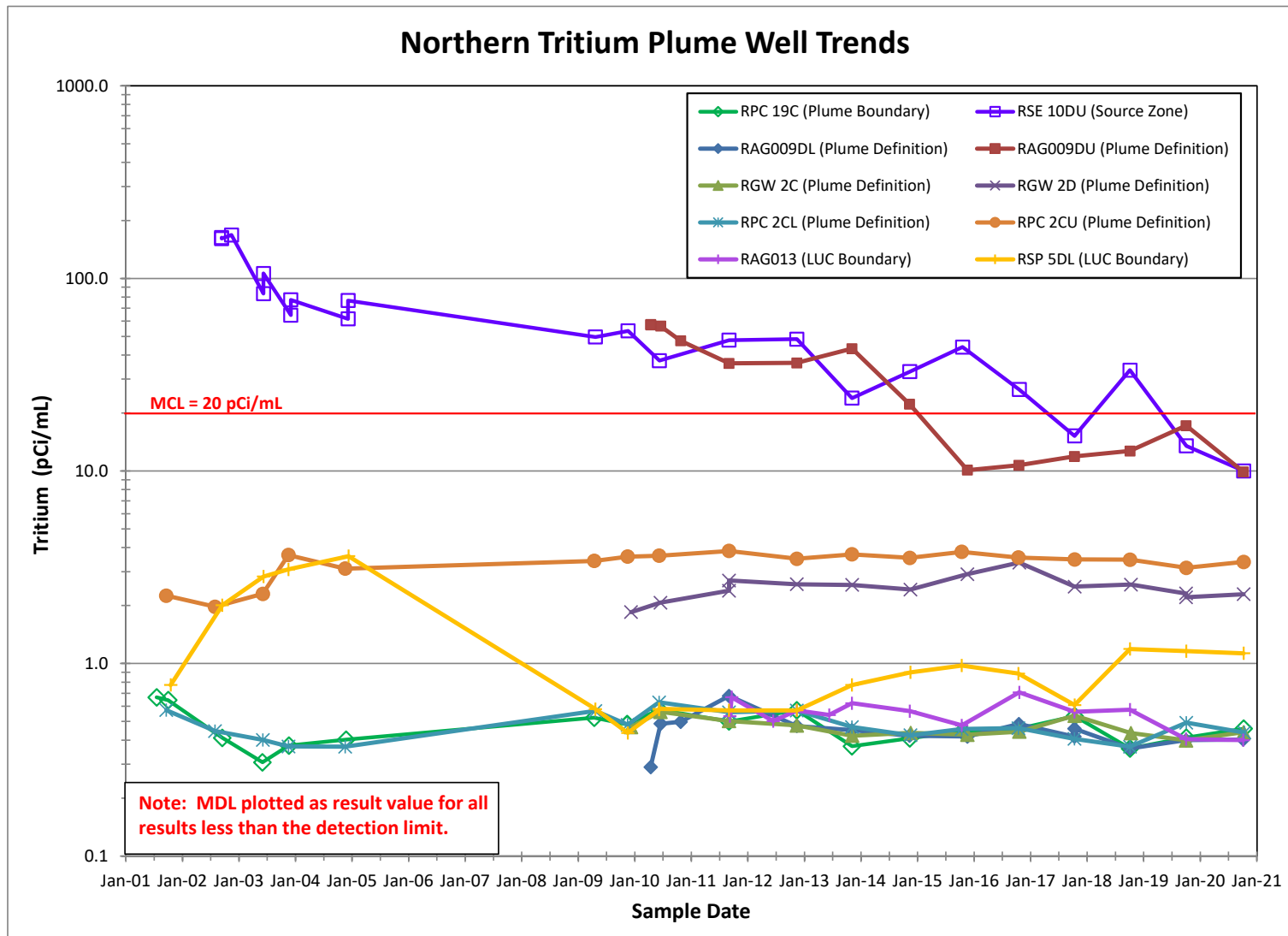


Figure 16. RAGW Northern Tritium Plume Wells

This page intentionally left blank.

Table 1. RAGW Monitoring Stations

Plume	Station ID	Aquifer Zone	Purpose	UTM-N	UTM-E	Top of Casing	Screen Top Elevation	Screen Bottom Elevation
							<i>(ft msl)</i>	
Eastern VOC	RAG002D	A/AA	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3681720.40	446009.30	293.15	263.15	253.15
Eastern VOC	RWT003C	TZ	Source Area Monitoring Well	3681758.00	446116.35	292.46	204.00	194.00
Eastern VOC and Tritium	JBS005A	TZ	LUC Boundary Seepage Well	3682523.90	446822.19	228.80	220.30	217.80
Eastern VOC and Tritium	JBS005B	TZ	LUC Boundary Seepage Well	3682524.90	446823.38	222.70	215.20	212.70
Eastern VOC and Tritium	JBSW-01	NA	LUC Boundary Surface Water	3682501.80	446958.40	NA	NA	NA
Eastern VOC and Tritium	JBSW-02	NA	LUC Boundary Surface Water	3682455.00	446982.80	NA	NA	NA
Eastern VOC and Tritium	JBSW-03	NA	LUC Boundary Surface Water	3682430.00	447042.20	NA	NA	NA
Eastern VOC and Tritium	RAG006B	LAZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3681805.30	446338.11	287.05	102.80	92.80
Eastern VOC and Tritium	RAG008B	LAZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3681970.60	446596.74	309.84	172.83	162.83
Eastern VOC and Tritium	RAG008DL	TZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3681968.80	446594.12	310.08	225.45	215.45
Eastern VOC and Tritium	RAM009C	TZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3681712.18	446409.86	290.67	197.20	187.20
Eastern VOC and Tritium	RBP 11DL	TZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3682219.05	446752.89	290.07	222.59	212.59
Eastern VOC and Tritium	RBP 11DU	A/AA	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3682232.04	446751.49	289.43	231.87	221.80
Eastern VOC and Tritium	RBP011B	LAZ	Plume Boundary Monitoring Well	3682219.00	446753.00	286.20	175.71	165.70
Eastern VOC and Tritium	RCS003C	TZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3681841.00	446191.38	292.12	202.12	192.12
Eastern VOC and Tritium, and ISD Performance	RPS004C	TZ	Source Area Monitoring Well, ISD Source Well	3681671.76	446128.19	292.90	211.30	201.30
Northern Tritium	MCS002A	A/AA	LUC Boundary Seepage Well	3682360.70	445350.21	263.30	260.30	254.80
Northern Tritium	MCS002B	A/AA	LUC Boundary Seepage Well	3682359.10	445350.70	263.40	255.90	253.40
Northern Tritium	MCSW-03	NA	LUC Boundary Surface Water	3682428.70	445355.00	NA	NA	NA
Northern Tritium	MCSW-04	NA	LUC Boundary Surface Water	3682493.70	445350.70	NA	NA	NA
Northern Tritium	MCSW-05	NA	LUC Boundary Surface Water	3682716.00	445249.00	NA	NA	NA
Northern Tritium	MCSW-06	NA	LUC Boundary Surface Water	3682852.00	445067.00	NA	NA	NA

Table 1. RAGW Monitoring Stations (Continued/End)

Plume	Station ID	Aquifer Zone	Purpose	UTM-N	UTM-E	Top of Casing	Screen Top Elevation	Screen Bottom Elevation
						<i>(ft msl)</i>		
Northern Tritium	RAG009DL	TZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3682353.32	445538.11	283.72	193.10	183.10
Northern Tritium	RAG009DU	A/AA	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3682356.13	445542.13	283.66	241.13	231.13
Northern Tritium	RAG013	TZ	LUC Boundary Monitoring Well	3682760.27	446022.85	266.10	202.50	192.50
Northern Tritium	RAG014	TZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3682629.87	445337.18	278.00	201.00	191.00
Northern Tritium	RGW 2C	LAZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3682633.20	445665.82	306.83	151.83	141.83
Northern Tritium	RGW 2D	TZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3682629.97	445666.21	307.48	200.00	190.00
Northern Tritium	RPC 2CL	LAZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3682107.95	446064.67	294.85	107.35	97.35
Northern Tritium	RPC 2CU	LAZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3682106.22	446067.51	294.87	158.67	148.67
Northern Tritium	RPC 2D	A/AA	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3682111.08	446063.41	294.60	279.39	259.39
Northern Tritium	RPC 19C	LAZ	Plume Boundary Monitoring Well	3682324.35	445692.68	304.22	160.22	150.22
Northern Tritium	RSE 10DU	A/AA	Source Area Monitoring Well	3681962.80	445691.31	283.72	273.10	253.00
Northern Tritium	RSE027C	MAZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3682586.20	445679.59	308.52	178.94	168.94
Northern Tritium	RSP 5DL	TZ	LUC Boundary Monitoring Well	3682306.51	445976.95	296.82	186.52	176.52
Western Tritium	RAG004B	LAZ	Plume Boundary Monitoring Well	3681524.54	446077.40	293.05	125.56	115.56
Western Tritium	RAG004DL	TZ	Plume Definition Monitoring Well	3681521.36	446080.81	293.49	218.80	208.80
Western Tritium	RDB004DL	TZ	Plume Boundary Monitoring Well	3681467.14	446236.70	294.11	213.40	203.40
Western Tritium, ISD Performance	RDB005C	TZ	Source Area Monitoring Well, ISD Source Well	3681560.48	445960.77	293.49	208.60	198.60
ISD Performance	RSE032D	A/AA	ISD Background Well	3681616.50	445731.16	301.9	262.6	252.6
ISD Performance	RSE033D	TZ	ISD Background Well	3681630.20	445740.30	302.5	221.1	211.1
ISD Performance	RAG003DL	TZ	ISD Source Well	3681719.82	446138.79	292.7	195.9	185.9
ISD Performance	RAG003DU	A/AA	ISD Source Well	3681721.20	446140.70	292.5	237.9	227.9
ISD Performance	RDB 1D	A/AA	ISD Source Well	3681637.70	445925.99	292.7	285.5	265.5
ISD Performance	RDB 2D	A/AA	ISD Temporary Well	3681572.94	445949.65	292.9	285.7	265.7
ISD Performance	RDB 3D	A/AA	ISD Source Well	3681594.41	445978.05	293.0	285.8	265.8
ISD Performance	RDB003DU	A/AA	ISD Source Well	3681589.92	445981.24	293.1	238.7	228.7
ISD Performance	RPS004DUR	A/AA	ISD Source Well	3681676.74	446134.42	293.0	238.2	228.2

Table 2. RCOC Maximum Results for 2020 by Plume

Station ID	Plume Name	Contaminant of Concern	Maximum Detected Concentration	Action Limit ^a	Units	MCL	Units
RDB 3D	ISD	Tritium	1,360	NA	pCi/mL	20	pCi/mL
RDB 3D	ISD	Carbon-14	225	2,000	pCi/L	2,000	pCi/L
RDB005C	Western Tritium	Tritium	36.8	76.8	pCi/mL	20	pCi/mL
RSE 10DU	Northern Tritium	Tritium	10.0	252	pCi/mL	20	pCi/mL
RPS004C	Eastern Tritium	Tritium	263	2610	pCi/mL	20	pCi/mL
RPS004C	Eastern VOC	Trichloroethylene	1.30	NA	µg/L	5	µg/L
RPS004C	Eastern VOC	cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	13.0	NA	µg/L	70	µg/L
RPS004C	Eastern VOC	Vinyl Chloride	1.70	NA	µg/L	2	µg/L
All ^b	Eastern VOC	Carbon Tetrachloride	U 1.00	NA	µg/L	5	µg/L
All ^b	Eastern VOC	Chloroform	U 1.00	NA	µg/L	70	µg/L
RWT003C	Eastern VOC	Trichloroethylene	J 0.82	37	µg/L	5	µg/L
RAG008B	Eastern VOC	Trichloroethylene	21.0	NA	µg/L	5	µg/L

U = Result below method detection limit.

NA = Not Applicable.

a) Action Limits shown for key source area zone monitoring wells for tritium or TCE.

b) There were no results above the detection limit.

This page was intentionally left blank.

APPENDIX A

RAGW Data 2019 and 2020

This page was intentionally left blank.

**Table A-1. RAOU EMR
Monitoring Wells, 2019**

Station			Field Data								Organics					Radionuclides		
			SAMPLE COLLECTION DATE	SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	WATER TEMPERATURE	TURBIDITY	SAMPLING EVENT WATER ELEVATION	OXYGEN	OXIDATION/REDUCTION POTENTIAL	Constituent	FIELD CONDITIONS	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	CHLOROETHENE (VINYL CHLORIDE)	CHLOROFORM	CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)	CARBON-14	TRITIUM
			day-month-year	uS/cm	degC	NTU	ft	mg/L	mV	Unit		ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	pCi/L	pCi/mL
Well Use	Aquifer Zone			15				GWPS		5	2	70	70	5		20		
RSE032D	Background Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2019	28	19.4	3.2	276.95	NS	NS		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
RSE033D	Background Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2019	26	19.5	3.1	276.67	NS	NS		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
RDB 2D	ISD Auxiliary	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2019	291	29.6	40.7	284.22	10.33	-76		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (22.9)	3.29
JBS005A	LUC Boundary Seepine Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	23	20.7	14.2	219.61	4.44	132		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	NS	[0.816]
JBS005B	LUC Boundary Seepine Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	13	19.8	3.3	219.63	5.16	218		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	NS	<EQL (0.9)
MCS002A	LUC Boundary Seepine Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	46	22.4	1000	258.5	6.57	64		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.941)
MCS002B	LUC Boundary Seepine Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	30	21	1000	258	6.4	131		X, 2	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.991)
RAG004DL	Plume Boundary Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	37	20.9	0.5	271.61	5.09	167		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	2.79
RAG008B	Plume Boundary Well	LAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	210	19.2	4.2	226.74	4.8	170		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	22	NS	<EQL (0.892)
RPC 19C	Plume Boundary Well	LAZ_UTRAU	03-Oct-2019	28	20.1	0.7	253.46	2.46	257		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.882)
RAG002D	Plume Definition Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	151	23.4	10	282.41	11.14	-54		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	[0.32]	<EQL (1)	NS	NS
RAG004B	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	27	20.7	0.9	253.83	6.49	163		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.867)
RAG006B	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	209	20.1	0.5	234.87	15.57	208		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	NS	<EQL (0.836)
RAG008DL	Plume Definition Well	MAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	29	19.2	1.8	236.85	2.86	251		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	[0.24]	9.3	NS	2.14
RAG009DL	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	15	19.2	14.9	264.42	5.64	252		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.887)
RAG009DU	Plume Definition Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	28	19	2.5	265.44	5.18	287		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	17.2
RAG013	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	23	18.8	16.6	256.68	5.63	208		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.915)
RAG014	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	03-Oct-2019	42	19.8	0.7	253.61	4.6	303		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.896)
RAM009C	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	39	22.2	47.8	242.47	4.7	174		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	1.1	<EQL (1)	NS	3.1
RBP 11DL	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2019	32	20.5	0.3	244.79	8.53	238		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	[0.56]	6.2	NS	4.31
RBP 11DU	Plume Definition Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2019	32	19.9	0.4	244.39	7.77	312		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	NS	[0.656]
																		[0.44]

**Table A-1. RAOU EMR
Monitoring Wells, 2019
(continued)**

Station			Field Data								Organics					Radionuclides		
			SAMPLE COLLECTION DATE	SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	WATER TEMPERATURE	TURBIDITY	SAMPLING EVENT WATER ELEVATION	OXYGEN	OXIDATION/REDUCTION POTENTIAL	Constituent	FIELD CONDITIONS	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	CHLOROETHENE (VINYL CHLORIDE)	CHLOROFORM	CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)	CARBON-14	TRITIUM
			day-month-year	uS/cm	degC	NTU	ft	mg/L	mV	Unit		ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	pCi/L	pCi/mL
Well Use	Aquifer Zone							GWPS		5	2	70	70	5		20		
RBP 11DL	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2019	32	20.5	0.3	244.79	8.53	238	No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	[0.56]	6.2	NS	4.31	
RBP 11DU	Plume Definition Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2019	32	19.9	0.4	244.39	7.77	312	No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	NS	[0.656]	[0.44]	
RBP011B	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2019	196	23.1	7.4	225.88	8.44	84	No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	[0.86]	NS	<EQL (0.947)	
RCS003C	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2019	24	20.9	150	266.92	NS	NS	No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	1.3	NS	1.13	
RDB004DL	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	36	19.9	6.9	268.57	12.46	220	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.907)	
RGW 2C	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	74	19.5	13.7	254.22	4.86	248	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.863)	
RGW 2D	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	24	19.5	8.5	261.1	5.16	242	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	2.31	
																	2.21	
RPC 2CL	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	03-Oct-2019	1978	20.6	3.2	247.95	16.73	33	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	[0.493]	
RPC 2CU	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	03-Oct-2019	21	19.7	0.3	256.74	5.37	320	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	3.14	
RPC 2D	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	03-Oct-2019	18	22.4	4	268.68	1.47	204	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.896)	
RSE027C	Plume Definition Well	MAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	21	19.3	5.4	260.62	5.36	207	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.9)	
RSP 5DL	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	03-Oct-2019	85	20.2	1.1	263.82	2.34	152	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	1.16	
RAG003DL	Source Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
RAG003DU	Source Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
RDB 1D	Source Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2019	262	27.5	4.4	285.05	9.77	108	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (22.8)	[1]	
																	[0.552]	
RDB 3D	Source Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	03-Oct-2019	264	27.1	15	282.5	2.05	137	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	144	769	
RDB003DU	Source Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	24	21.8	1.6	277.2	1.69	222	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (22.9)	1.98	
																<EQL (22.7)		
RDB005C	Source Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	28	23.2	374.1	269.99	4.9	267	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (22.7)	29.1	
RPS004C	Source Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	75	22.8	13.6	272.3	5	166	No Comments	<EQL (1)	[1.5]	<EQL (1)	13	1.3	NS	316	
RPS004DUR	Source Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	

**Table A-1. RAOU EMR
Monitoring Wells, 2019
(continued/end)**

Station			Field Data							Organics					Radionuclides			
			SAMPLE COLLECTION DATE	SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	WATER TEMPERATURE	TURBIDITY	SAMPLING EVENT WATER ELEVATION	OXYGEN	OXIDATION/REDUCTION POTENTIAL	Constituent	FIELD CONDITIONS	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	CHLOROETHENE (VINYL CHLORIDE)	CHLOROFORM	CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)	CARBON-14	TRITIUM
			day-month-year	uS/cm	degC	NTU	ft	mg/L	mV	Unit		ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	pCi/L	pCi/mL
Well Use	Aquifer Zone									5	2	70	70	5		20		
RSE 10DU	Source Well	A UAZ UTRAU	03-Oct-2019	77	26.6	1.3	278.2	2.58	217		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	13.5	
RWT003C	Source Well	TZ UAZ UTRAU	02-Oct-2019	27	21.7	25.3	270.56	4.6	185		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	[0.48]	NS	
JBSW-01	Surface Water	Unknown	07-Oct-2019	29	19.3	6.3	NS	5	65		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	[0.539]	
JBSW-02	Surface Water	Unknown	07-Oct-2019	25	19.3	6.5	NS	6.5	111		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	[0.665]	
JBSW-03	Surface Water	Unknown	07-Oct-2019	26	19.3	3.9	NS	6.6	199		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	[0.587]	
MCSW-03	Surface Water	Unknown	07-Oct-2019	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		D	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
MCSW-04	Surface Water	Unknown	07-Oct-2019	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		D	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
MCSW-05	Surface Water	Unknown	07-Oct-2019	30	22.6	27	NS	3.27	116		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	[0.896]	
MCSW-06	Surface Water	Unknown	07-Oct-2019	23	23	3.7	NS	3.69	161		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	[0.586]	
PASL-01	Surface Water	Unknown	02-Oct-2019	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		D	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
PASL-02	Surface Water	Unknown	02-Oct-2019	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		D	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	

##	EPA Functional Guideline Code of 'J' was applied to the result, indicating an estimated quantity.
<PQL(##)	Constituent was below detection. The sample-specific Practical Quantitation Limit is in parentheses.
	Result exceeds applicable limit.
REJ	Result Rejected.
	Result is less than the applicable limit and without EPA Functional Guideline qualifiers.
NS	Requested to be sampled but was not. See comments as to why not.
Blue Text	Not a required sample analysis.

C	Continuously pumping well / flowing stream
D	Dry well. No sample collected.
NS	Not sampled.
T	High turbidity. Some portions of the sample may not be analyzed.
X	Well pumped dry. Samples collected after well recovered.
N	Field parameters not stable when sample collected.
NC	No comment.

**Table A-2. RAOU EMR
Monitoring Wells, 2020**

Station			Field Data								Organics					Radionuclides		
			SAMPLE COLLECTION DATE	SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	WATER TEMPERATURE	TURBIDITY	SAMPLING EVENT WATER ELEVATION	OXYGEN	OXIDATION/REDUCTION POTENTIAL	Constituent	FIELD CONDITIONS	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	CHLOROETHENE (VINYL CHLORIDE)	CHLOROFORM	CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)	CARBON-14	TRITIUM
			day-month-year	uS/cm	degC	NTU	ft	mg/L	mV	Unit		ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	pCi/L	pCi/mL
Well Use	Aquifer Zone							GWPS		5	2	70	70	5		20		
RSE032D	Background Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	06-Oct-2020	24	18.8	1.3	278.84	NS	NS		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
RSE033D	Background Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	06-Oct-2020	28	19.2	6.1	278.31	NS	NS		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
RDB 2D	ISD Auxiliary	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	24	28	13.9	288.4	0.99	23		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (22.9)	
JBS005A	LUC Boundary Seepine Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	34	18	25.2	219.87	3.36	273		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	NS	
JBS005B	LUC Boundary Seepine Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	13	17.7	2.9	219.72	8.26	427		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	NS	
MCS002A	LUC Boundary Seepine Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	38	18.4	924	260.9	1.89	-1		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (1.02)	
MCS002B	LUC Boundary Seepine Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	27	18.5	1000	261.1	NS	NS		X, 2	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (1.03)	
																	<EQL (1.04)	
RAG004DL	Plume Boundary Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	36	19.9	0.7	274.49	4.2	218		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	
RAG008B	Plume Boundary Well	LAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	215	18.4	1.5	228.02	11.82	316		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	[21]	NS	
RPC 19C	Plume Boundary Well	LAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	27	19.8	1.1	254.73	7.21	336		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.977)	
RAG002D	Plume Definition Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	160	22.3	8.2	285.55	4.3	114		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	[0.37]	<EQL (1)	NS	
RAG004B	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	37	19.9	0.8	255.65	4.7	217		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.866)	
RAG006B	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	220	19.8	0.5	236.55	4.6	233		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	NS	
RAG008DL	Plume Definition Well	MAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	30	18.7	0.4	238.78	3.22	440		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	[0.32]	[8.2]	NS	
RAG009DL	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	16	18.6	7.7	265.51	8.03	454		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.9)	
RAG009DU	Plume Definition Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	30	18.7	1.1	266.48	6.92	481		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	9.9	
RAG013	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	22	17	22.3	258.77	4.83	234		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.914)	
RAG014	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	38	17.2	0.5	255.07	4.67	214		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.86)	

**Table A-2. RAOU EMR
Monitoring Wells, 2020
(continued)**

Station			Field Data								Organics					Radionuclides		
			SAMPLE COLLECTION DATE	SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE	WATER TEMPERATURE	TURBIDITY	SAMPLING EVENT WATER ELEVATION	OXYGEN	OXIDATION/REDUCTION POTENTIAL	Constituent	FIELD CONDITIONS	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	CHLOROETHENE (VINYL CHLORIDE)	CHLOROFORM	CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)	CARBON-14	TRITIUM
			day-month-year	uS/cm	degC	NTU	ft	mg/L	mV	Unit		ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	pCi/L	pCi/mL
Well Use	Aquifer Zone							GWPS		5	2	70	70	5		20		
RAM009C	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	12-Oct-2020	32	22.4	1000	258.07	3.64	433		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	[0.49]	<EQL (1)	NS	1.97
RBP 11DL	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	30	19.6	0.2	245.97	5.92	295		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	[0.77]	[5.6]	NS	3.49
RBP 11DU	Plume Definition Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	34	20	0.2	247.52	8.56	349		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	[0.44]	NS	<EQL (0.913)
RBP011B	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	05-Oct-2020	204	17.4	36.2	227.36	5.16	246		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	[0.26]	[1.2]	NS	[0.517]
RCS003C	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	12-Oct-2020	25	20.7	159.2	268.75	1.8	404		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	<EQL (1)	1.5	NS	1.43
RDB004DL	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	12-Oct-2020	36	19.9	5.8	270.22	4.1	365		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	[0.628]
RGW 2C	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	81	19.1	22.6	255.71	9	341		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.941)
RGW 2D	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	23	19	6.8	262.58	8.65	370		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	2.29
RPC 2CL	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	12-Oct-2020	209	20.2	5.4	248.28	5.86	151		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.99)
RPC 2CU	Plume Definition Well	LAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	22	19.7	0.3	258.29	8.26	308		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	3.37
RPC 2D	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	39	21.5	4.3	270.93	1.87	119		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.959)
RSE027C	Plume Definition Well	MAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	19	19.4	3.5	262.08	5.99	301		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (0.932)
RSP 5DL	Plume Definition Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	88	19	1.5	265.46	6.38	279		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	1.13
RAG003DL	Source Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
RAG003DU	Source Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
RDB 1D	Source Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	242	25.5	7.6	287.1	3.83	185		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (22.8)	1.35
																	<EQL (23.5)	
RDB 3D	Source Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	279	26	46.9	286.1	6.09	261		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	225	1360
RDB003DU	Source Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	25	21.7	13.5	279.62	8.37	316		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (28.7)	3.14
RDB005C	Source Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	12-Oct-2020	30	23.5	126.2	275.44	1.2	260		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	<EQL (23.8)	36.8
RPS004C	Source Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	75	22.3	14.5	274.8	4.8	231		No Comments	<EQL (1)	[1.7]	<EQL (1)	13	1.3	NS	263
RPS004DUR	Source Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS
RSE 10DU	Source Well	A_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	67	26.1	0.5	280.5	5.67	312		No Comments	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	10
RWT003C	Source Well	TZ_UAZ_UTRAU	07-Oct-2020	29	21.1	23.5	273.16	4.6	274		No Comments	<EQL (1)	<EQL (2)	<EQL (1)	[0.31]	[0.82]	NS	NS

APPENDIX B

Hydrographs

This page was intentionally left blank.

Figure B-1.

Hydrograph for Station JBS005

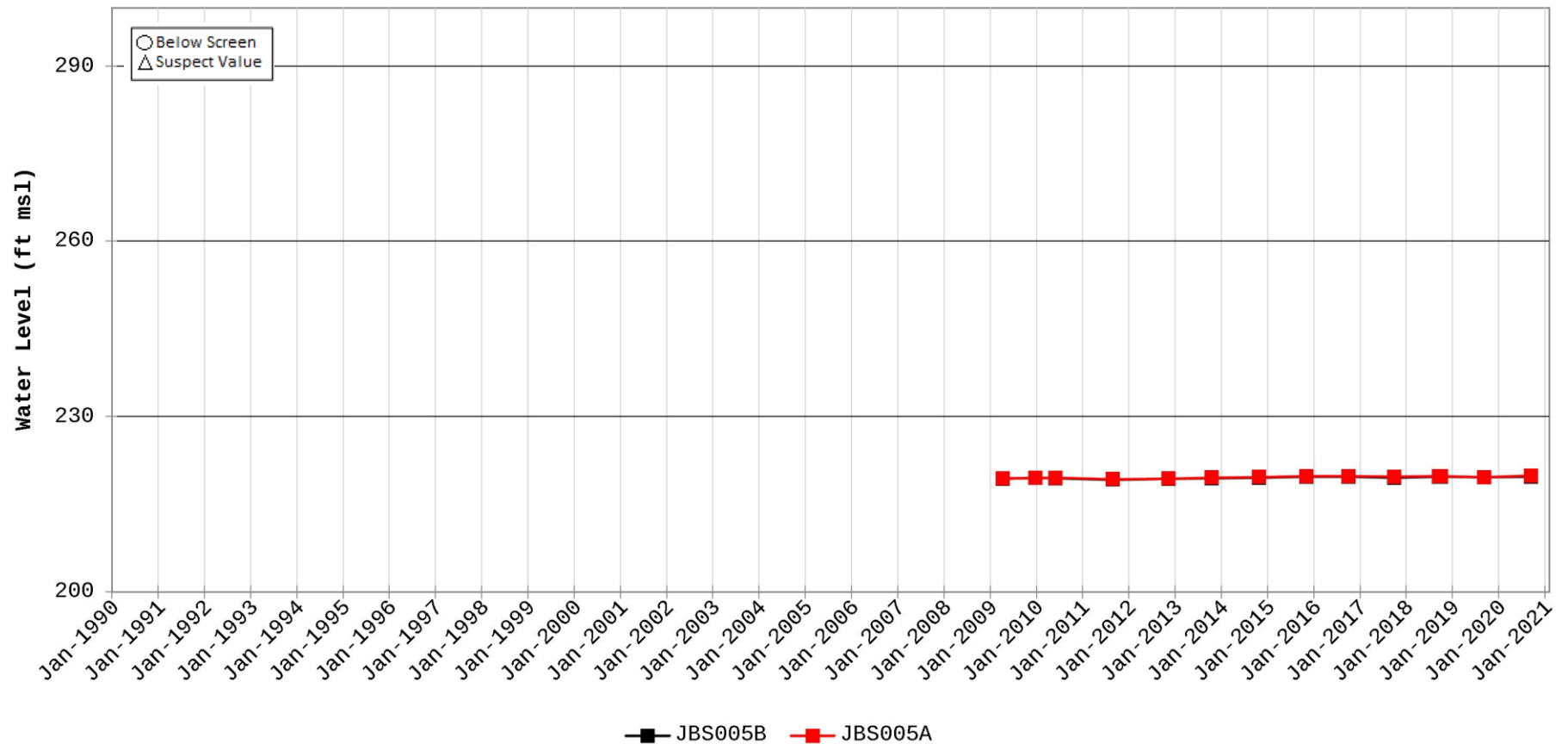


Figure B-2.

Hydrograph for Station MCS002

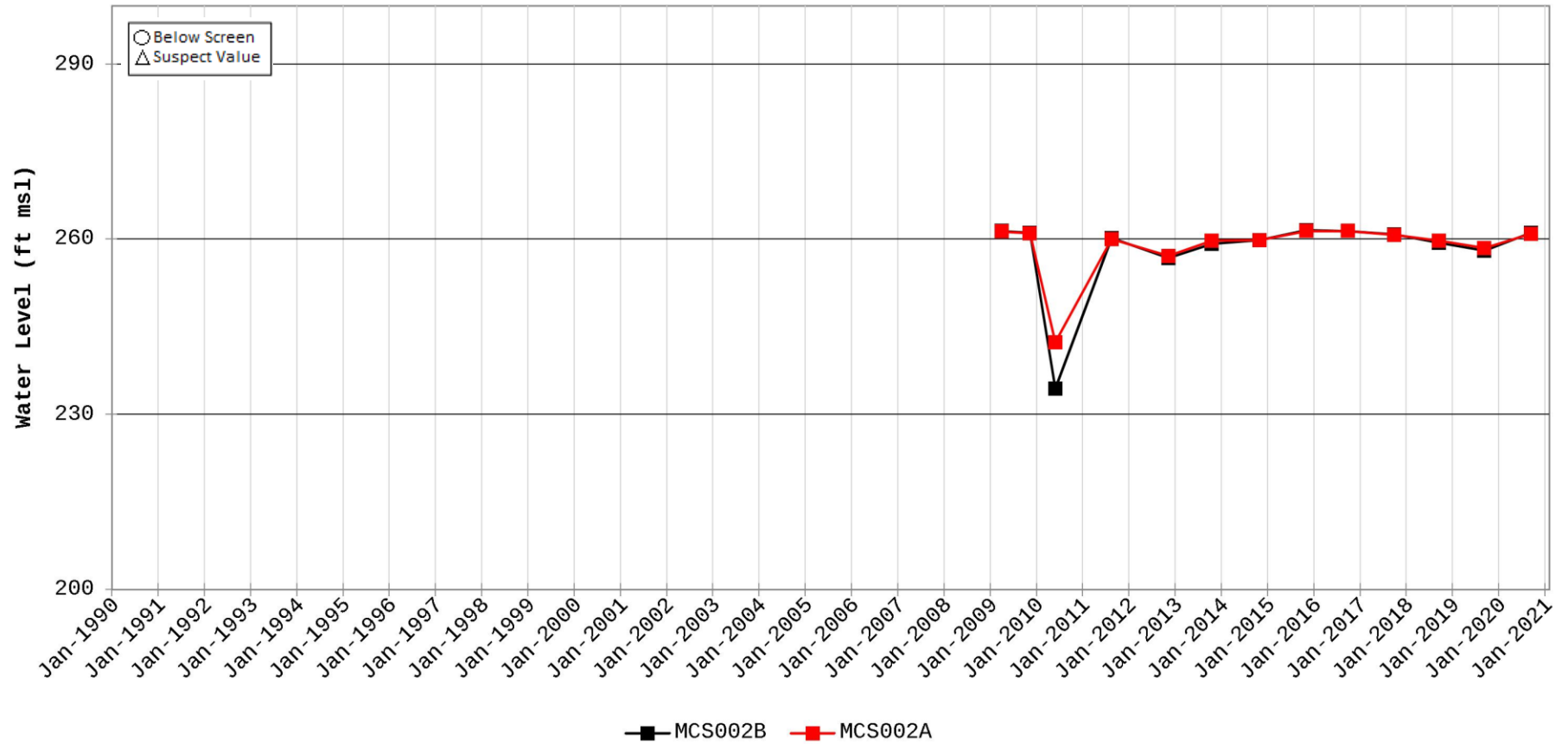


Figure B-3.

Hydrograph for Station RAG002D

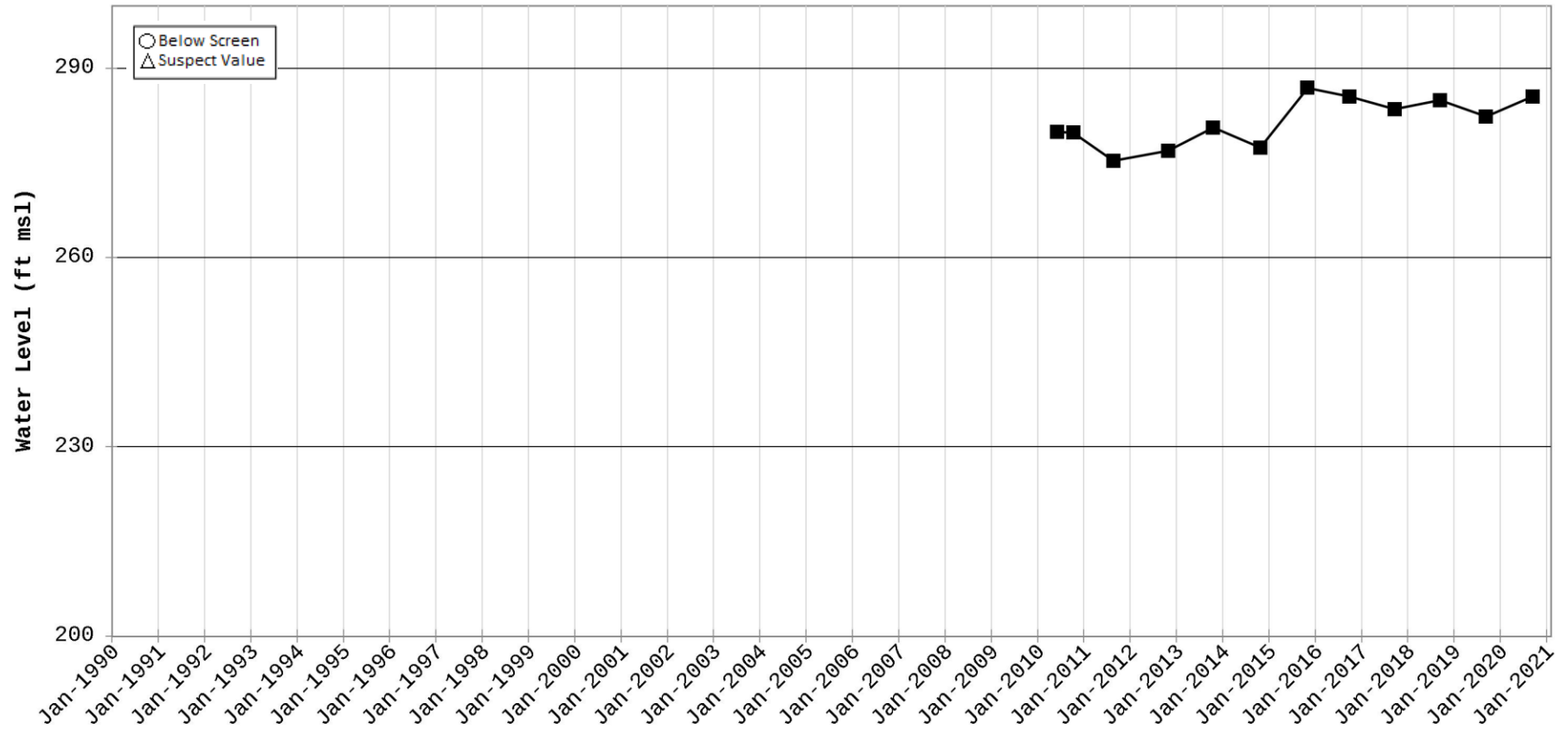


Figure B-4.

Hydrograph for Station RAG003

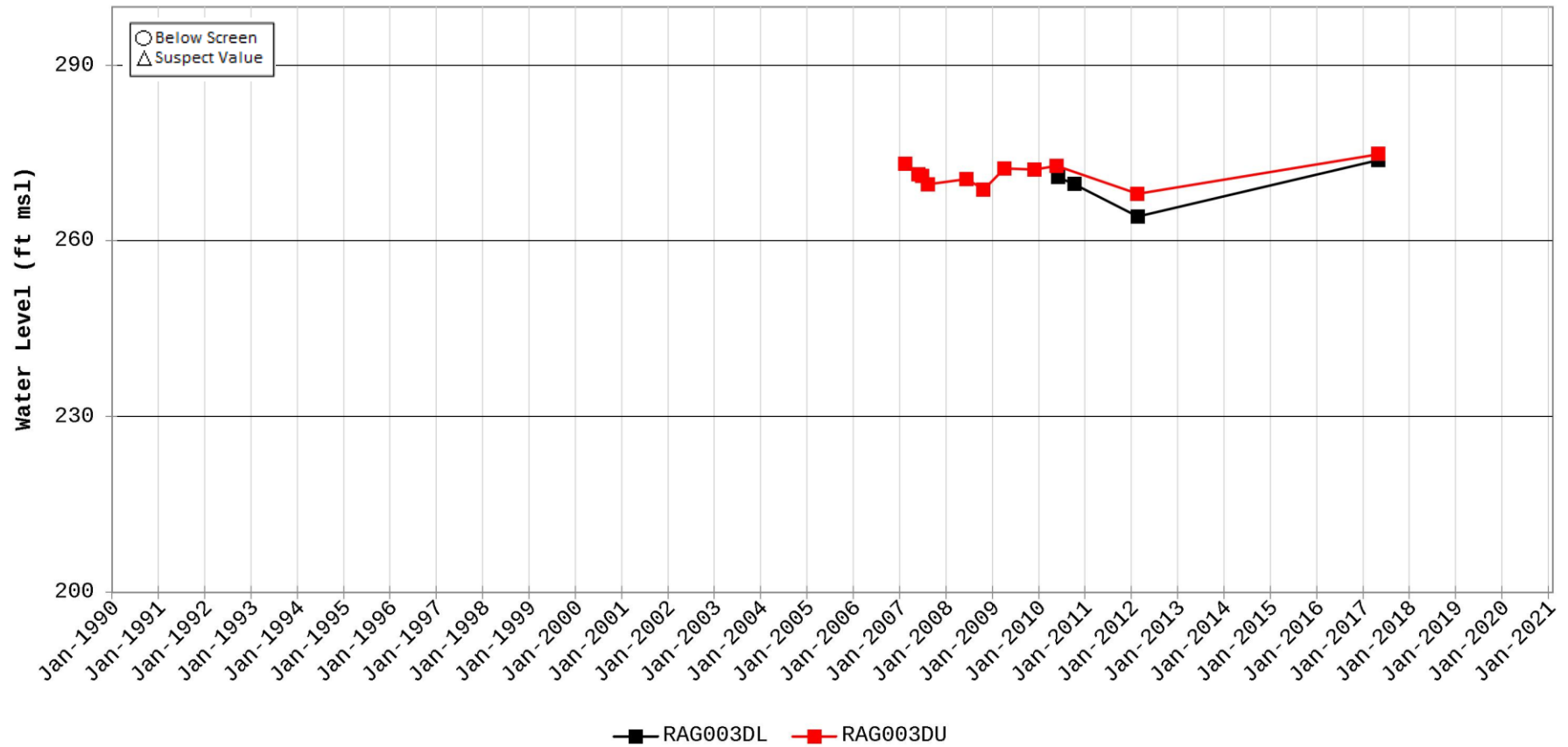


Figure B-5.

Hydrograph for Station RAG004

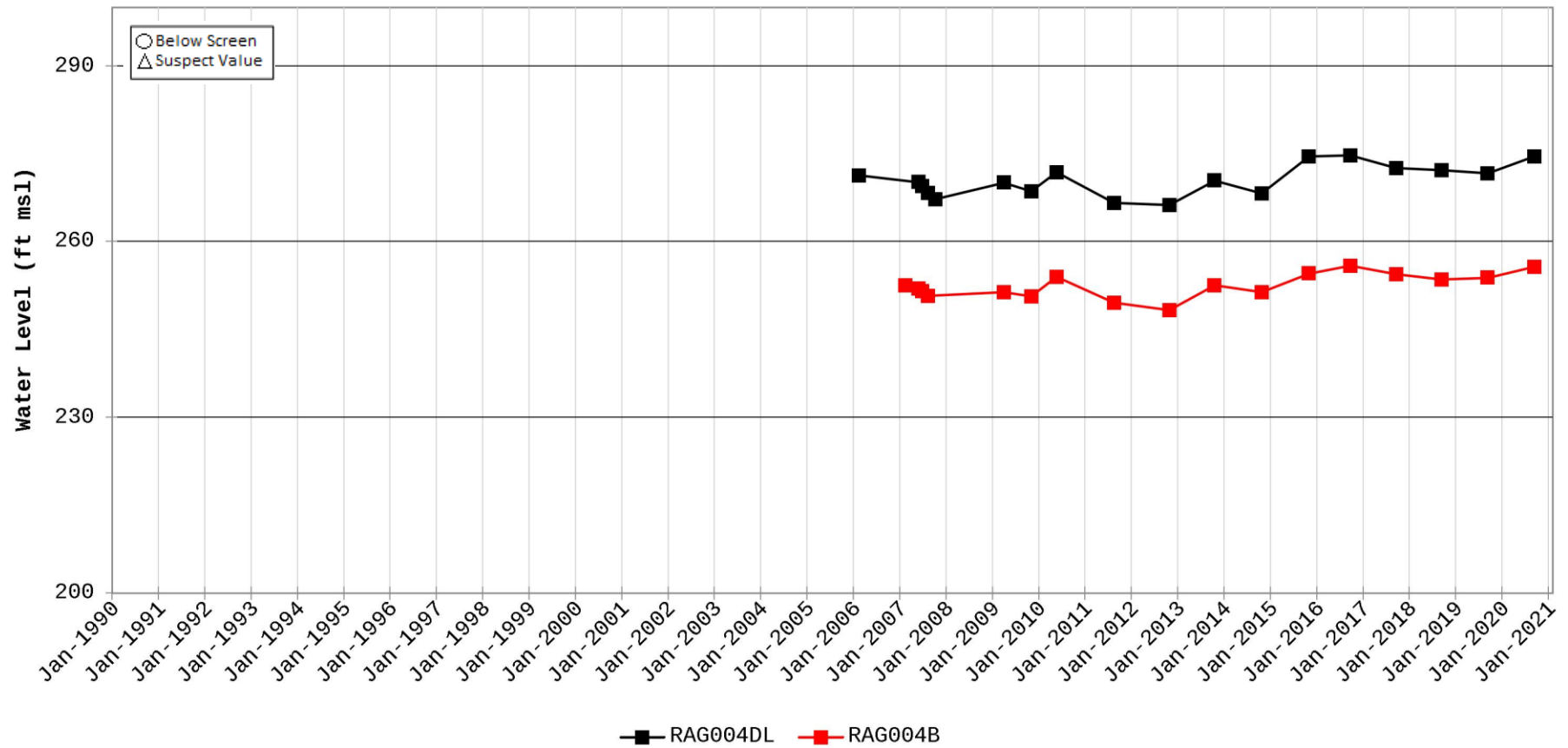


Figure B-6.

Hydrograph for Station RAG006B

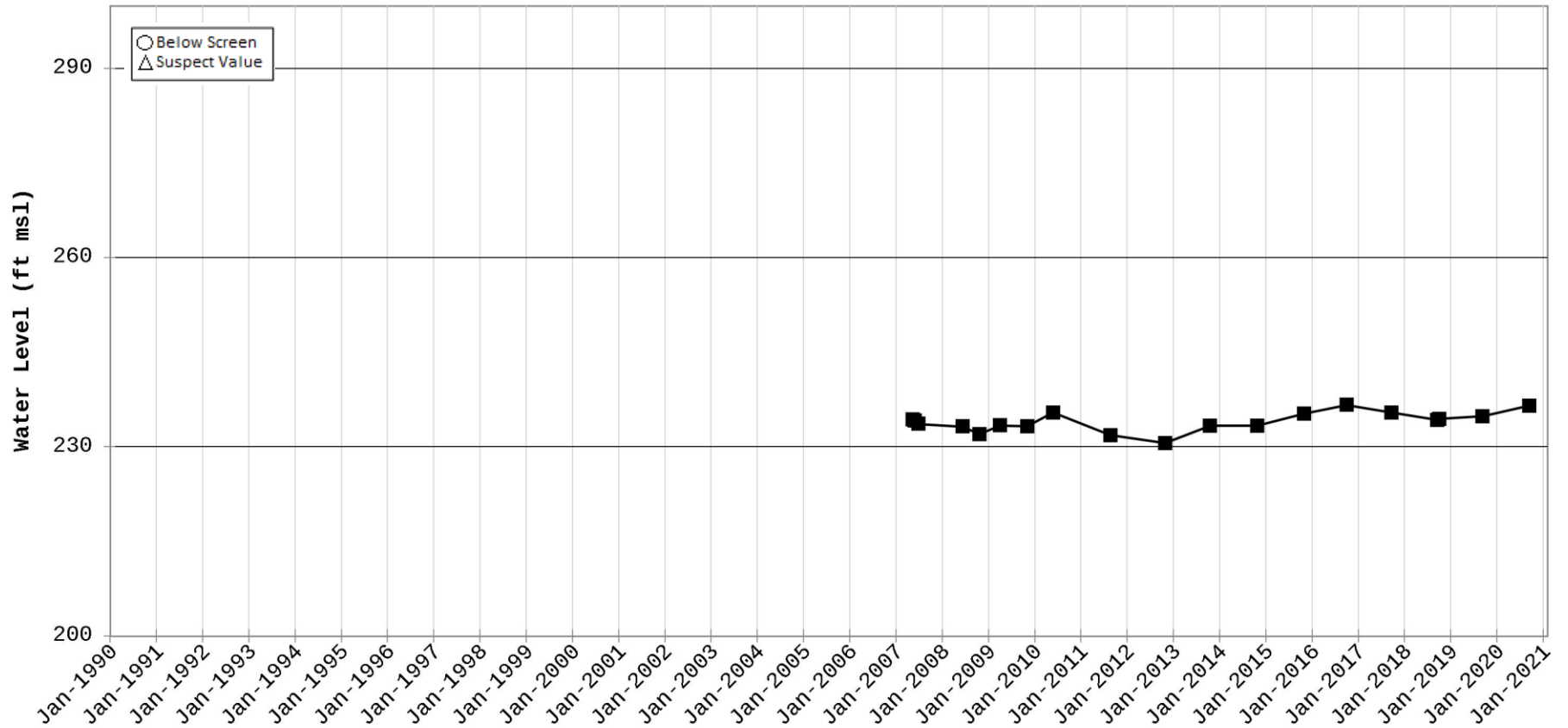


Figure B-7.

Hydrograph for Station RAG008

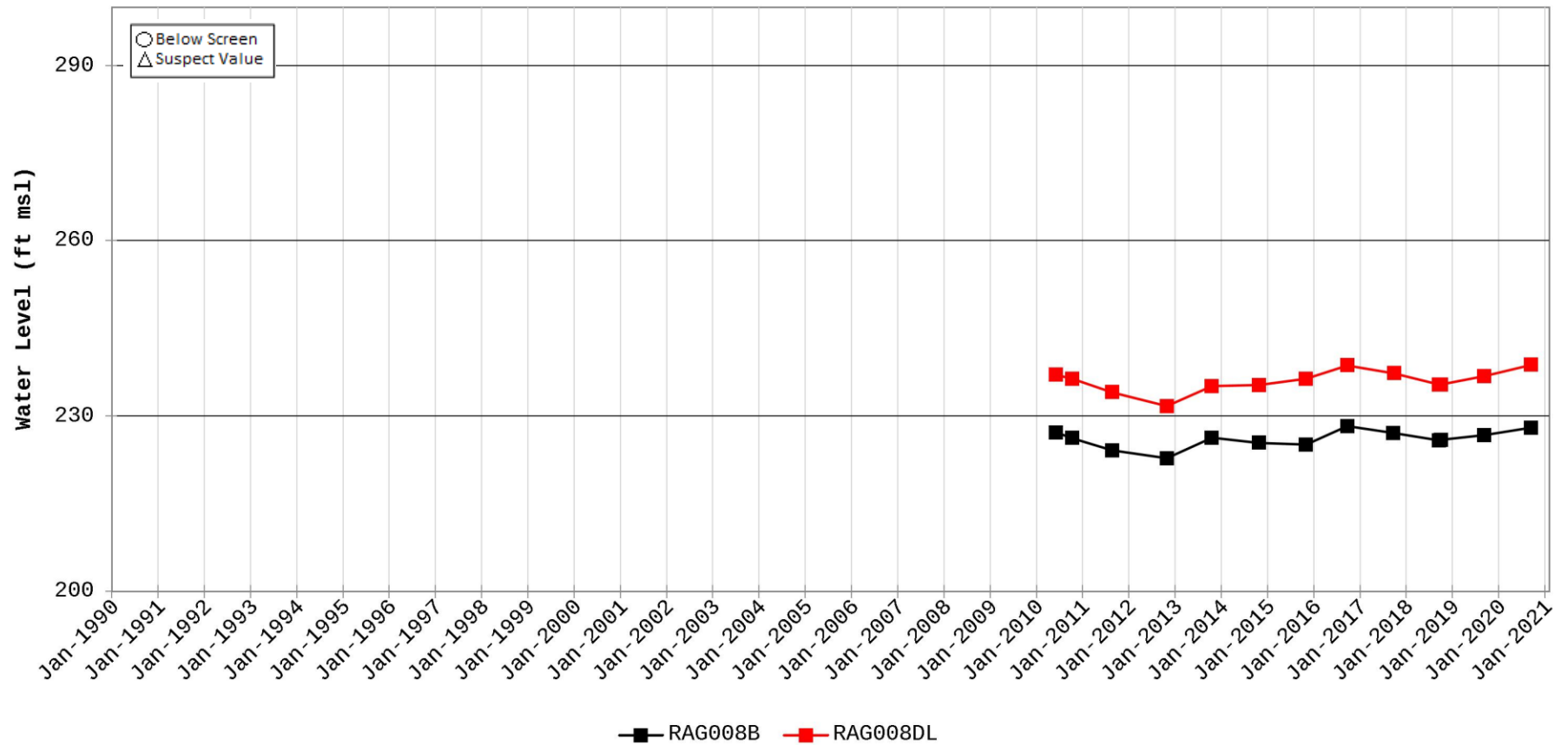


Figure B-8.

Hydrograph for Station RAG009

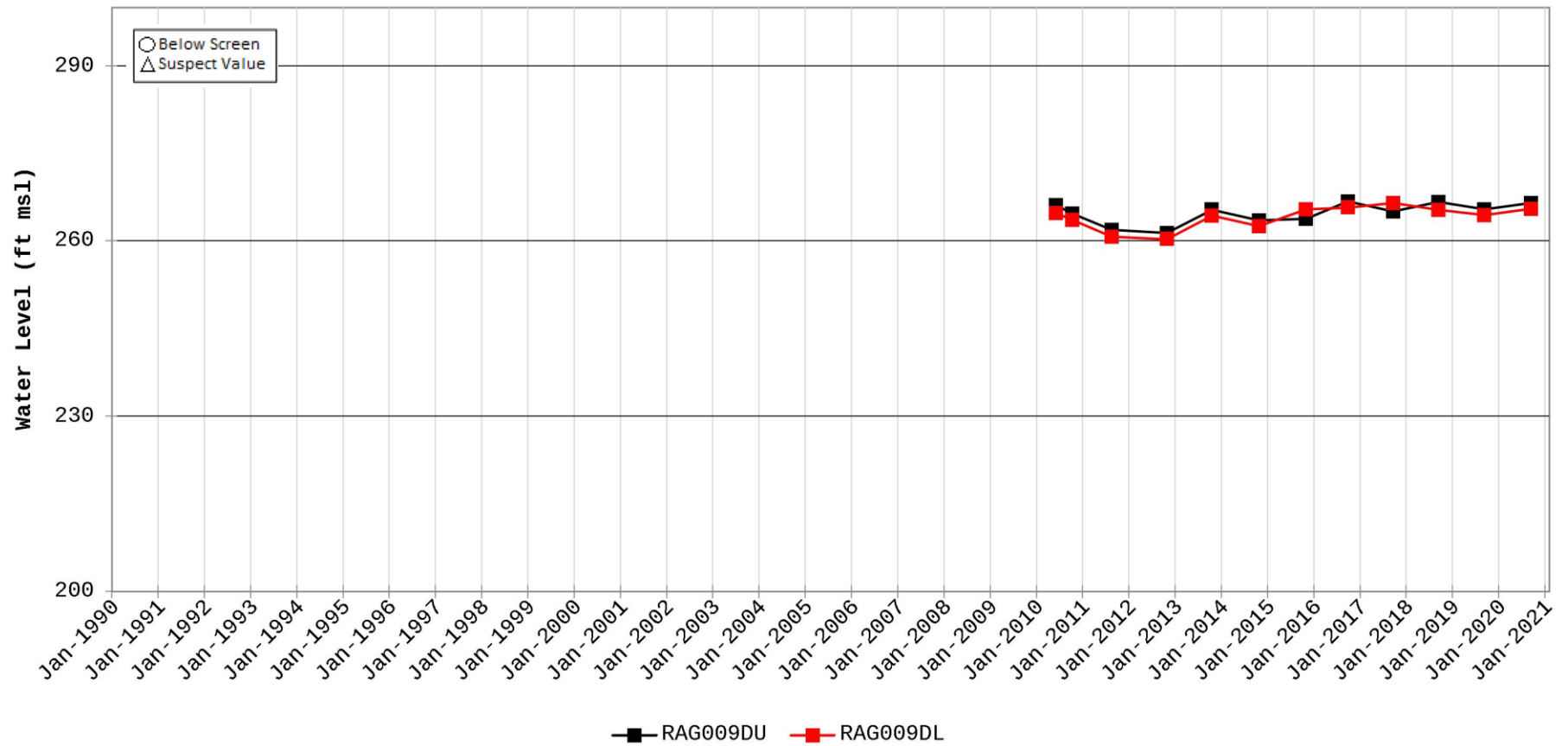


Figure B-9

Hydrograph for Station RAG013

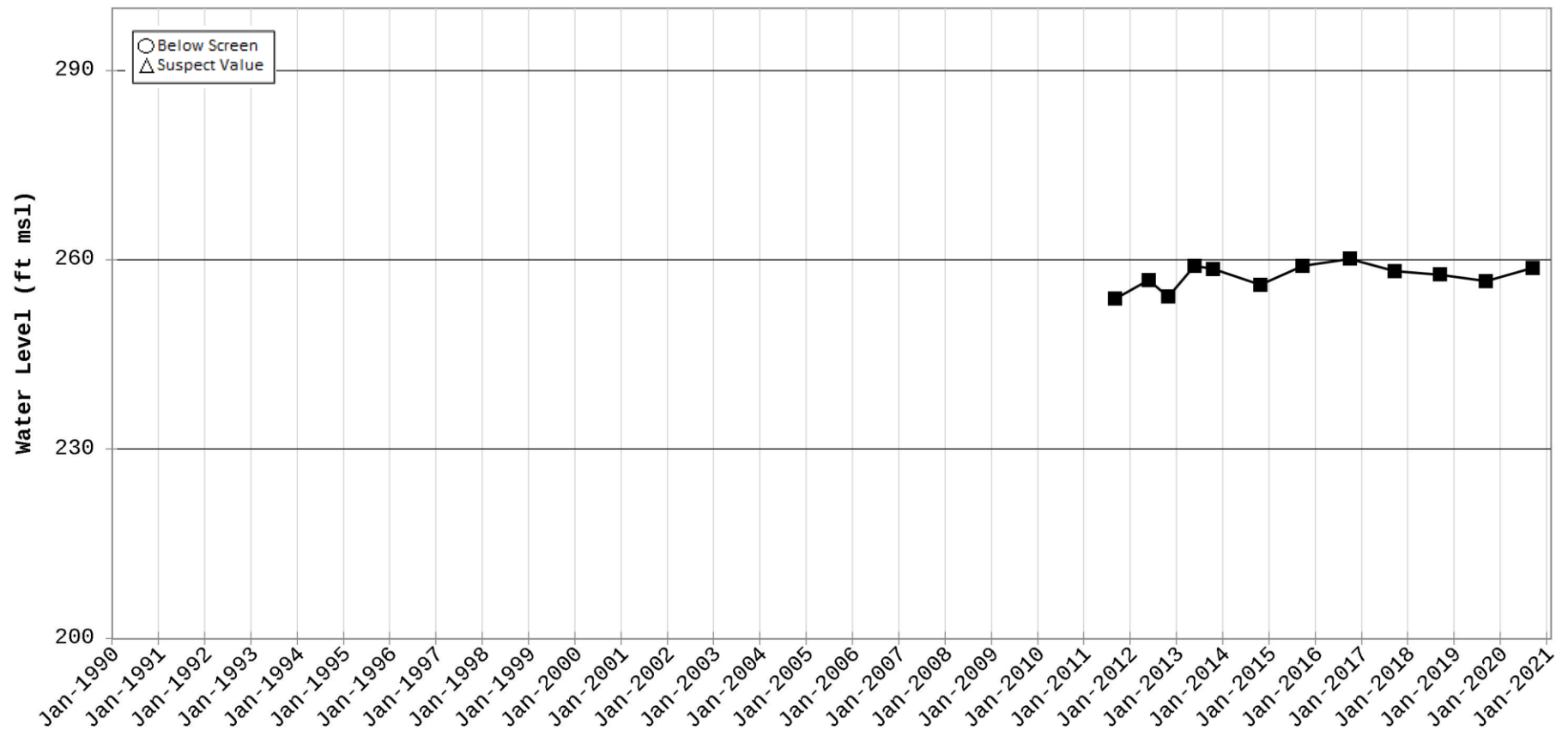


Figure B-10.

Hydrograph for Station RAG014

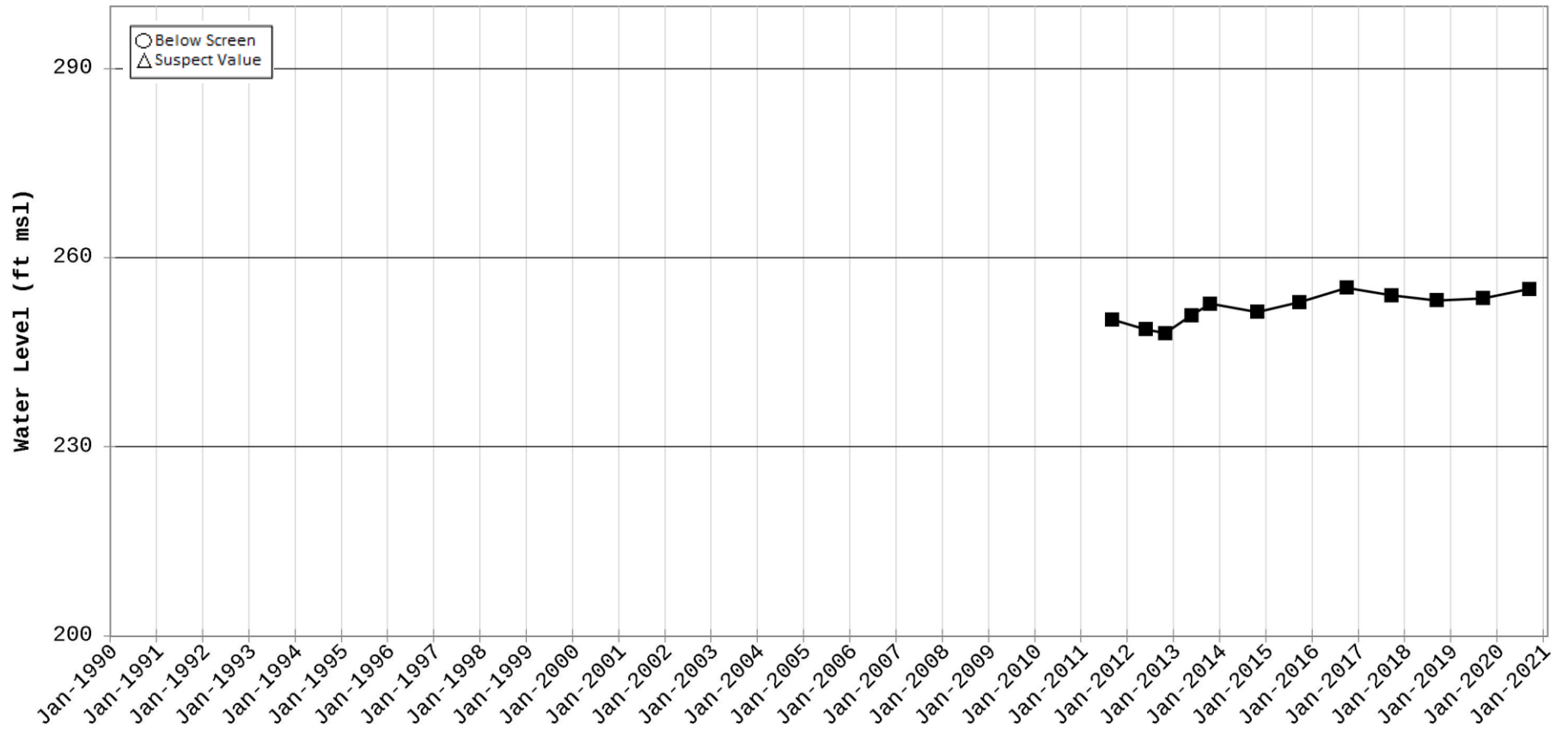


Figure B-11.

Hydrograph for Station RAM009C

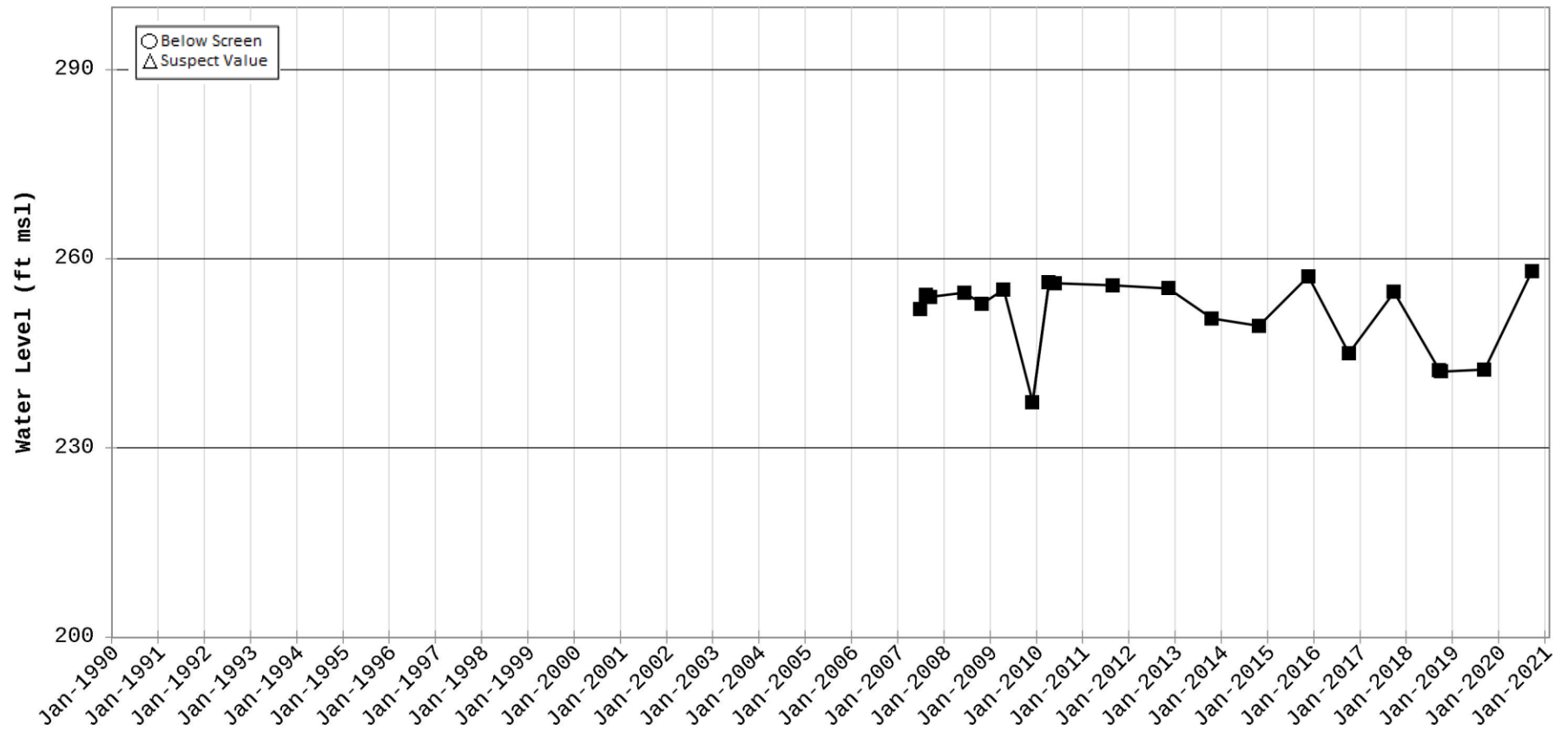


Figure B-12.

Hydrograph for Station RBP 11

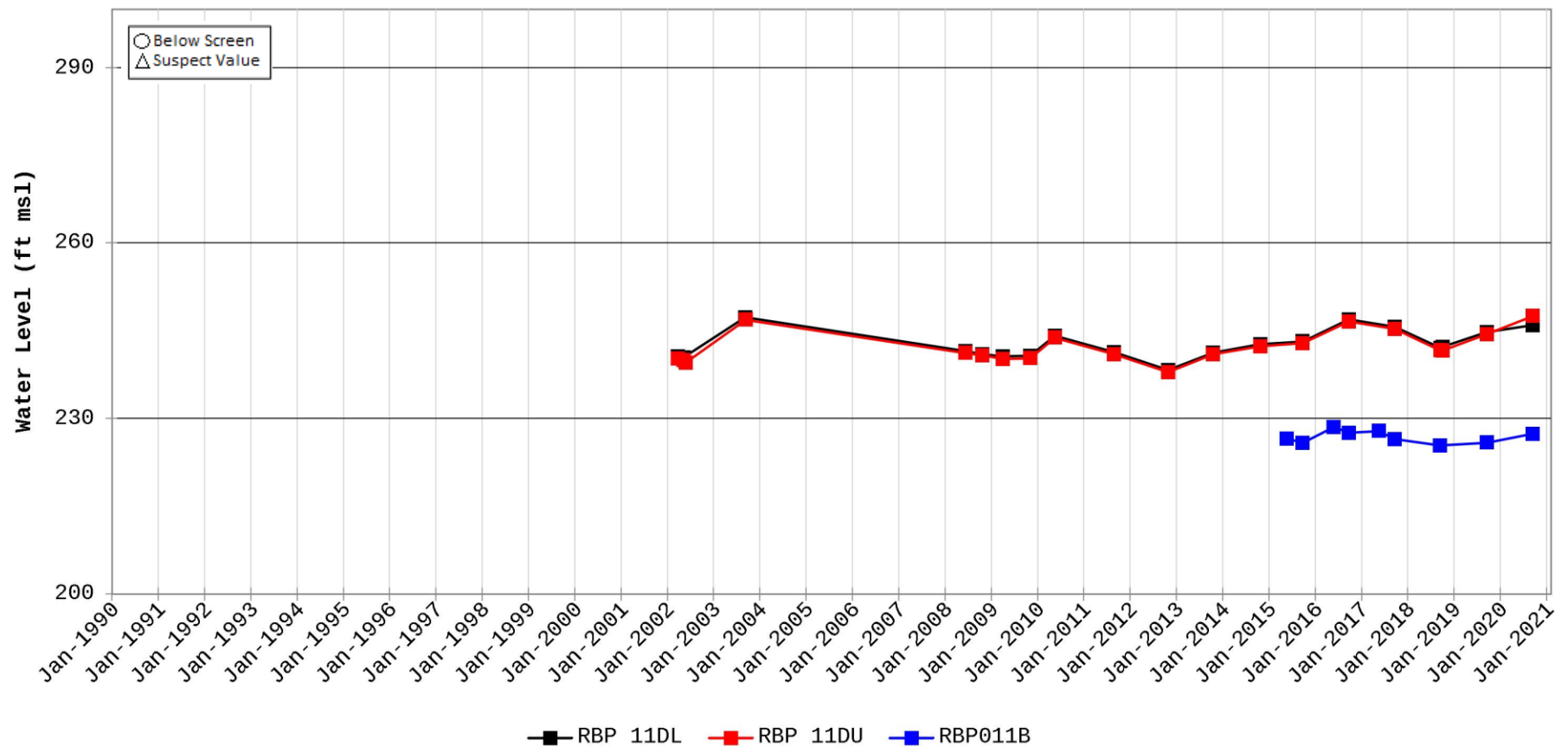


Figure B-13.

Hydrograph for Station RCS003C

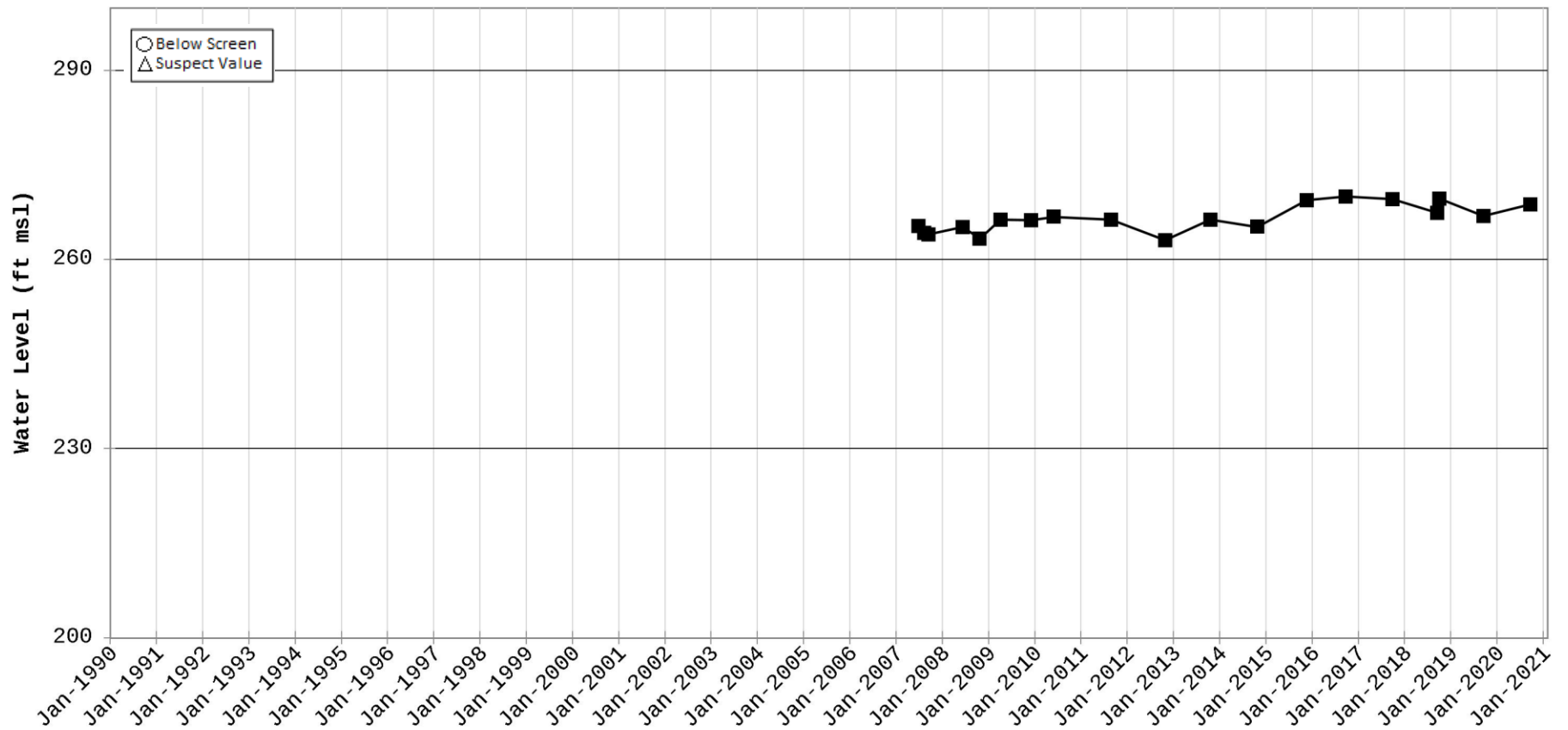


Figure B-14.

Hydrograph for Station RDB 1D

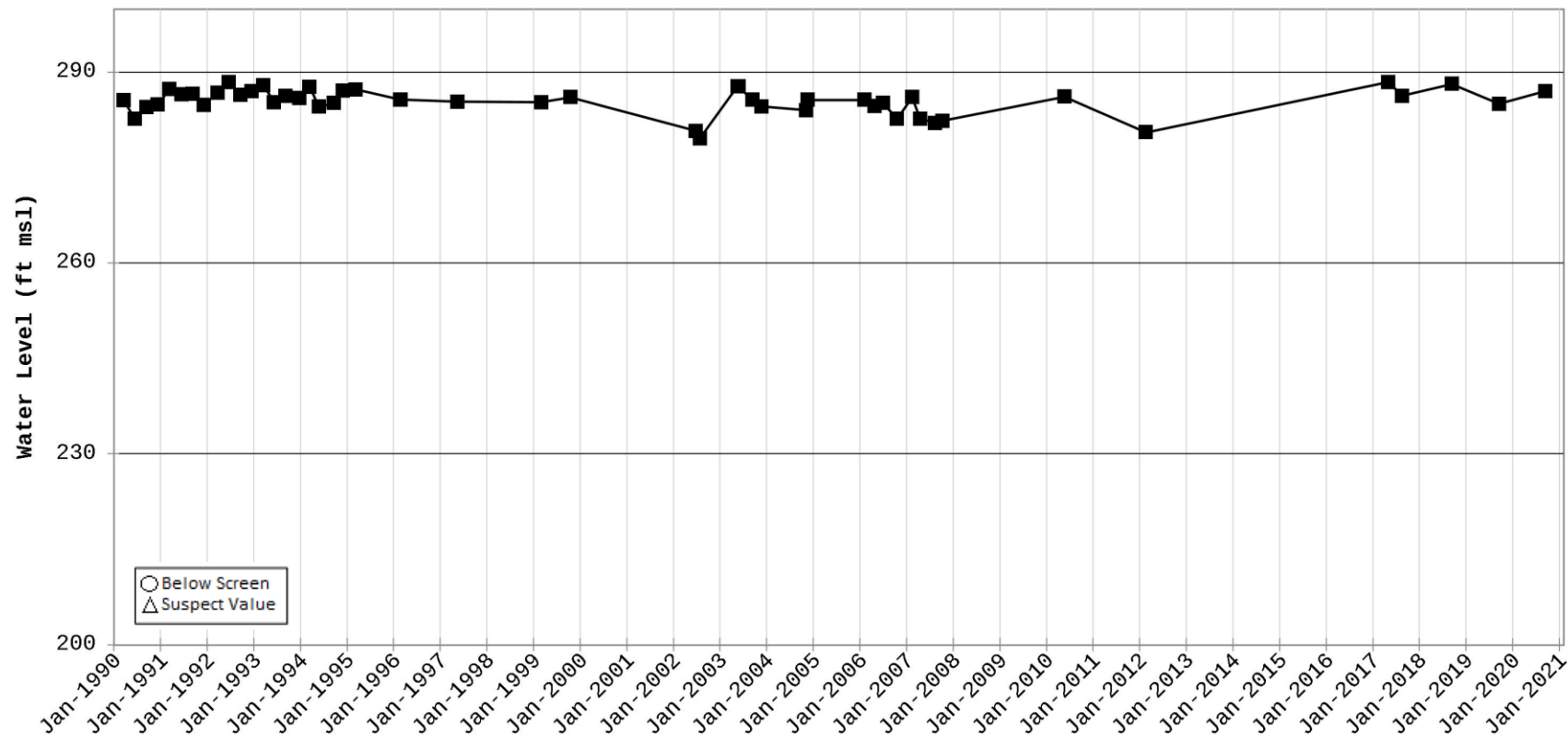


Figure B-15.

Hydrograph for Station RDB 2D

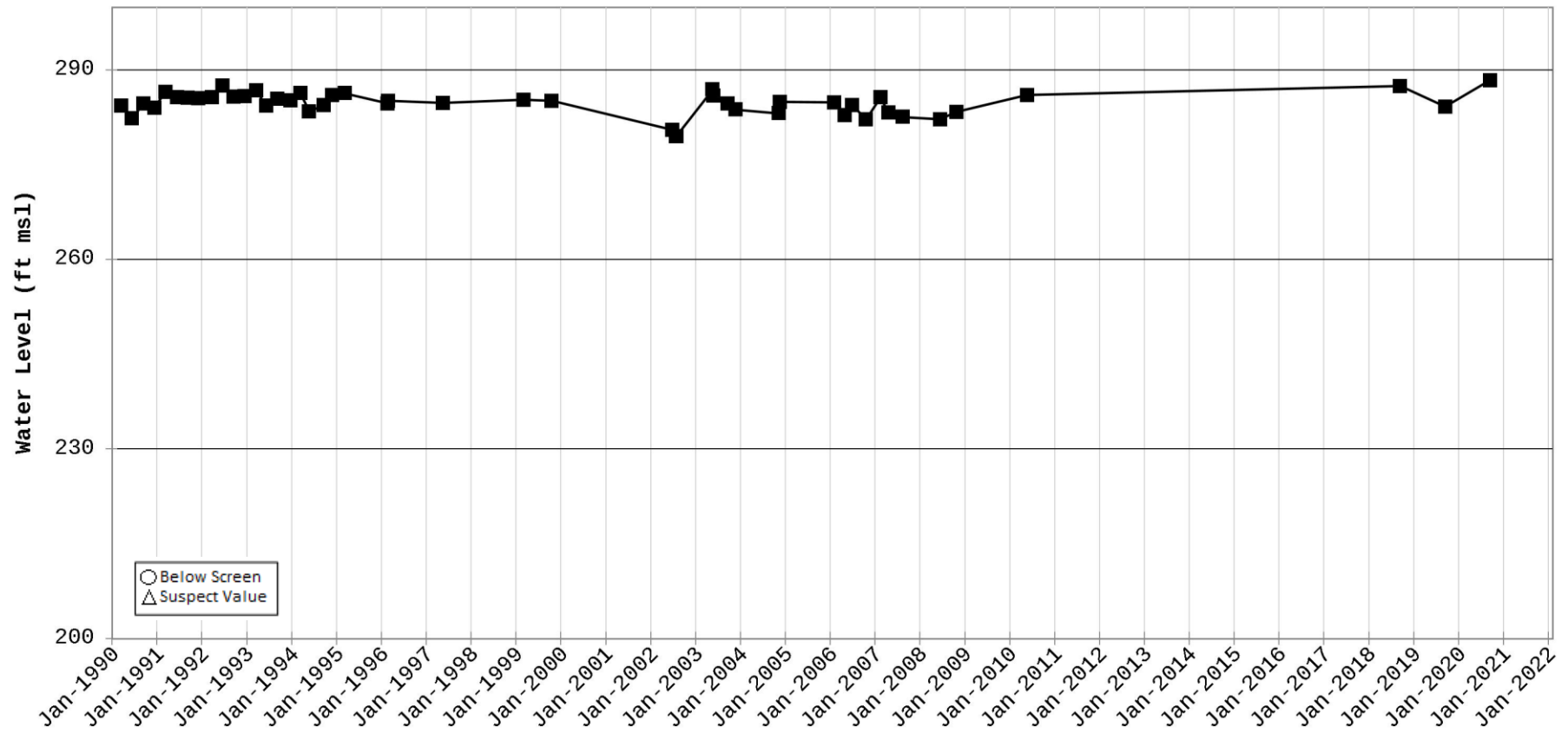


Figure B-16.

Hydrograph for Station RDB003

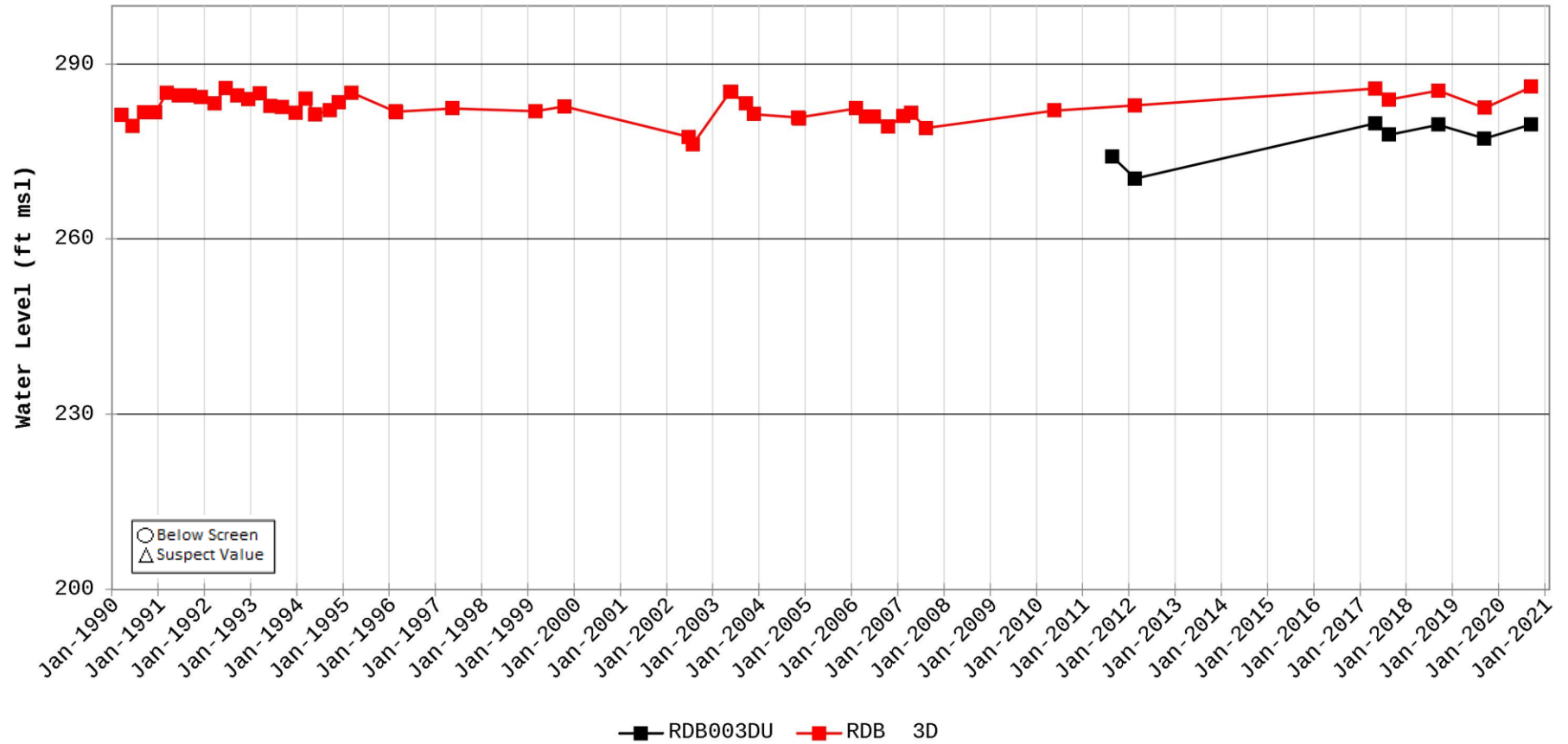


Figure B-17.

Hydrograph for Station RDB004DL

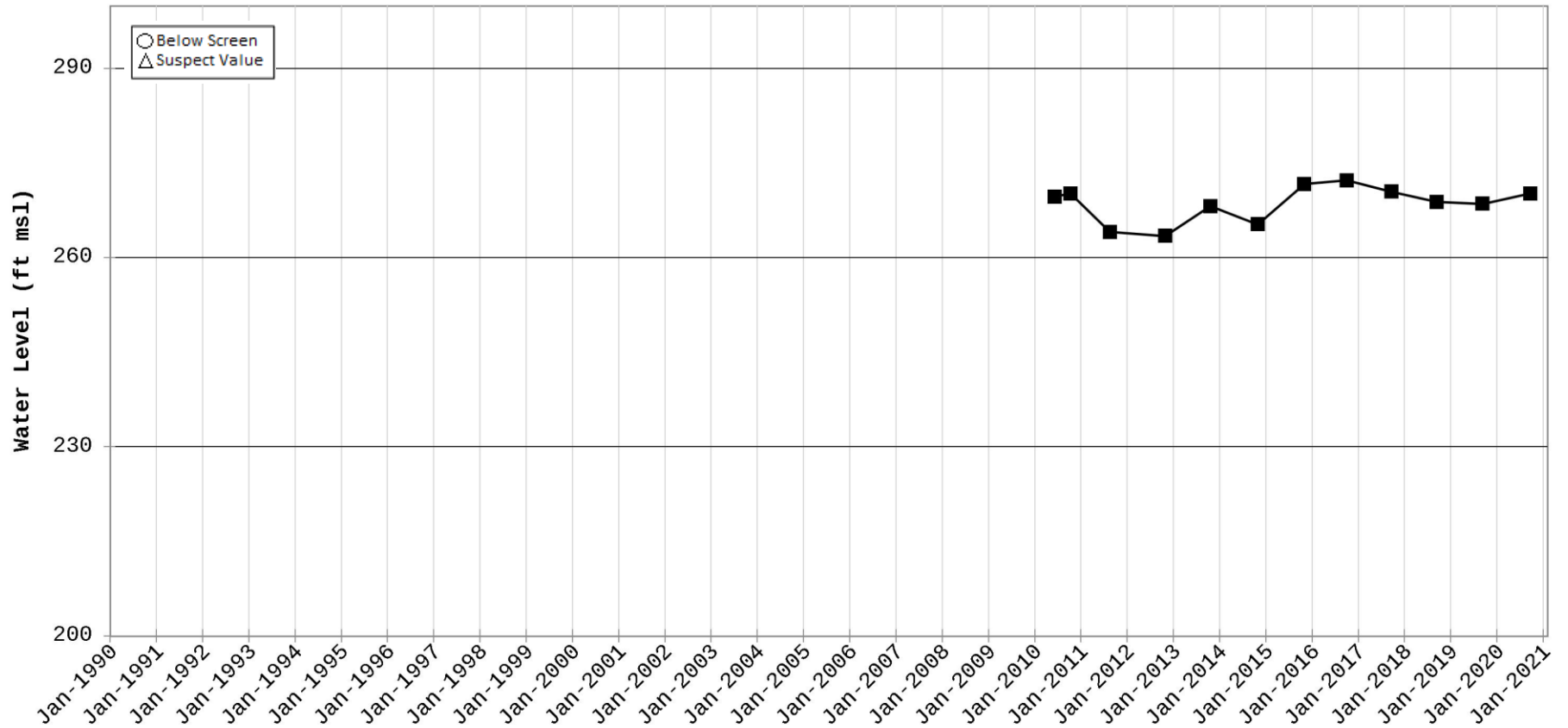


Figure B-18.

Hydrograph for Station RDB005C

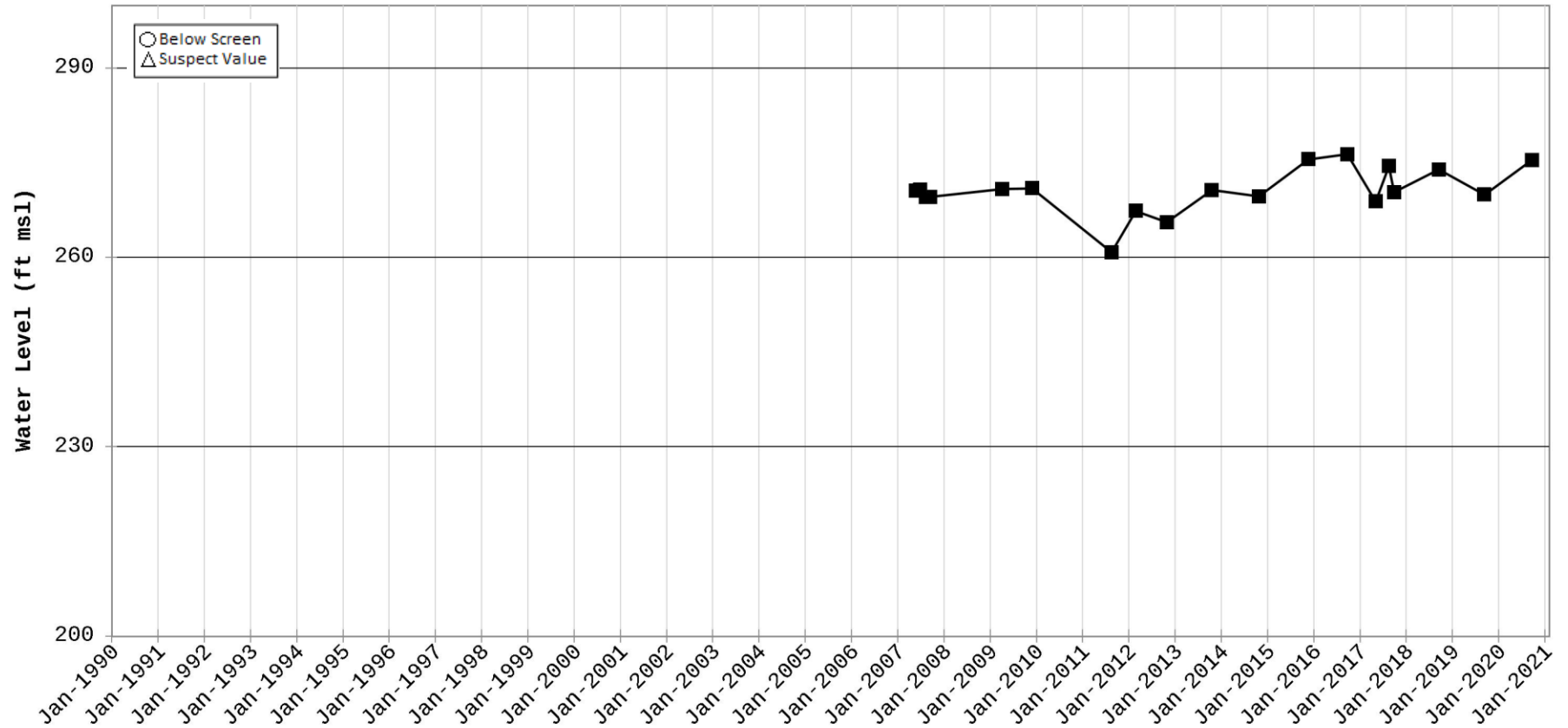


Figure B-19.

Hydrograph for Station RGW 2

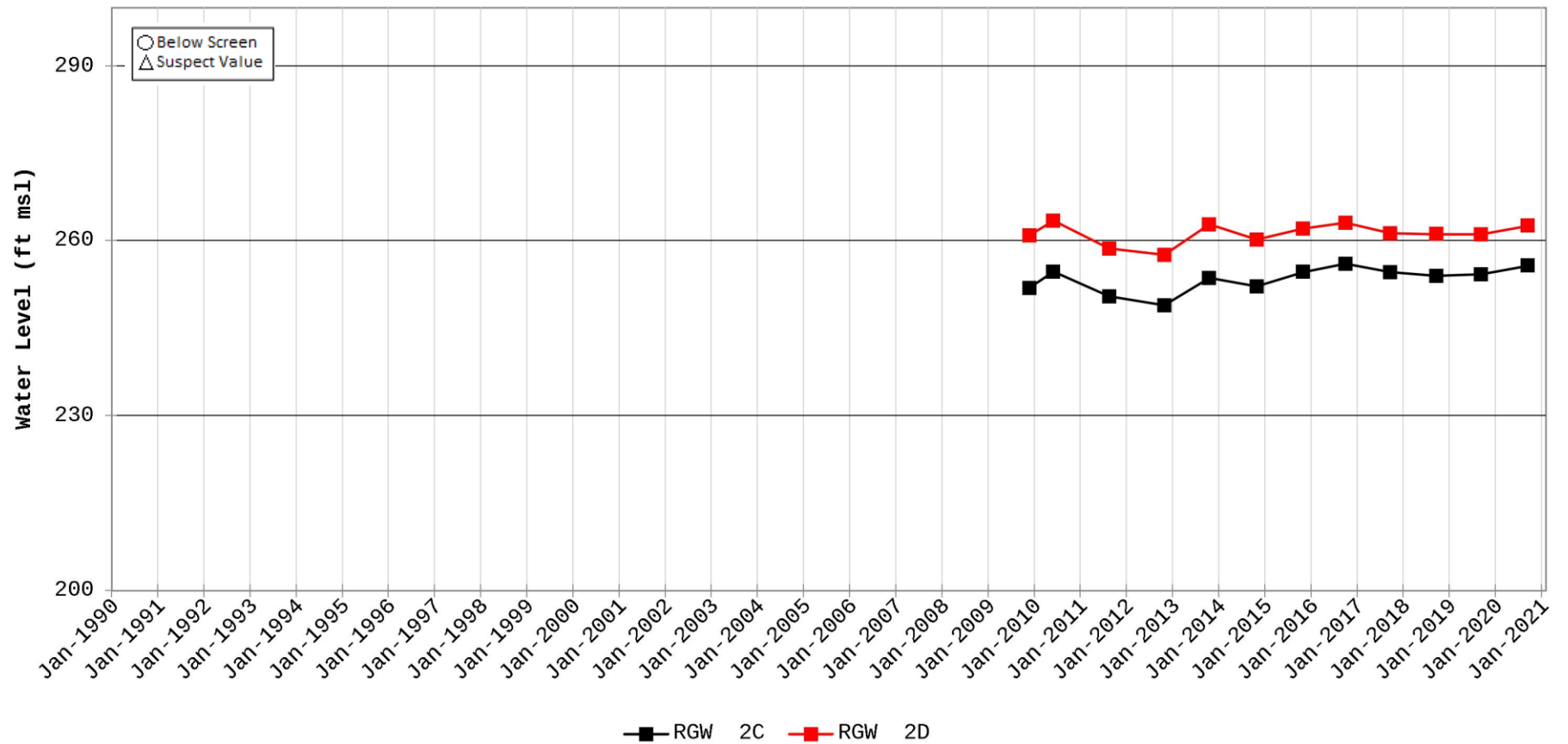


Figure B-20.

Hydrograph for Station RPC 2

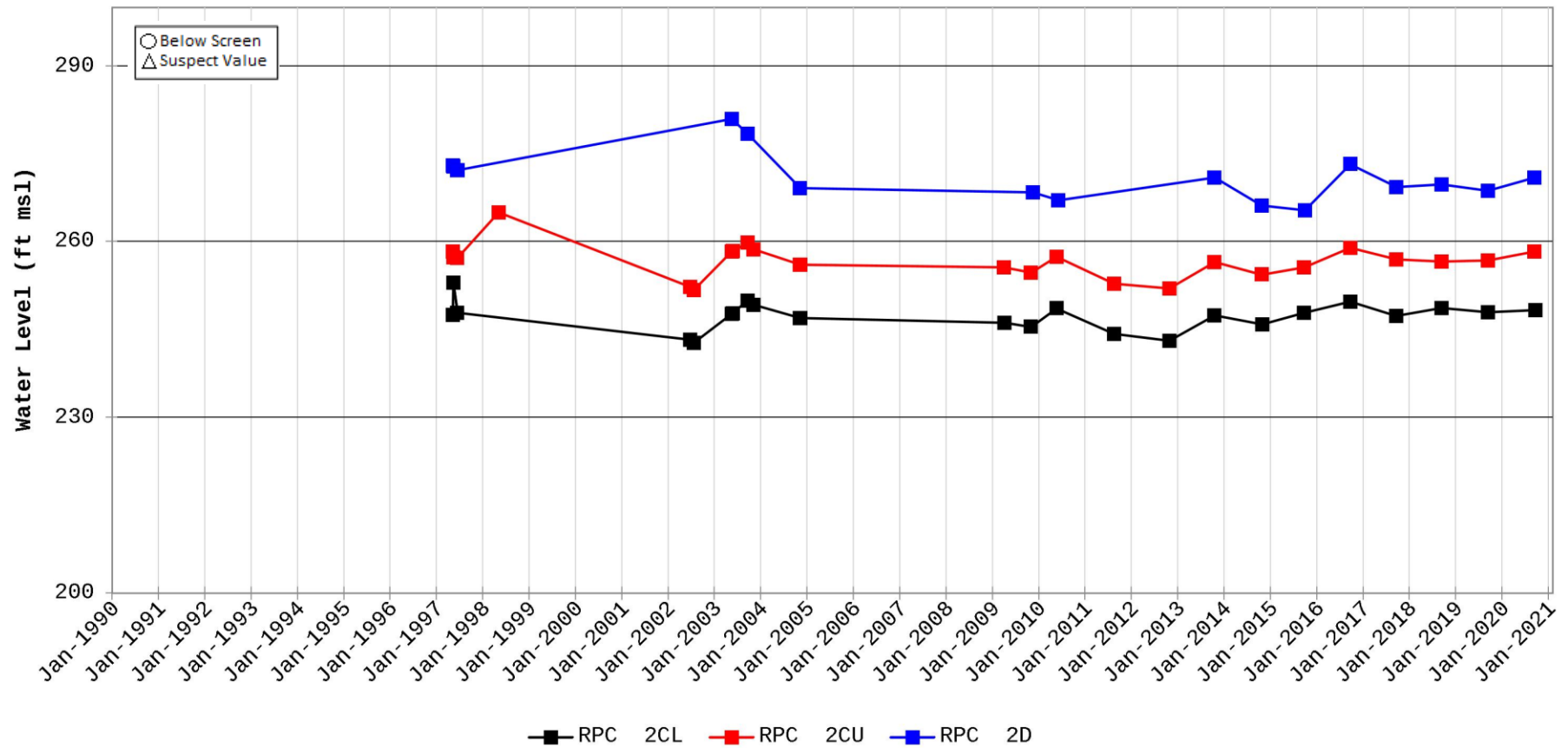


Figure B-21.

Hydrograph for Station RPC 19C

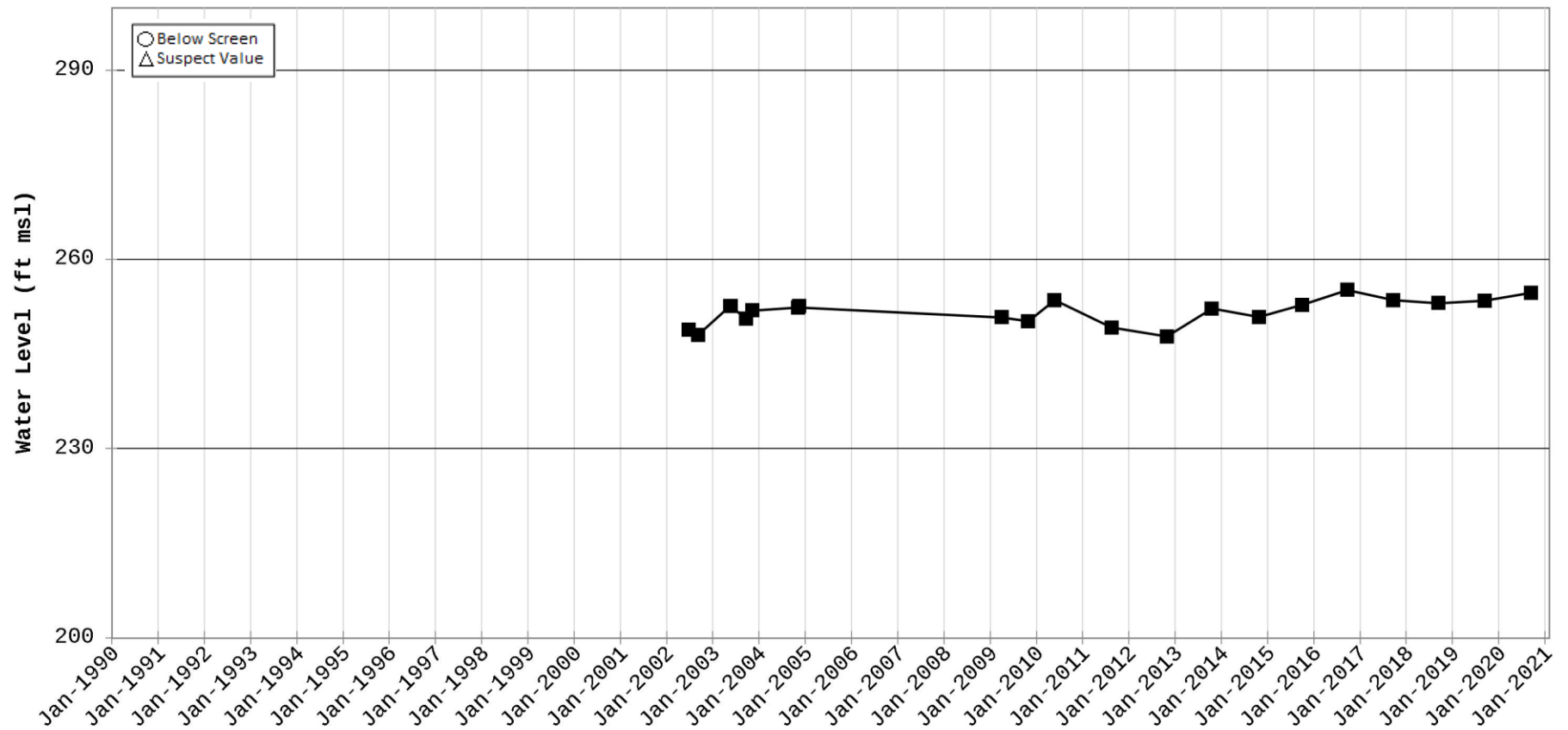


Figure B-22.

Hydrograph for Station RPS004

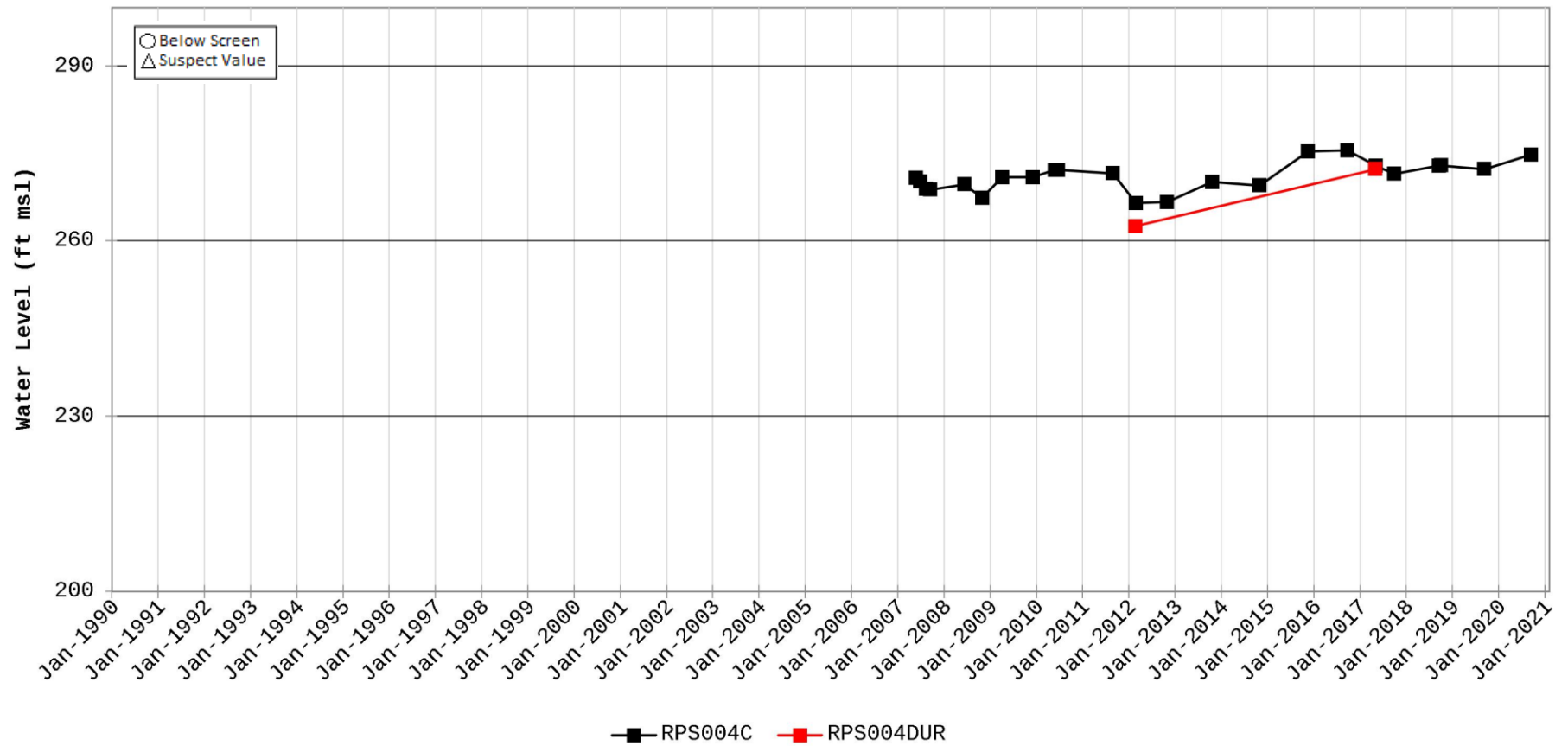


Figure B-23.

Hydrograph for Station RSE 10DU

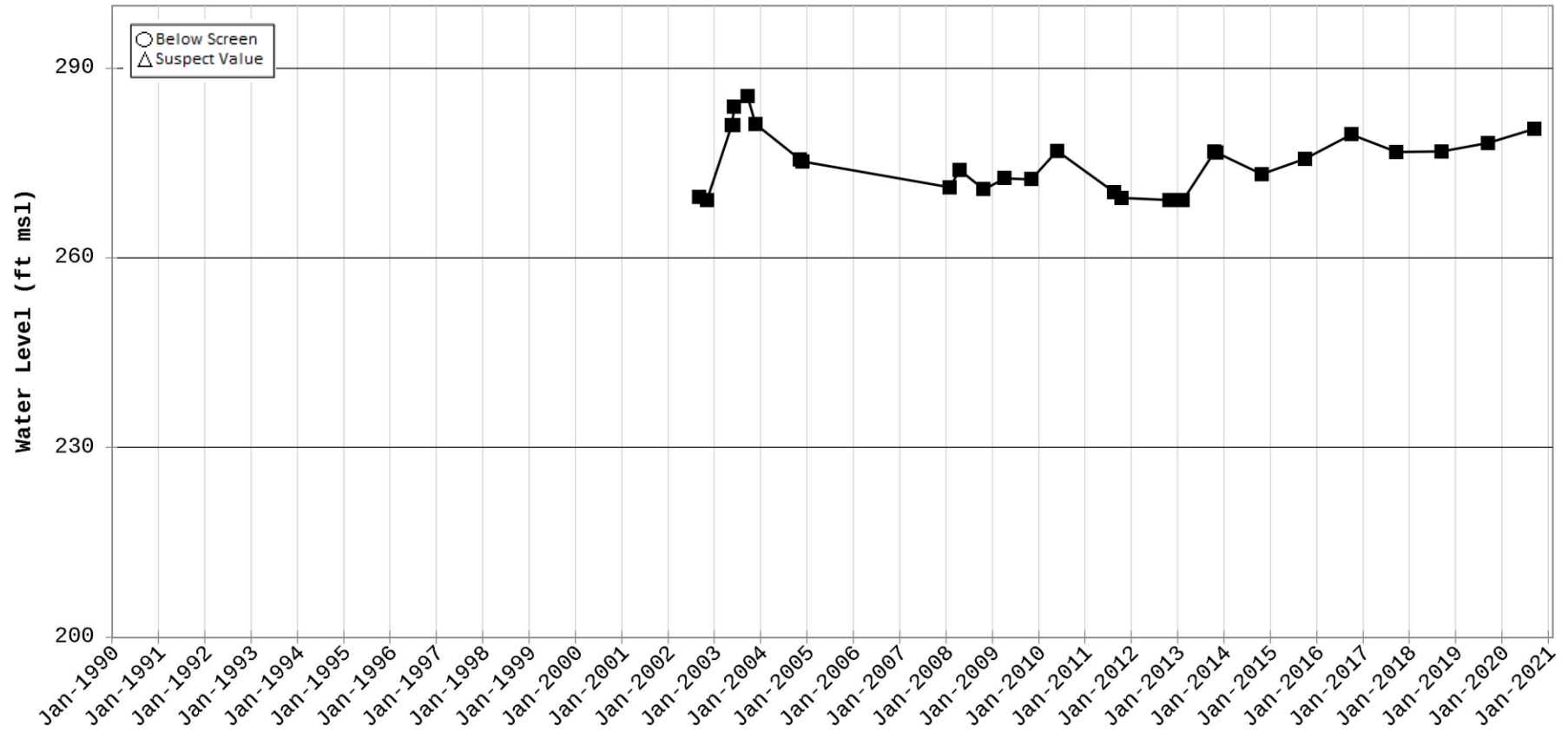


Figure B-24.

Hydrograph for Station RSE027C

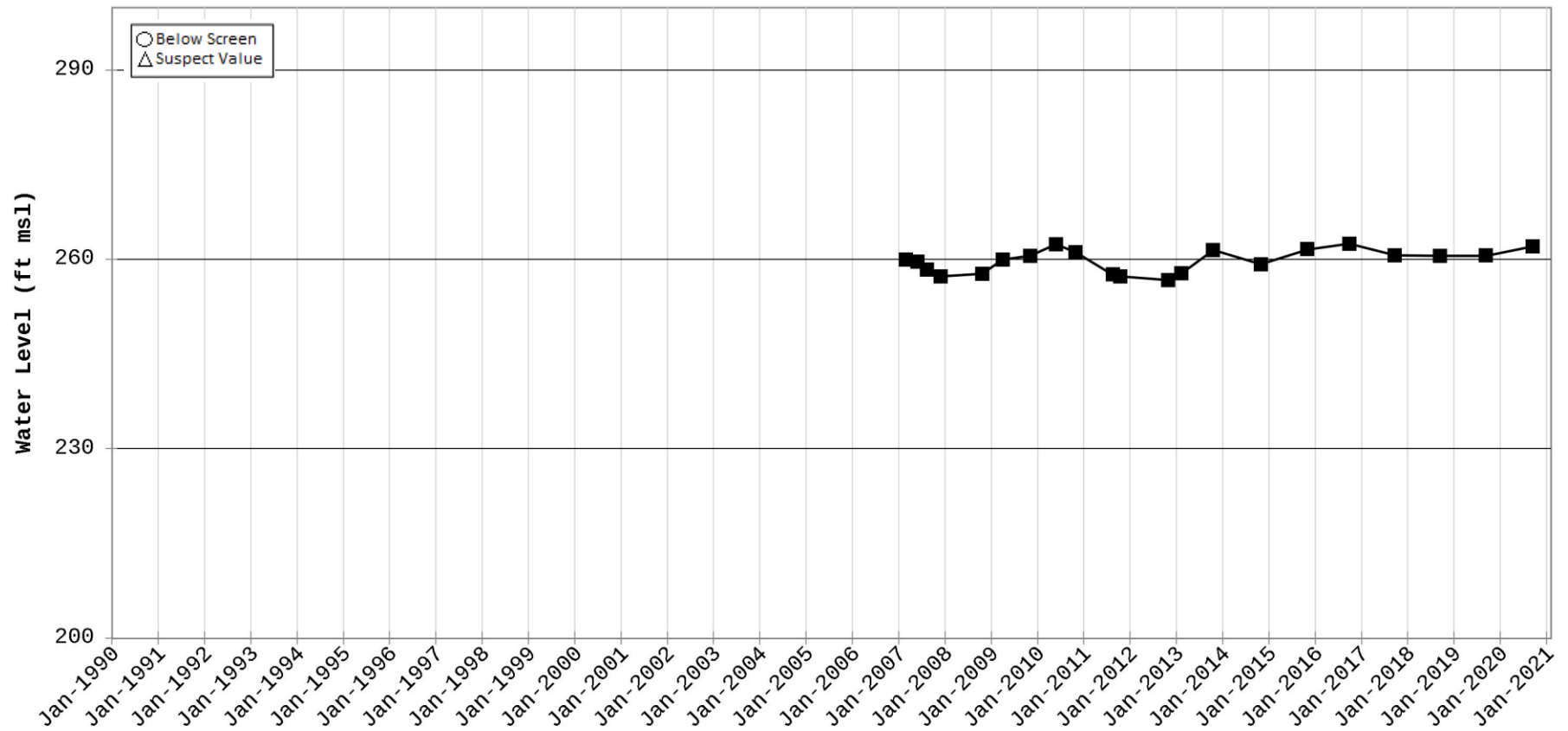


Figure B-25.

Hydrograph for Station RSE032D

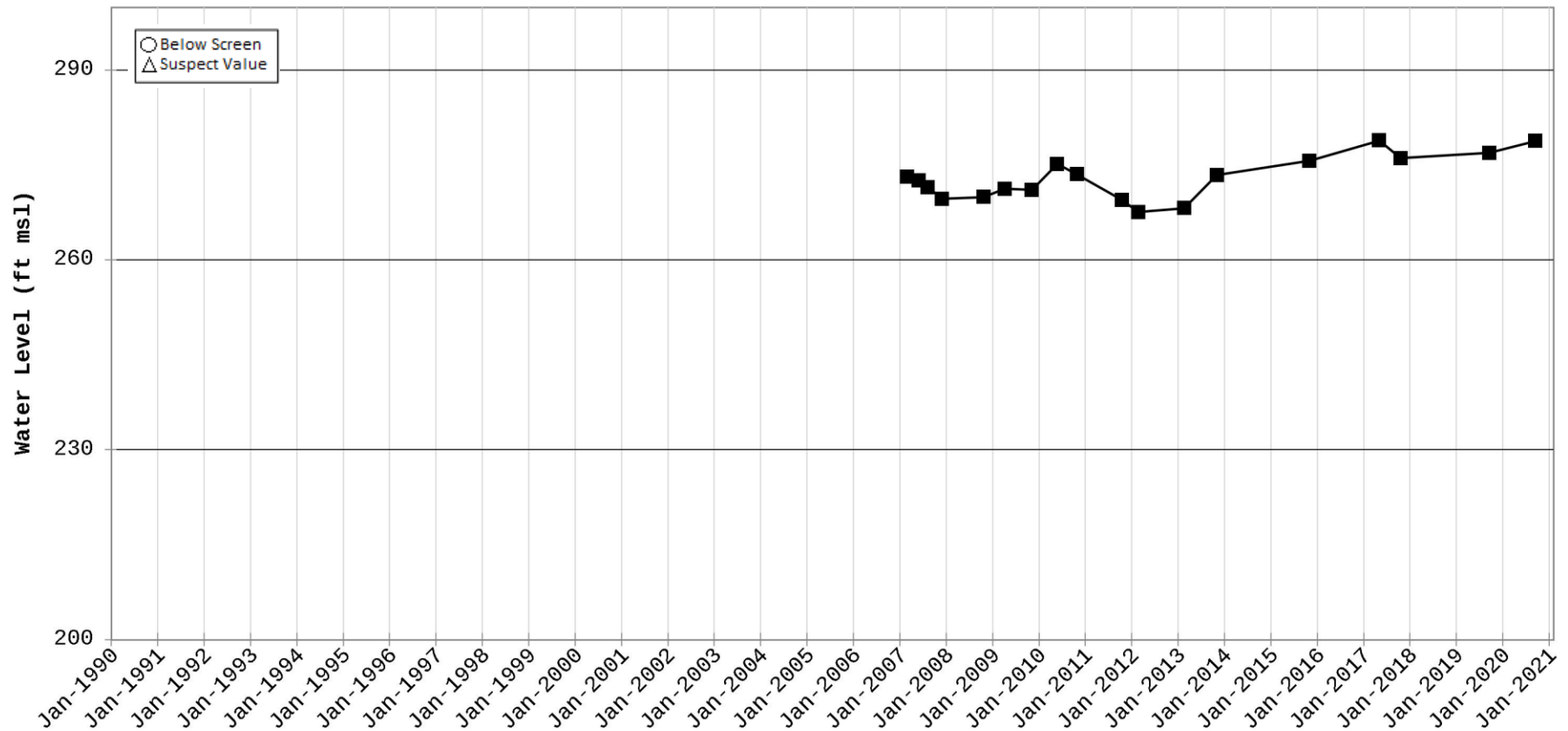


Figure B-26.

Hydrograph for Station RSE033D

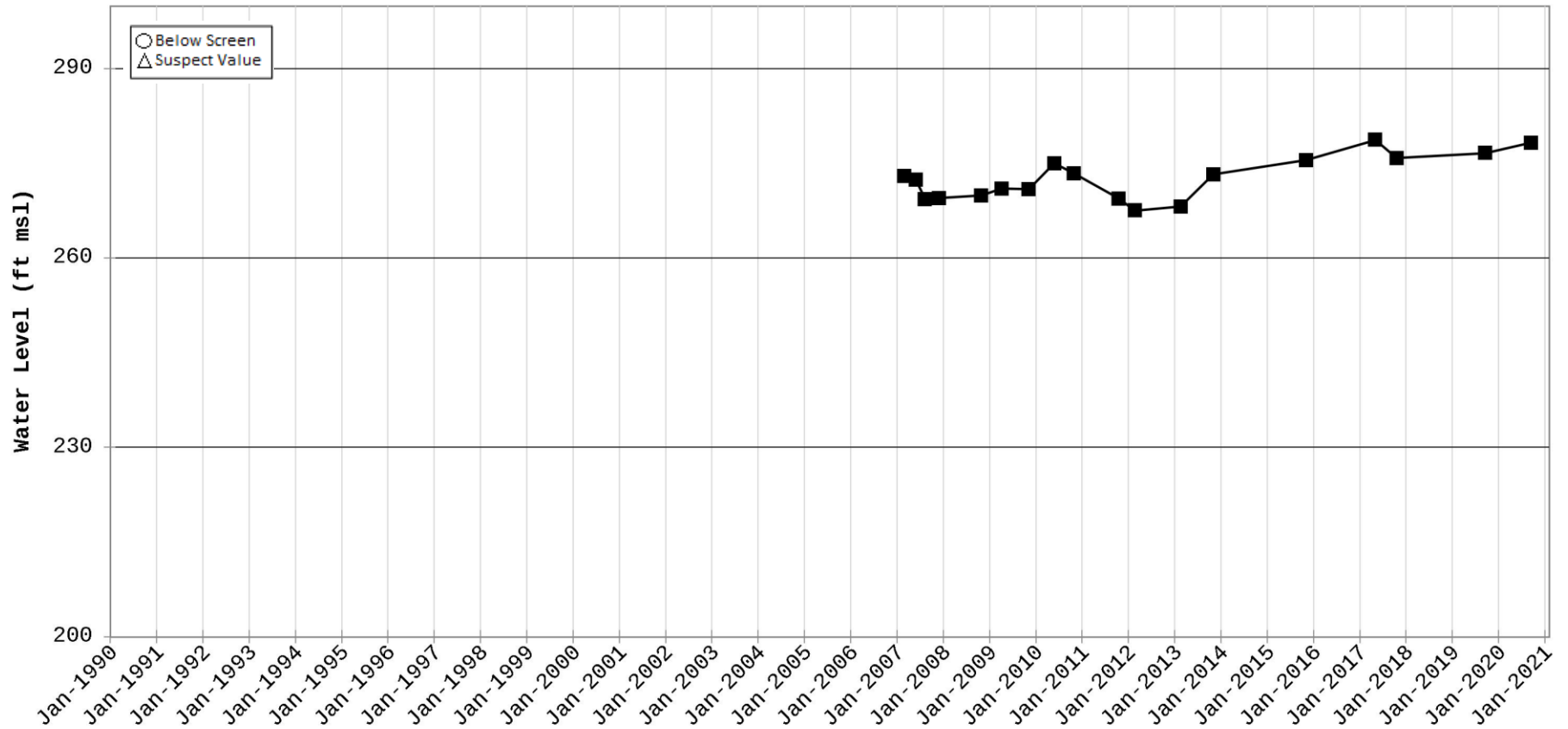


Figure B-27.

Hydrograph for Station RSP 5DL

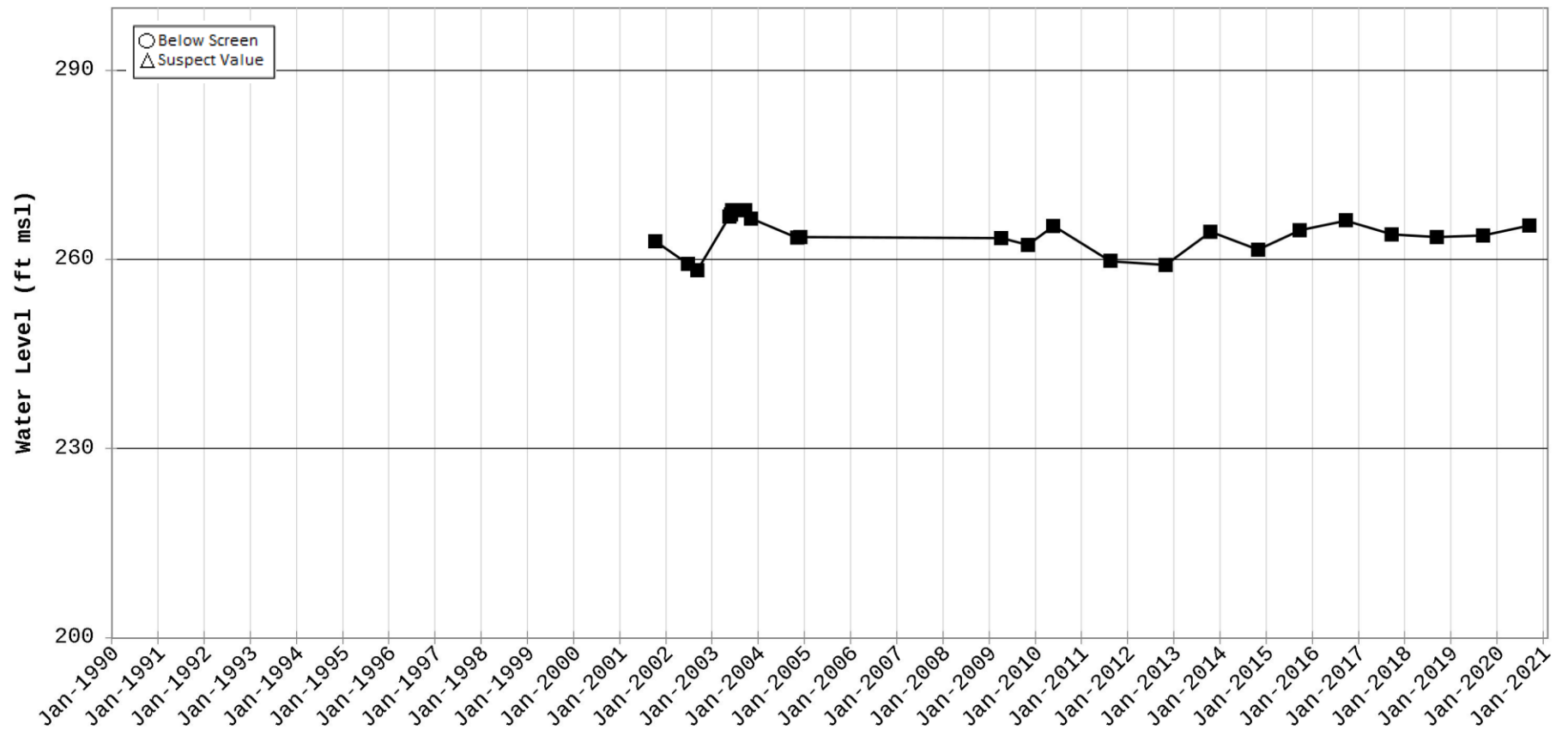
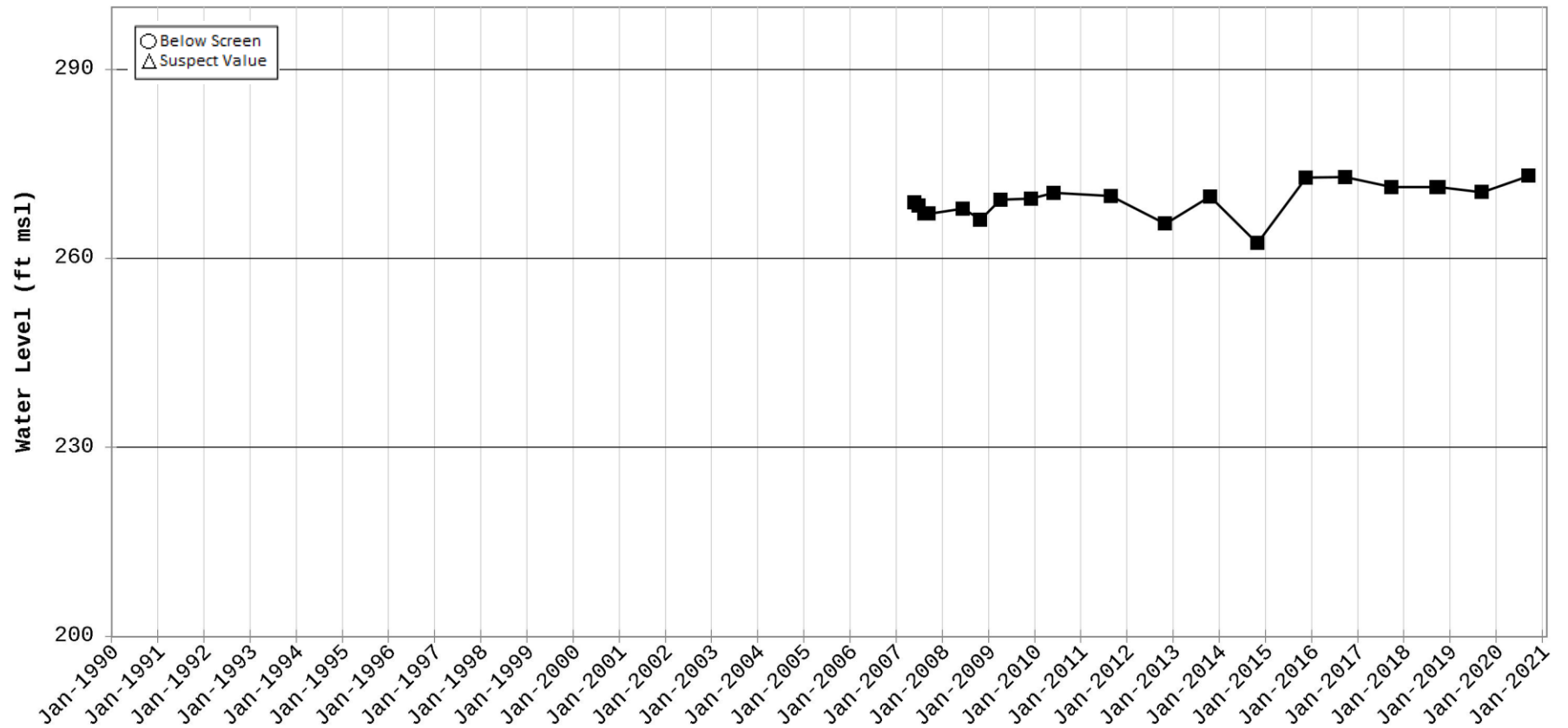


Figure B-28.

Hydrograph for Station RWT003C



APPENDIX C

Time Series Plots

This page intentionally left blank.

Figure C-1.

Time Series Plot for CARBON-14 Station for RAG003

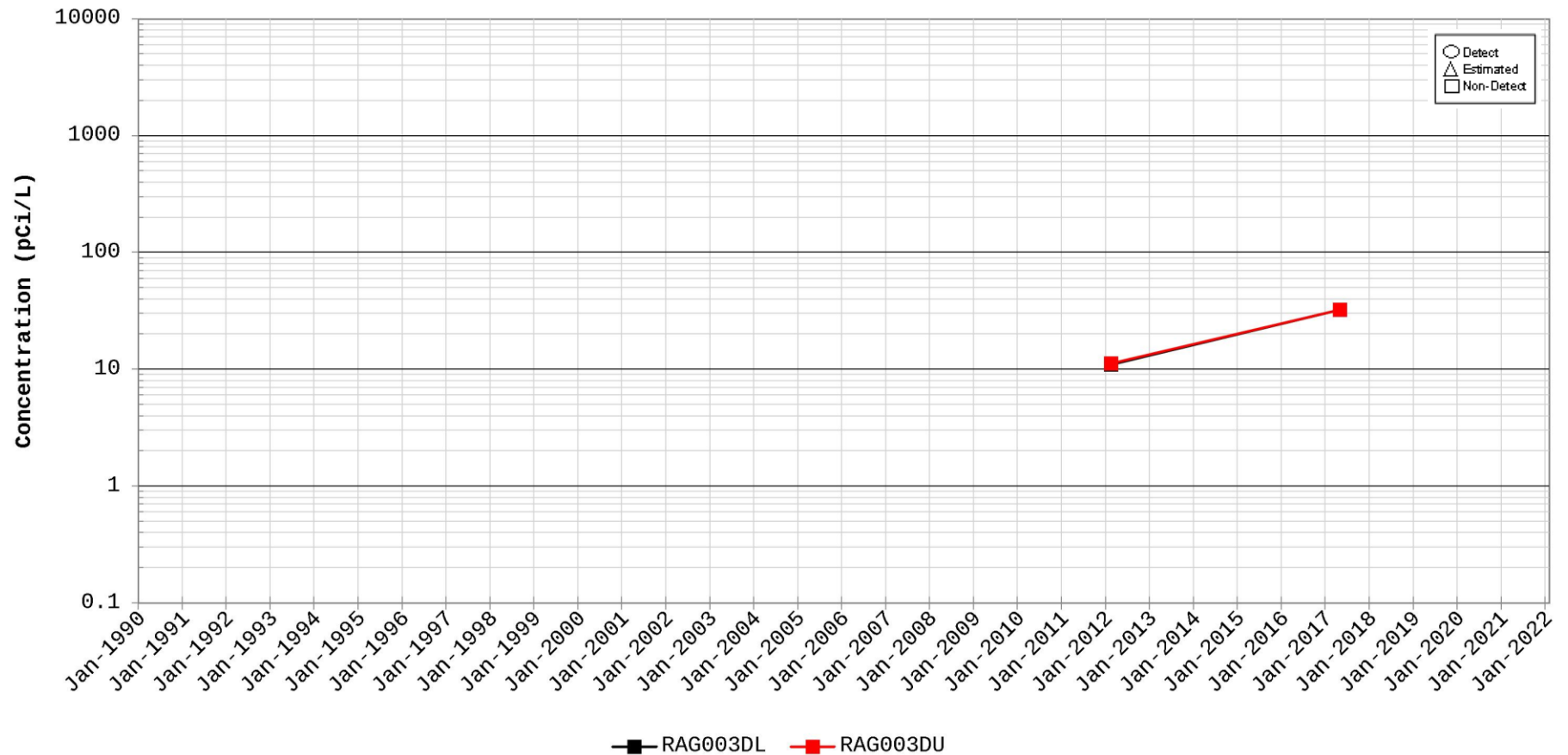


Figure C-2.

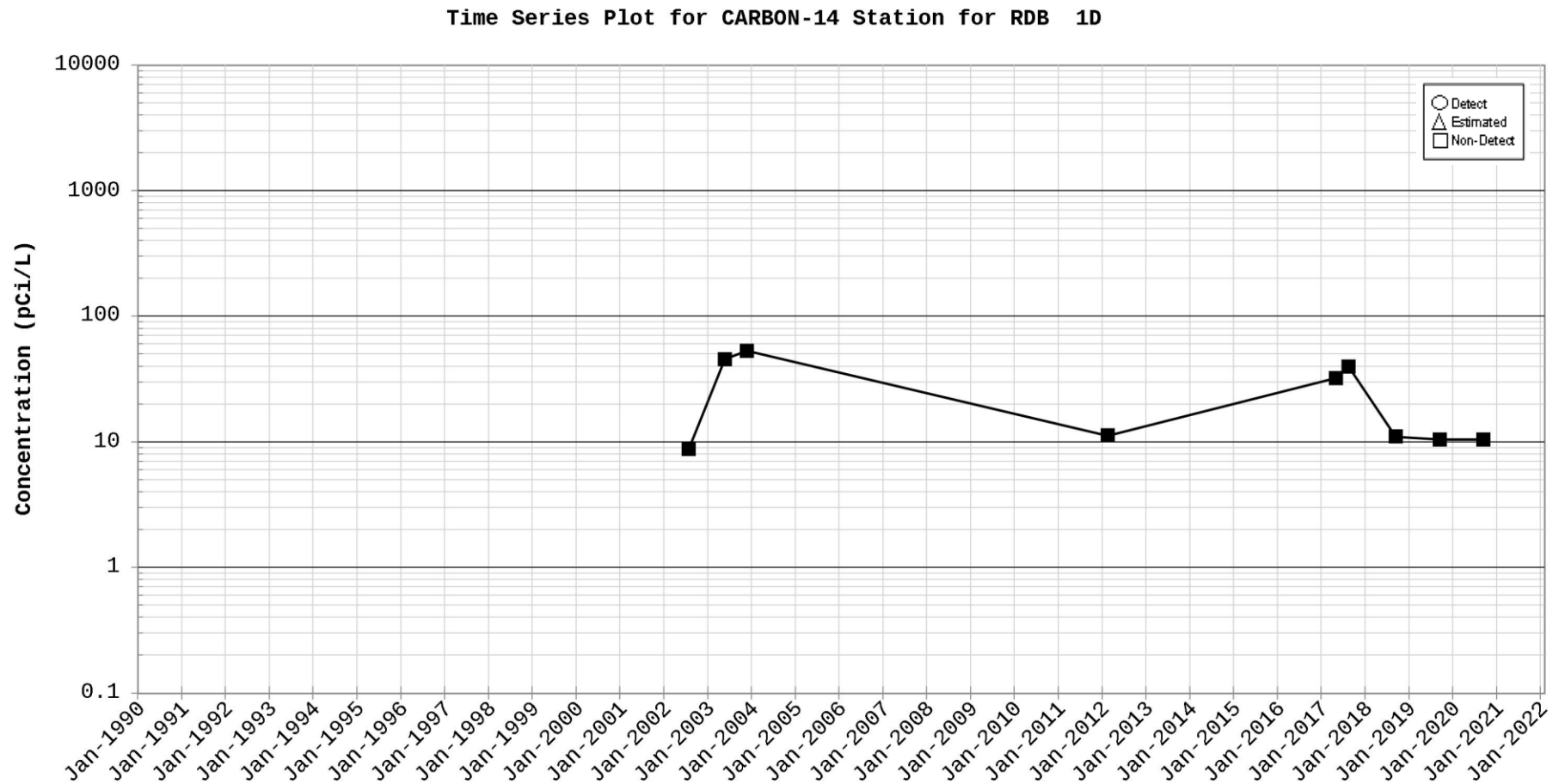


Figure C-3.

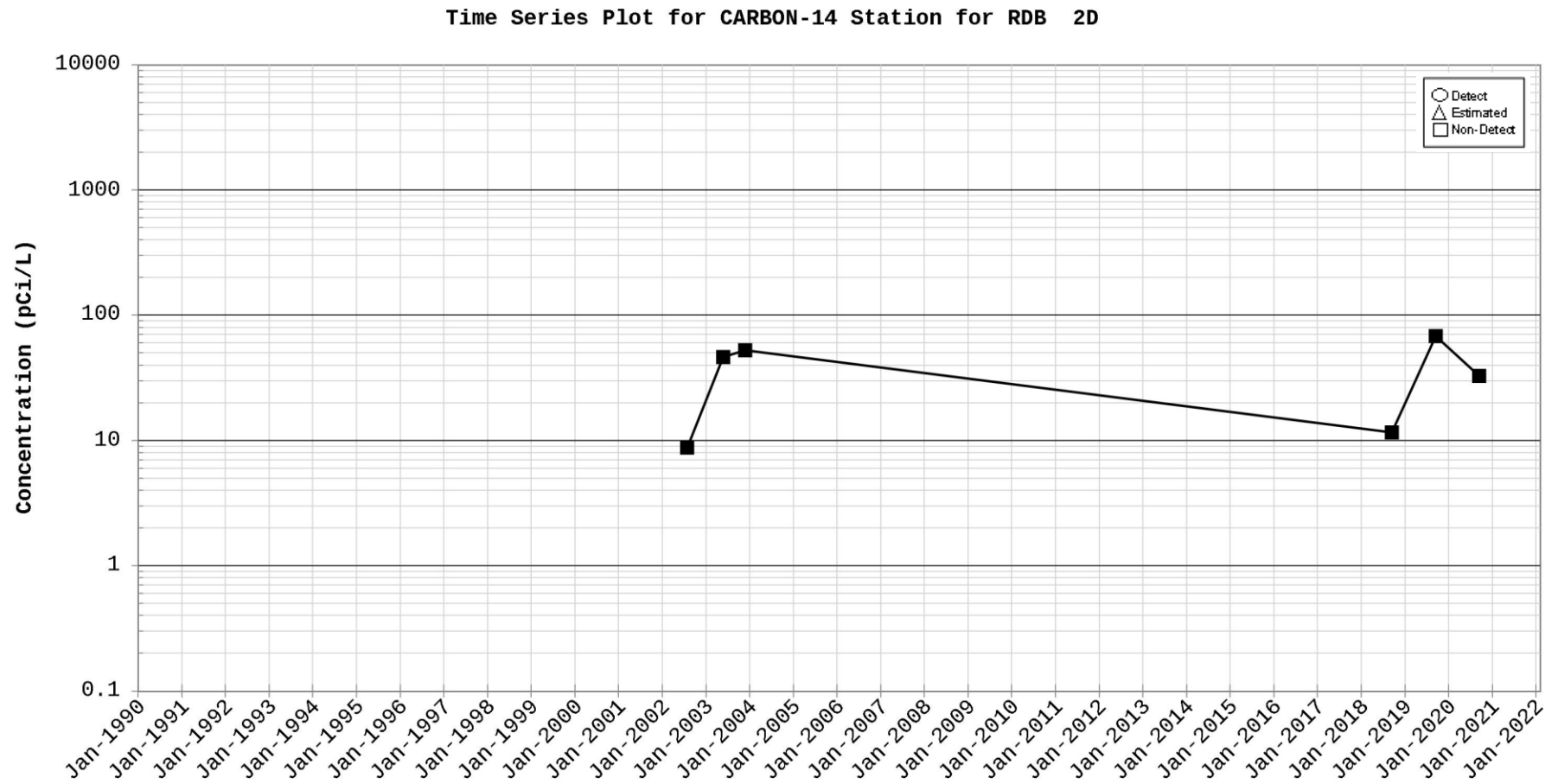


Figure C-4.

Time Series Plot for CARBON-14 Station for RDB003

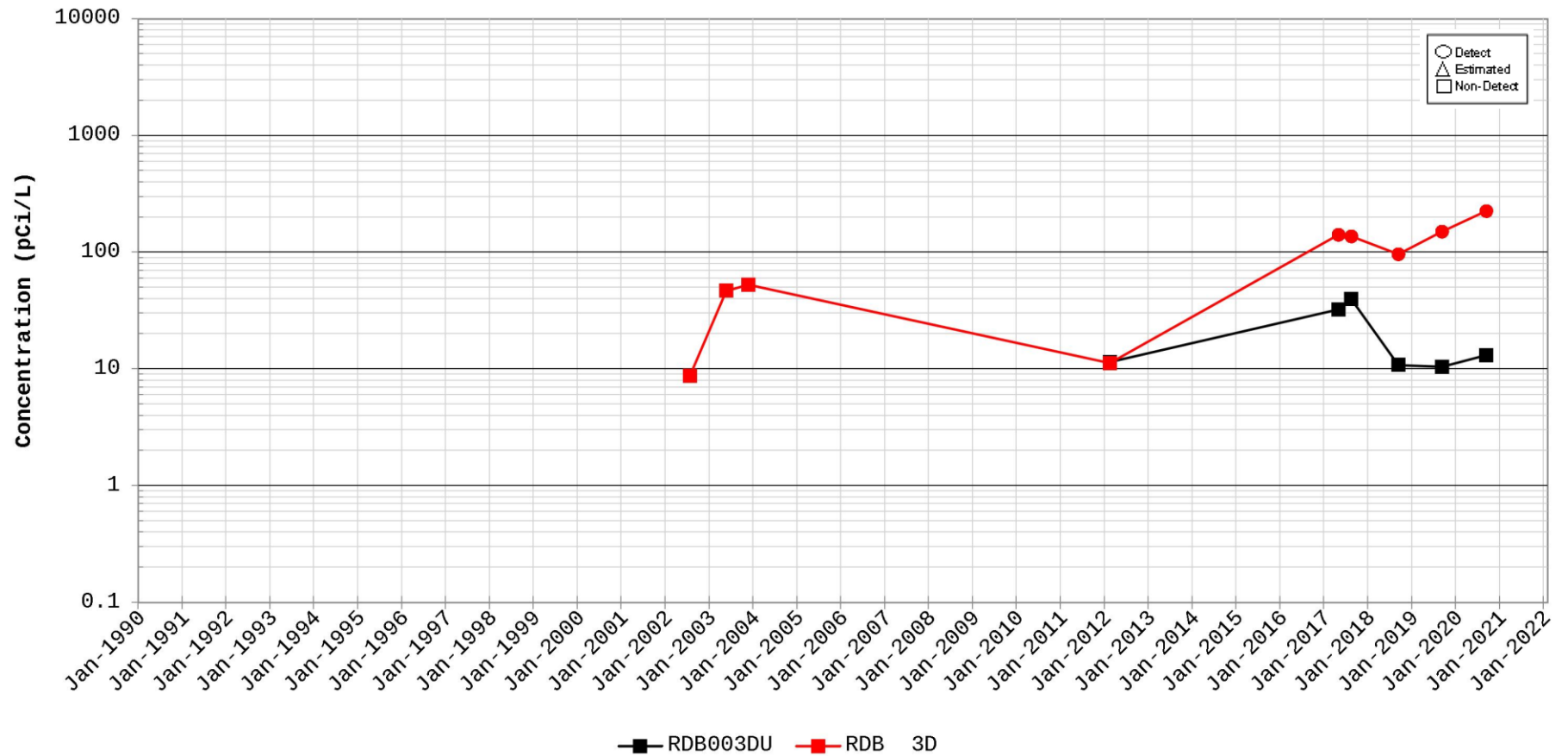


Figure C-5.

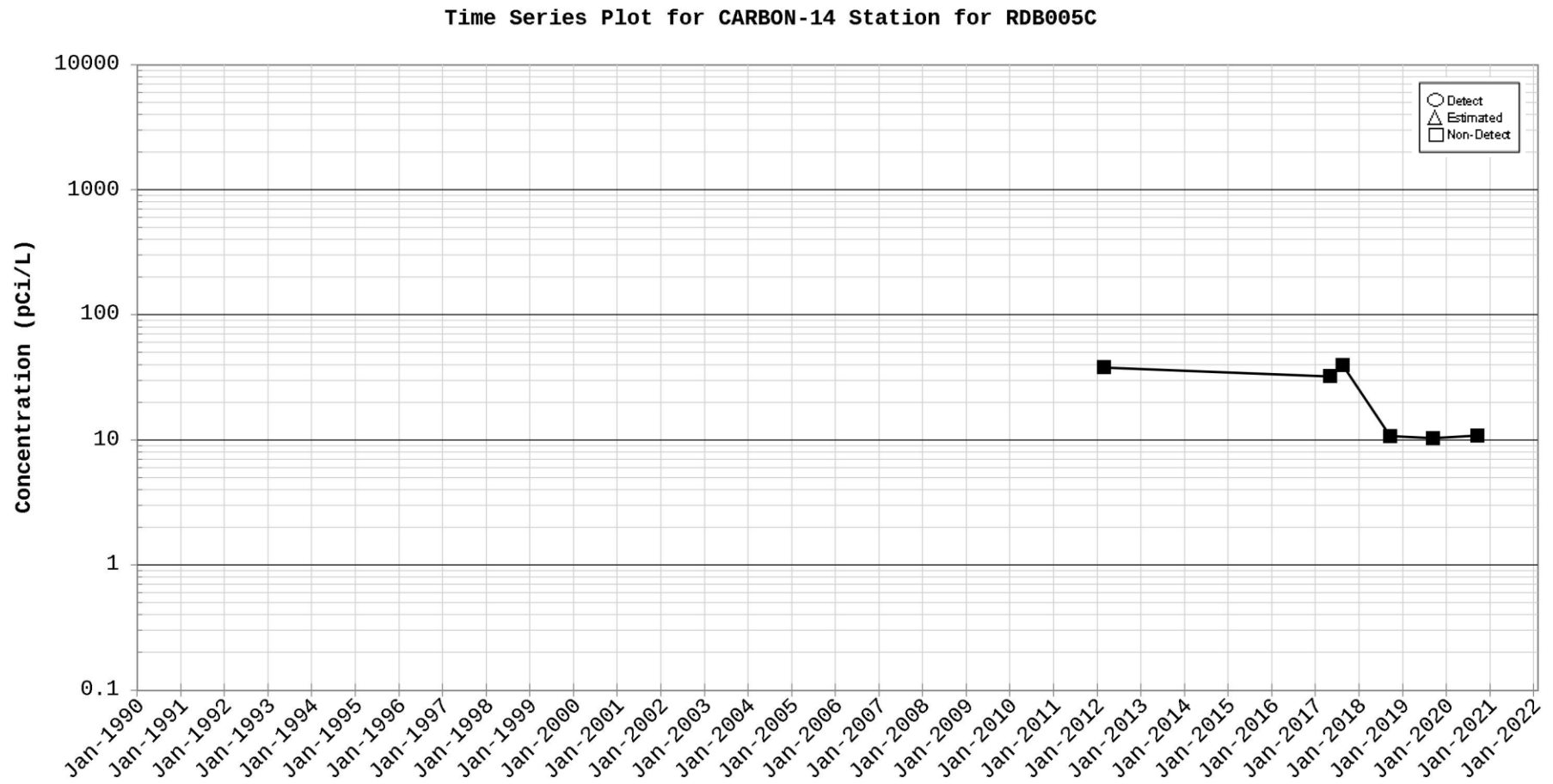


Figure C-6.

Time Series Plot for CARBON-14 Station for RPS004

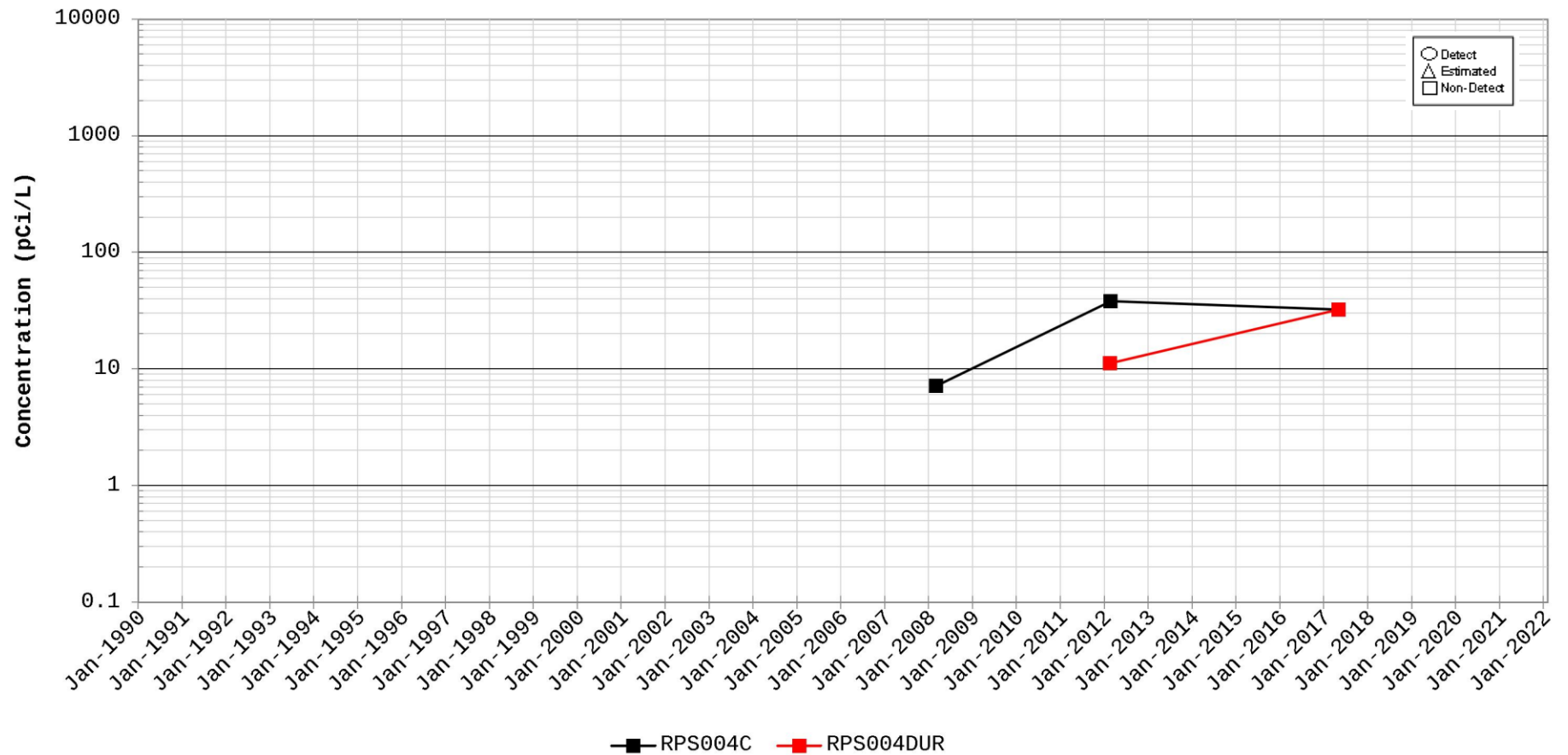


Figure C-7.

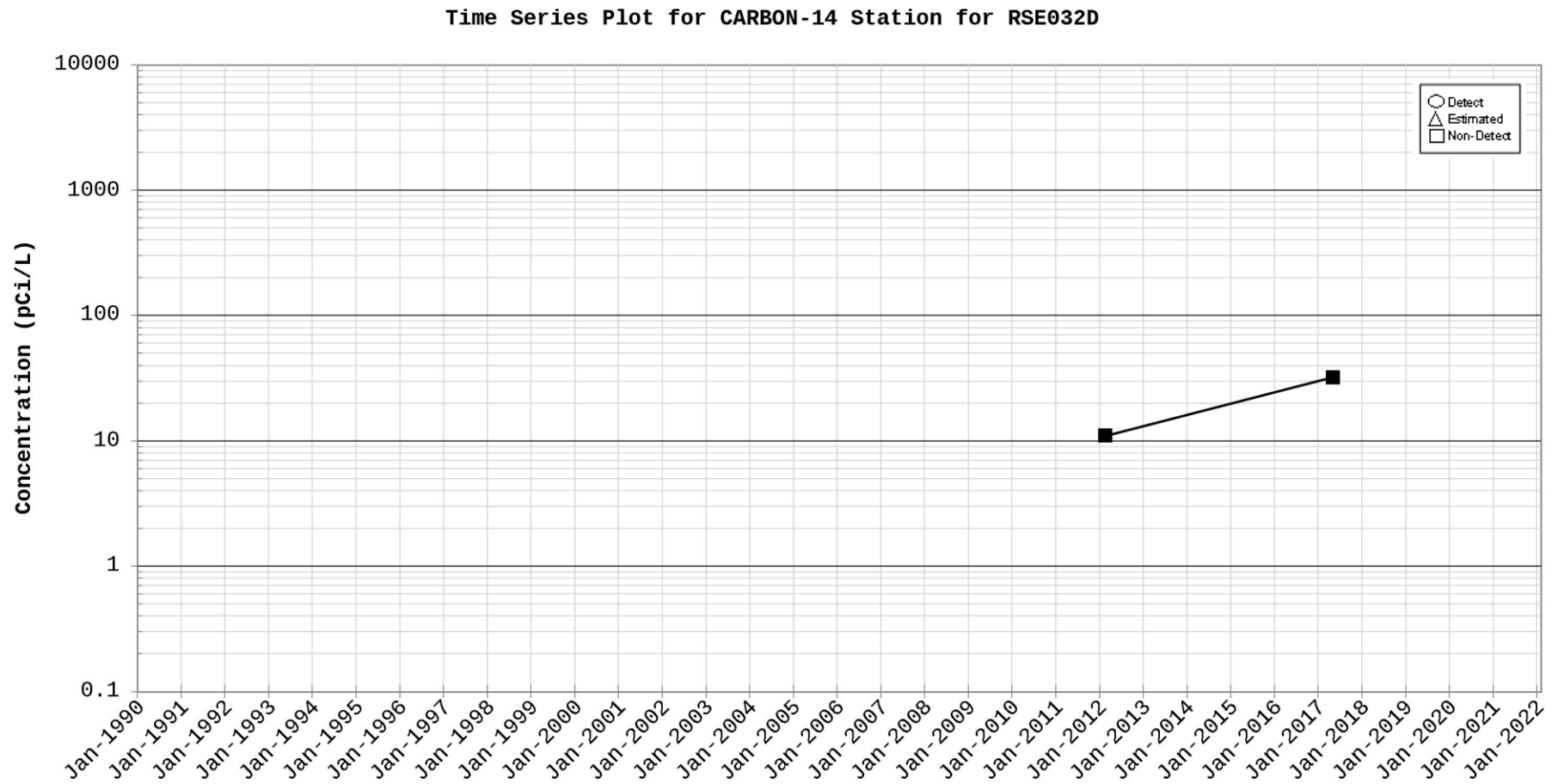


Figure C-8.

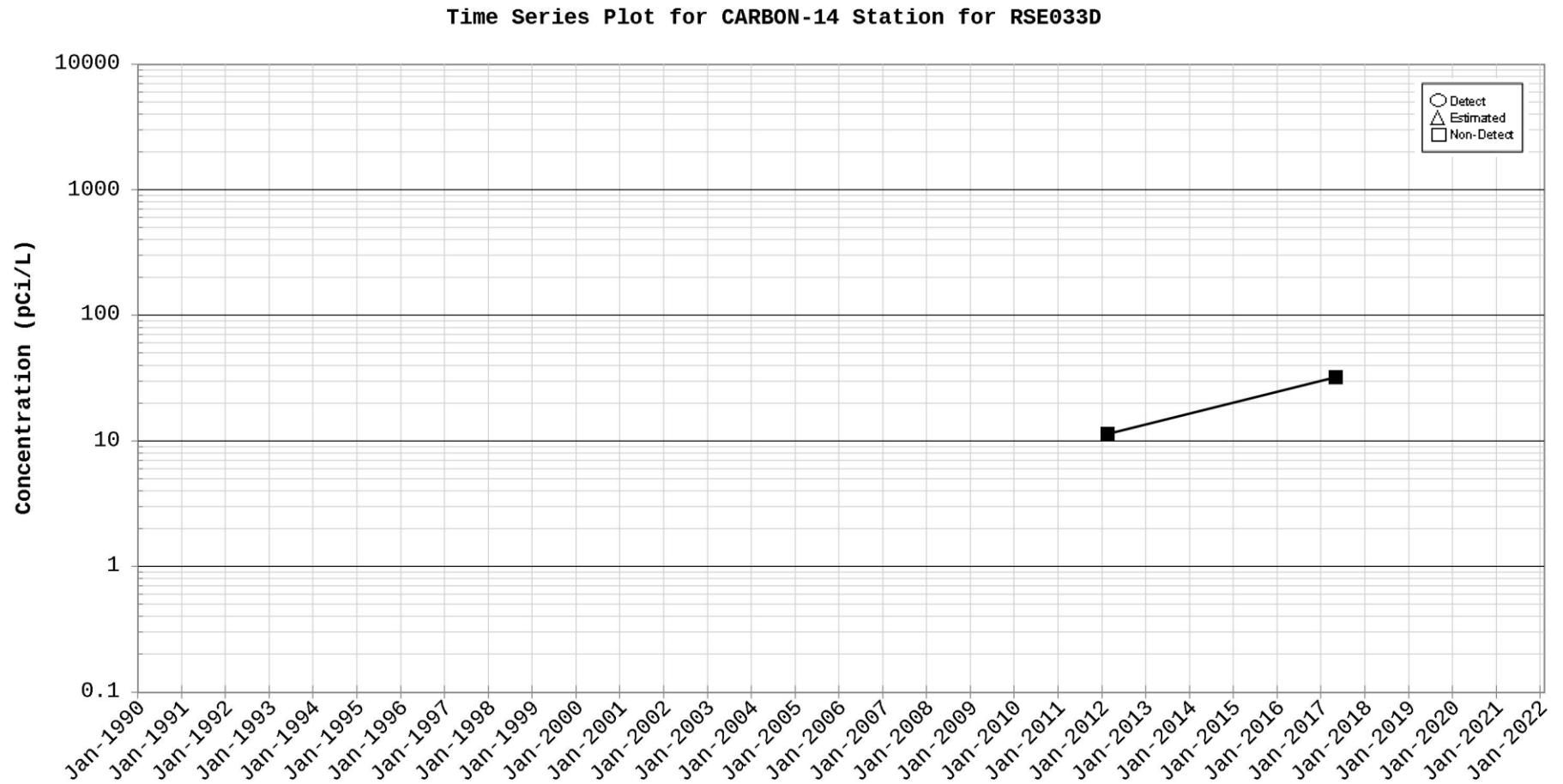


Figure C-9.

Time Series Plot for Chloroethene (Vinyl Chloride) Station for JBS005

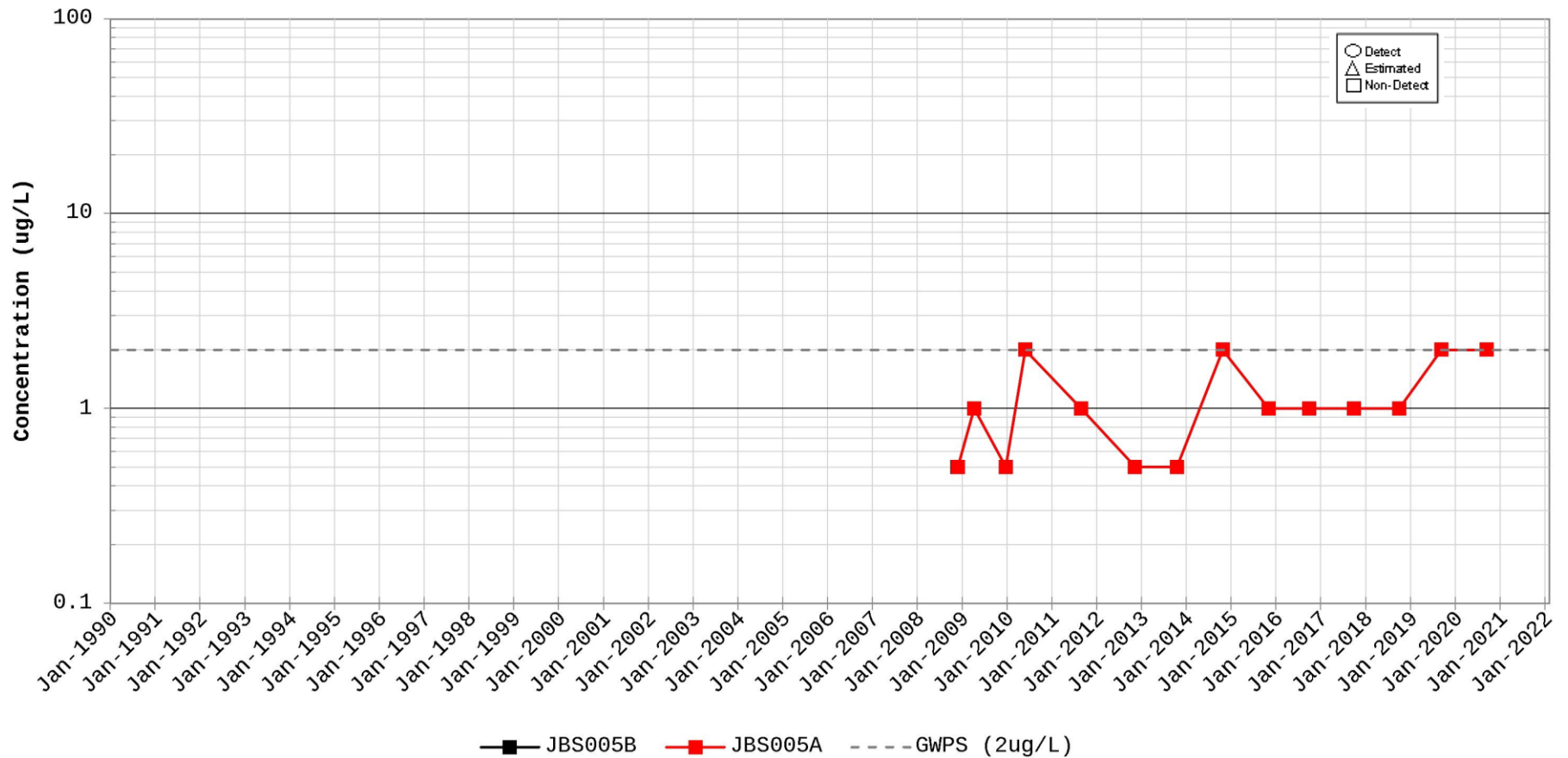


Figure C-10.

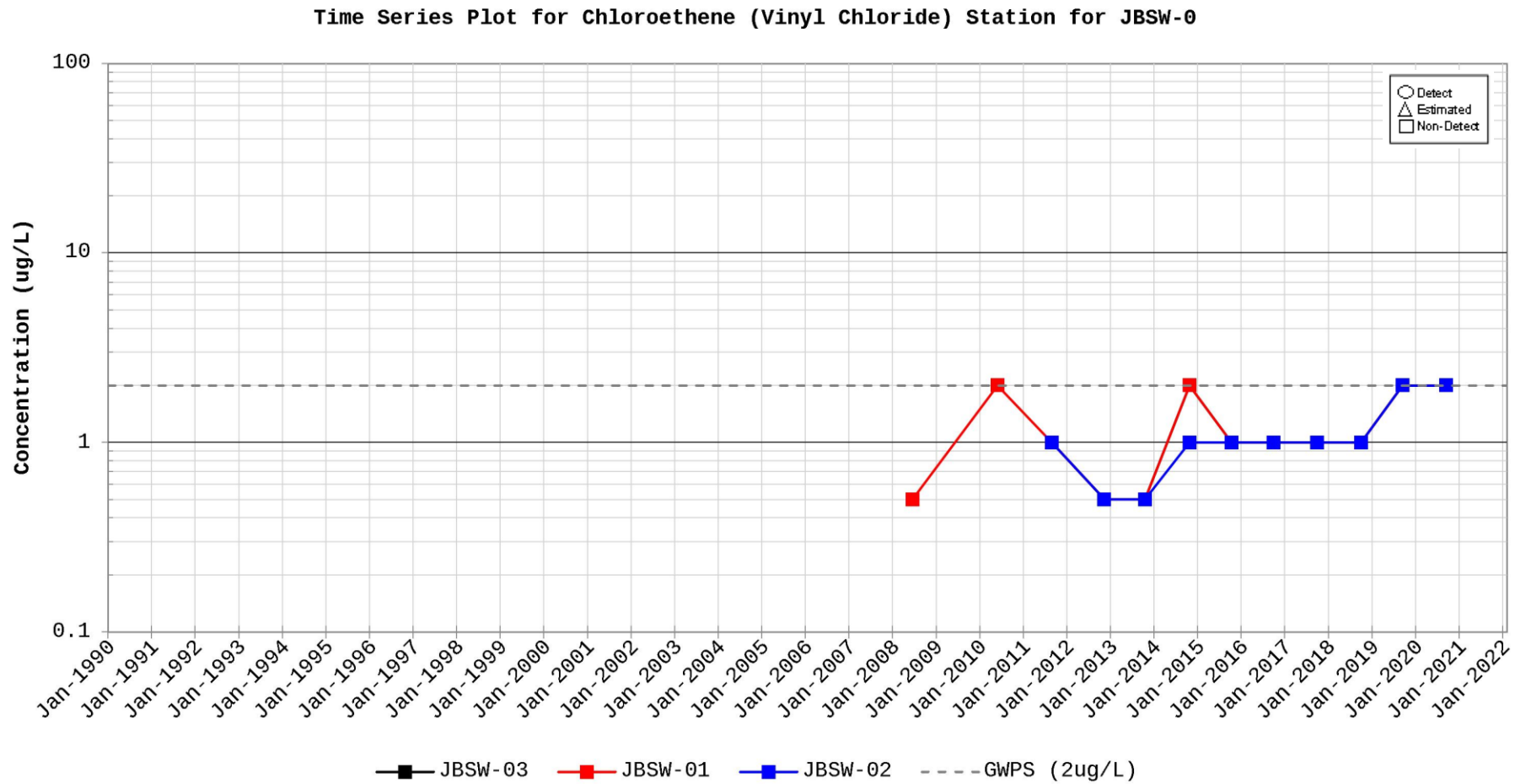


Figure C-11.

Time Series Plot for Chloroethene (Vinyl Chloride) Station for RAG006

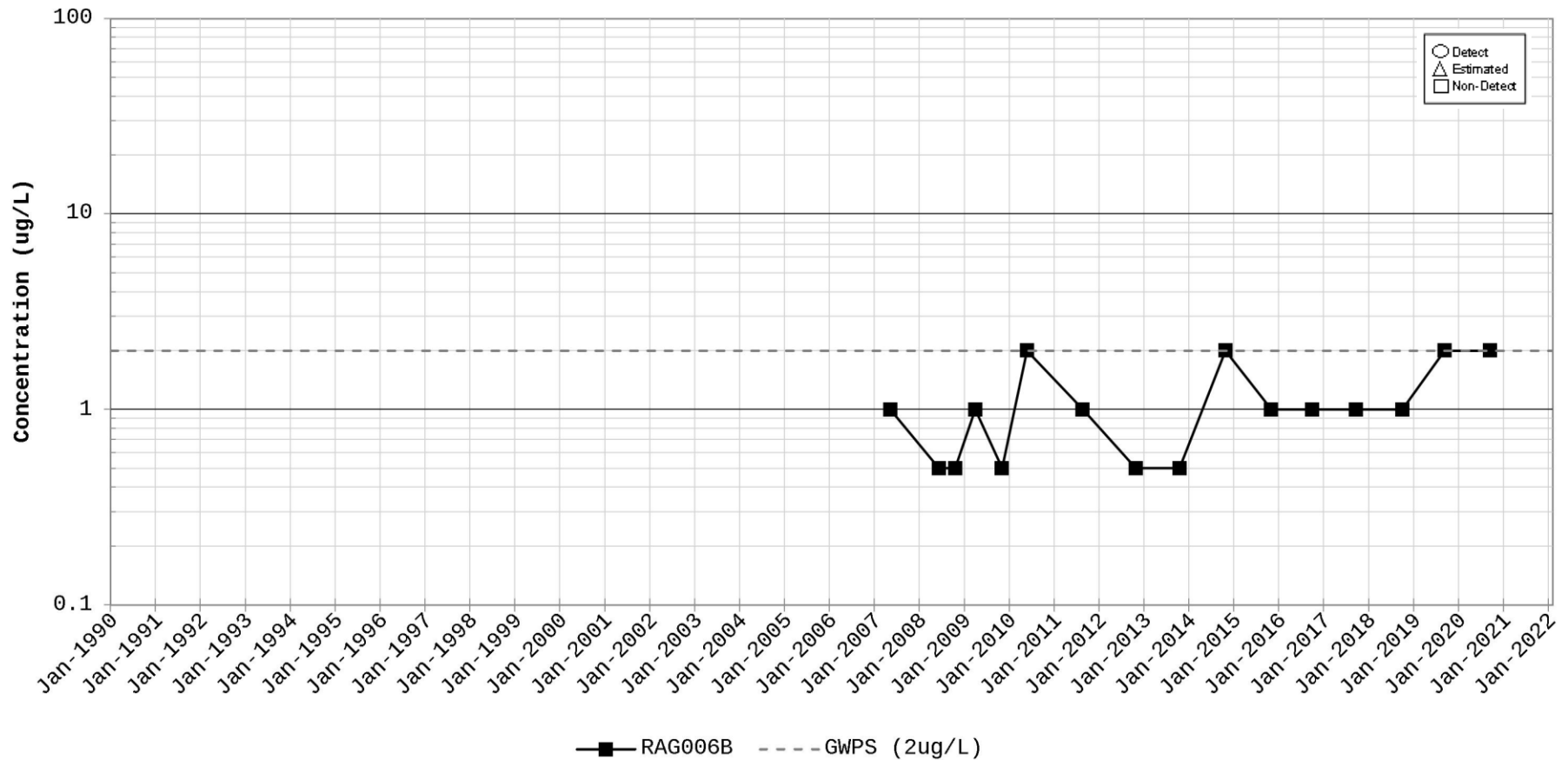


Figure C-12.

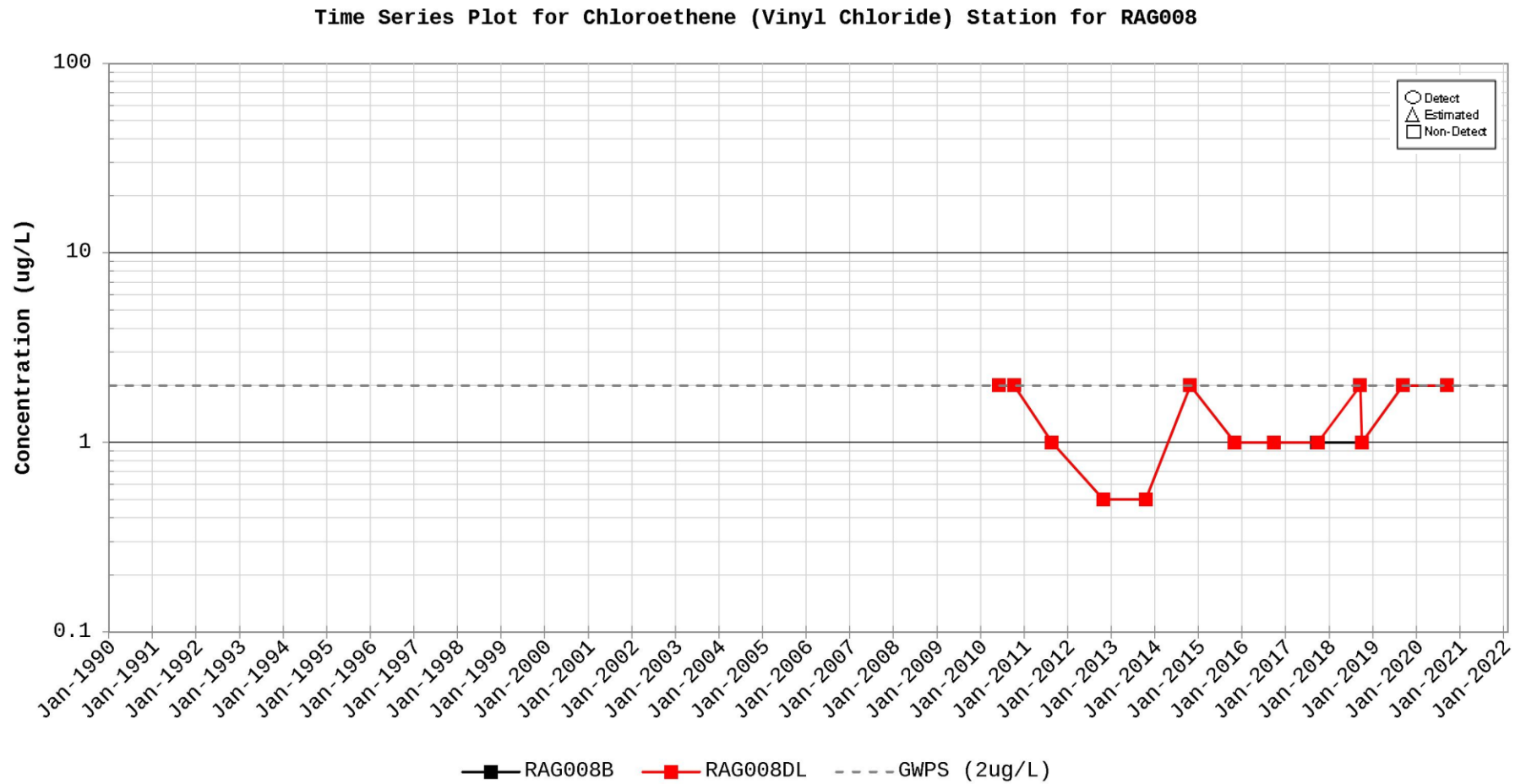


Figure C-13.

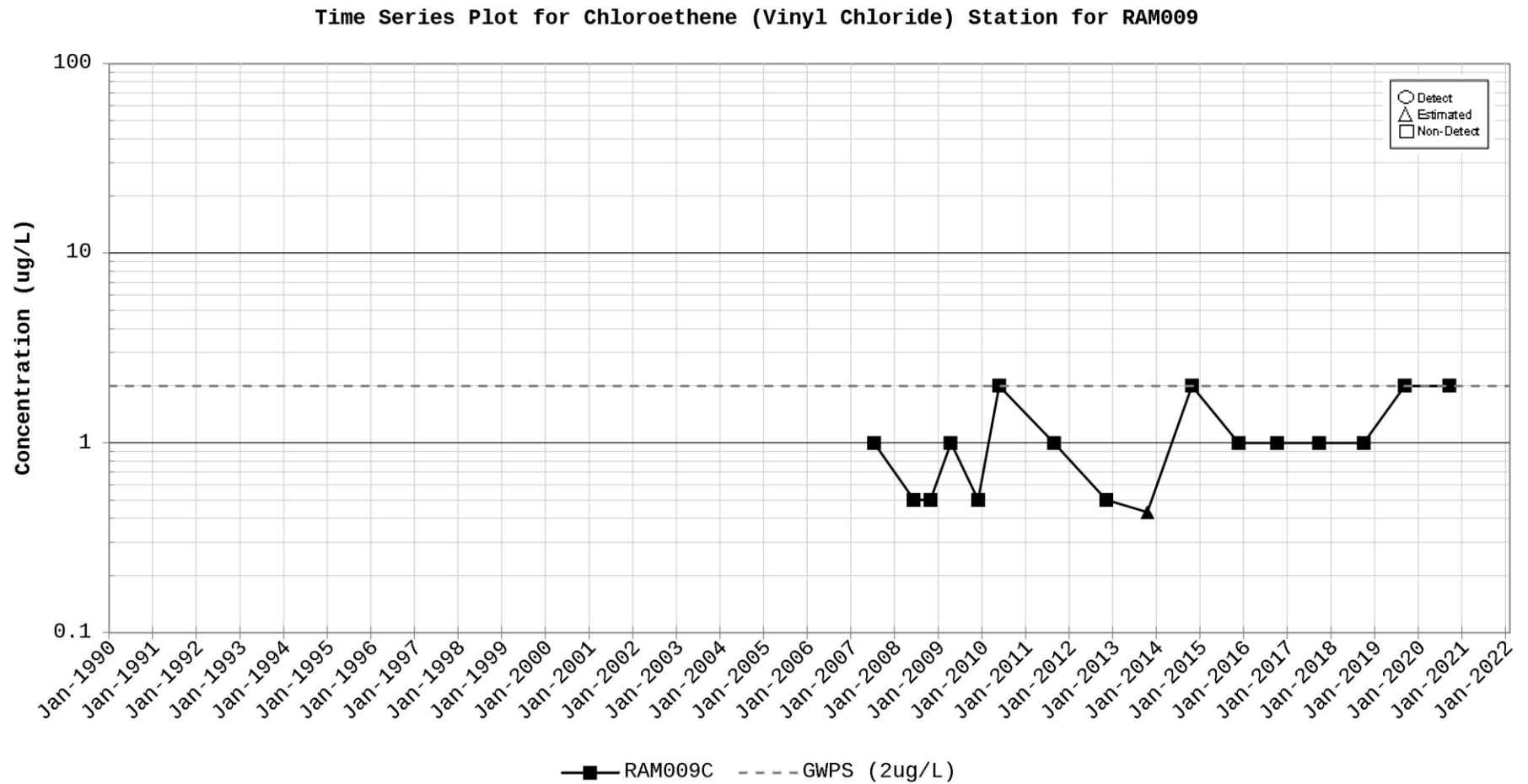


Figure C-14.

Time Series Plot for Chloroethene (Vinyl Chloride) Station for RBP 11

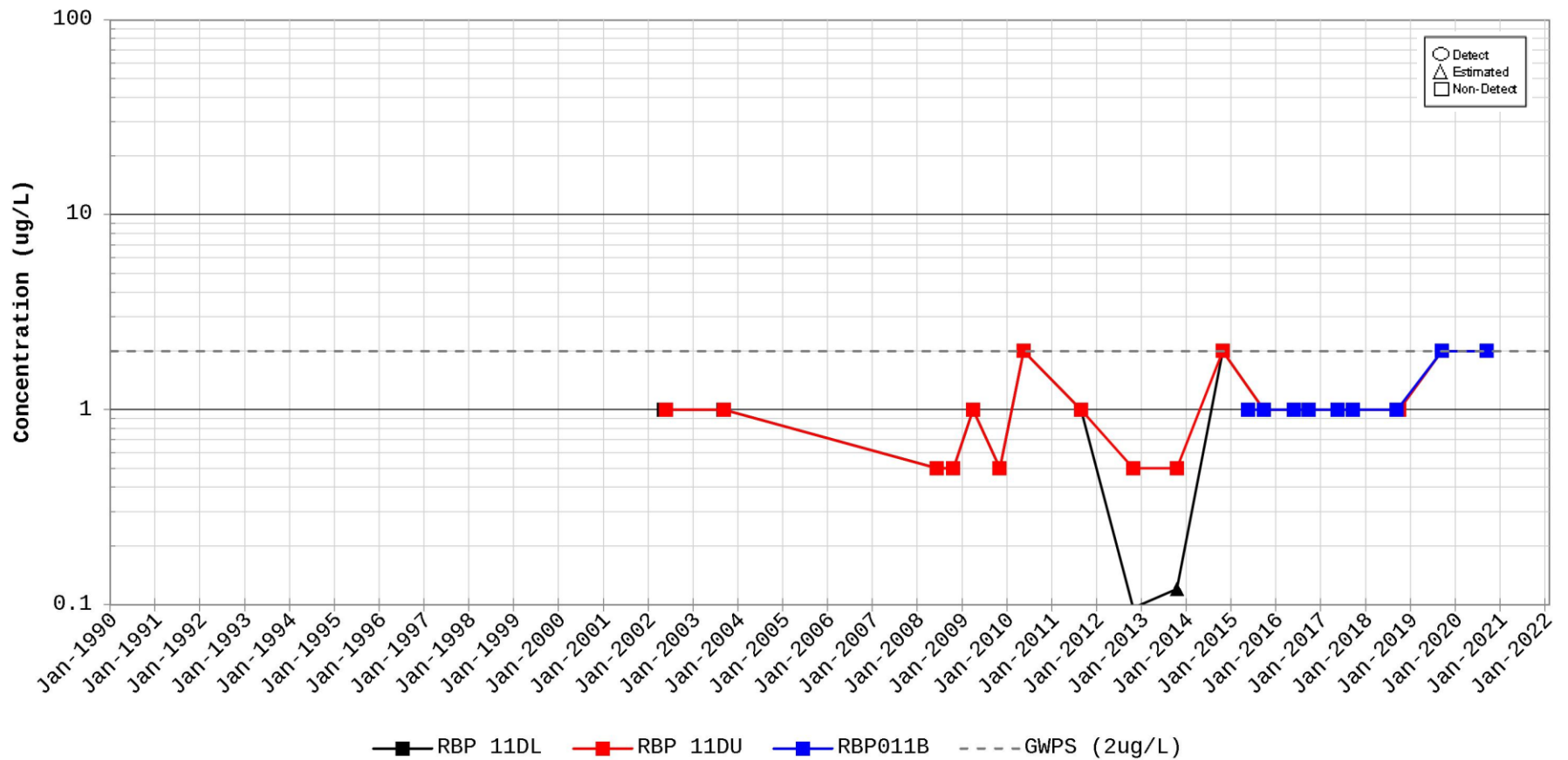


Figure C-15.

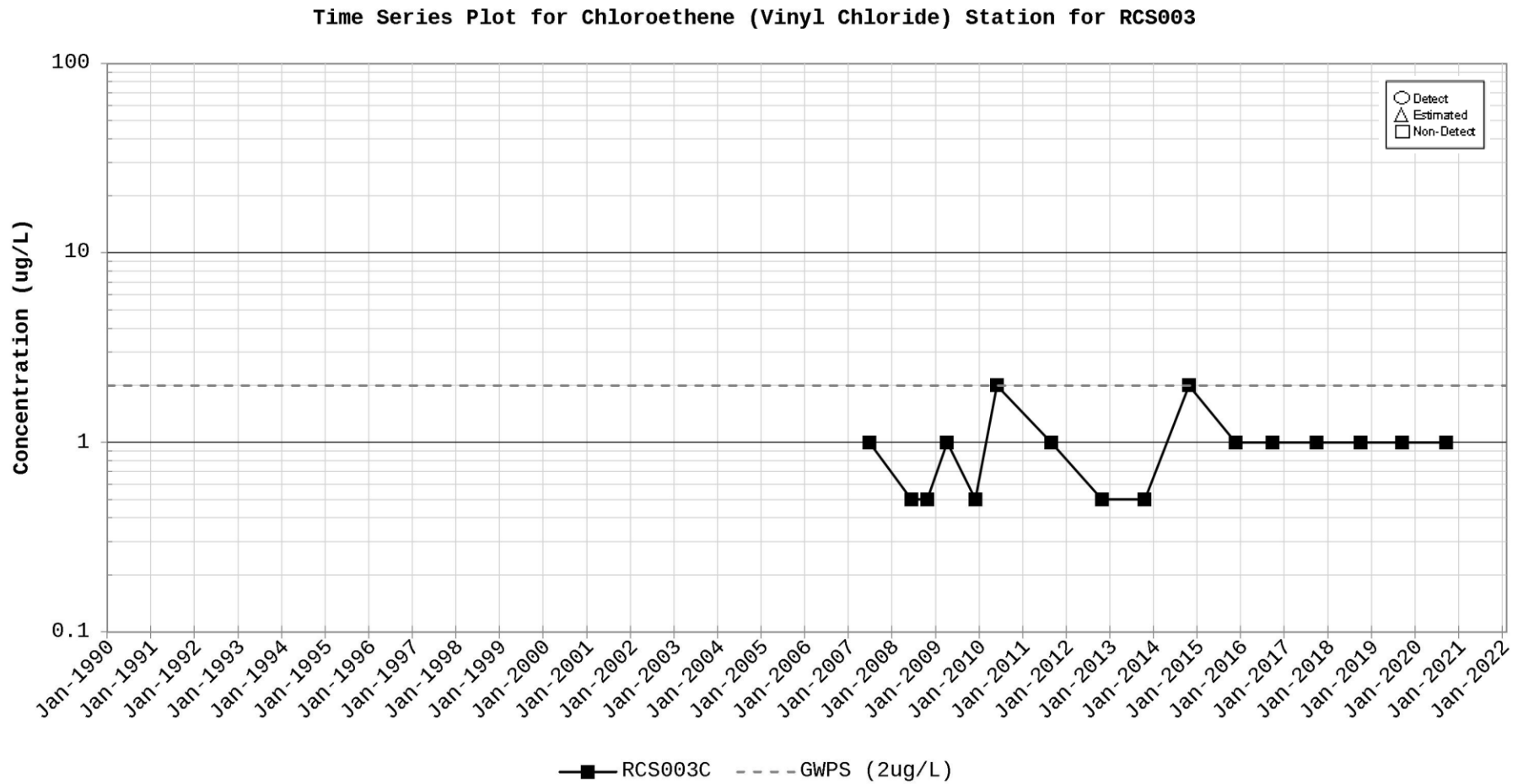


Figure C-16.

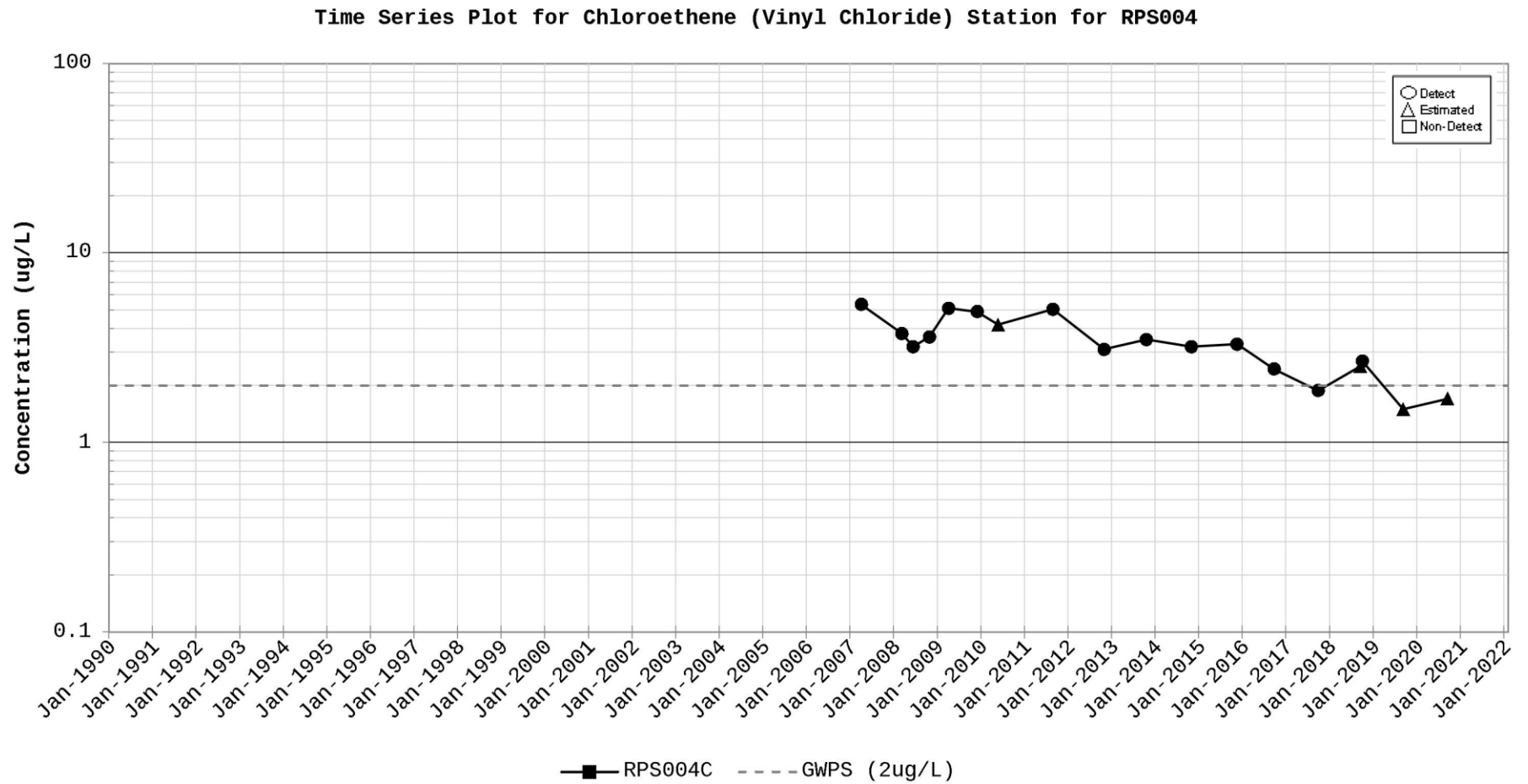


Figure C-17.
Time Series Plot for Chloroethene (Vinyl Chloride) Station for RWT003

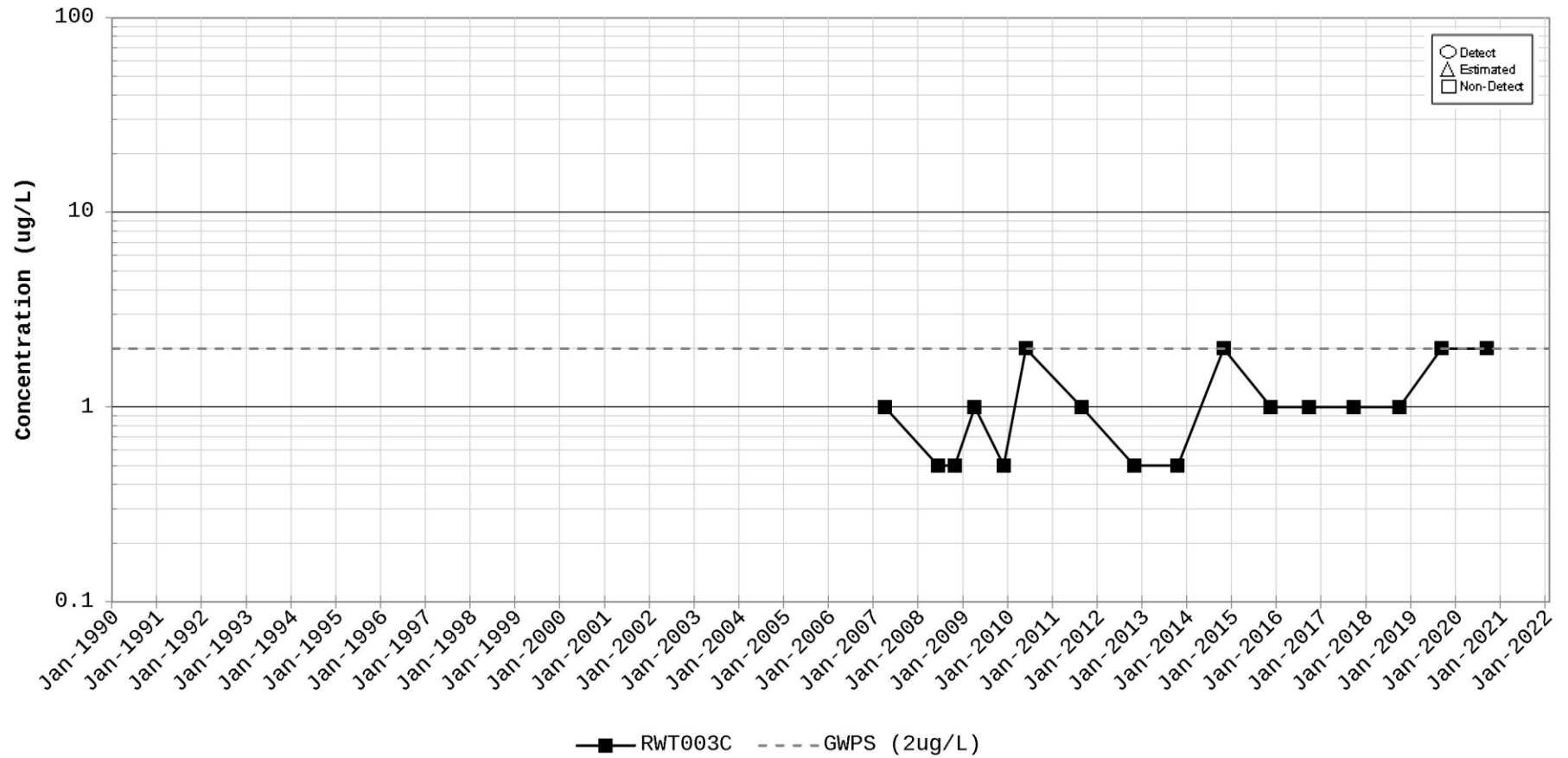


Figure C-18.

Time Series Plot for cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene Station for JBS005

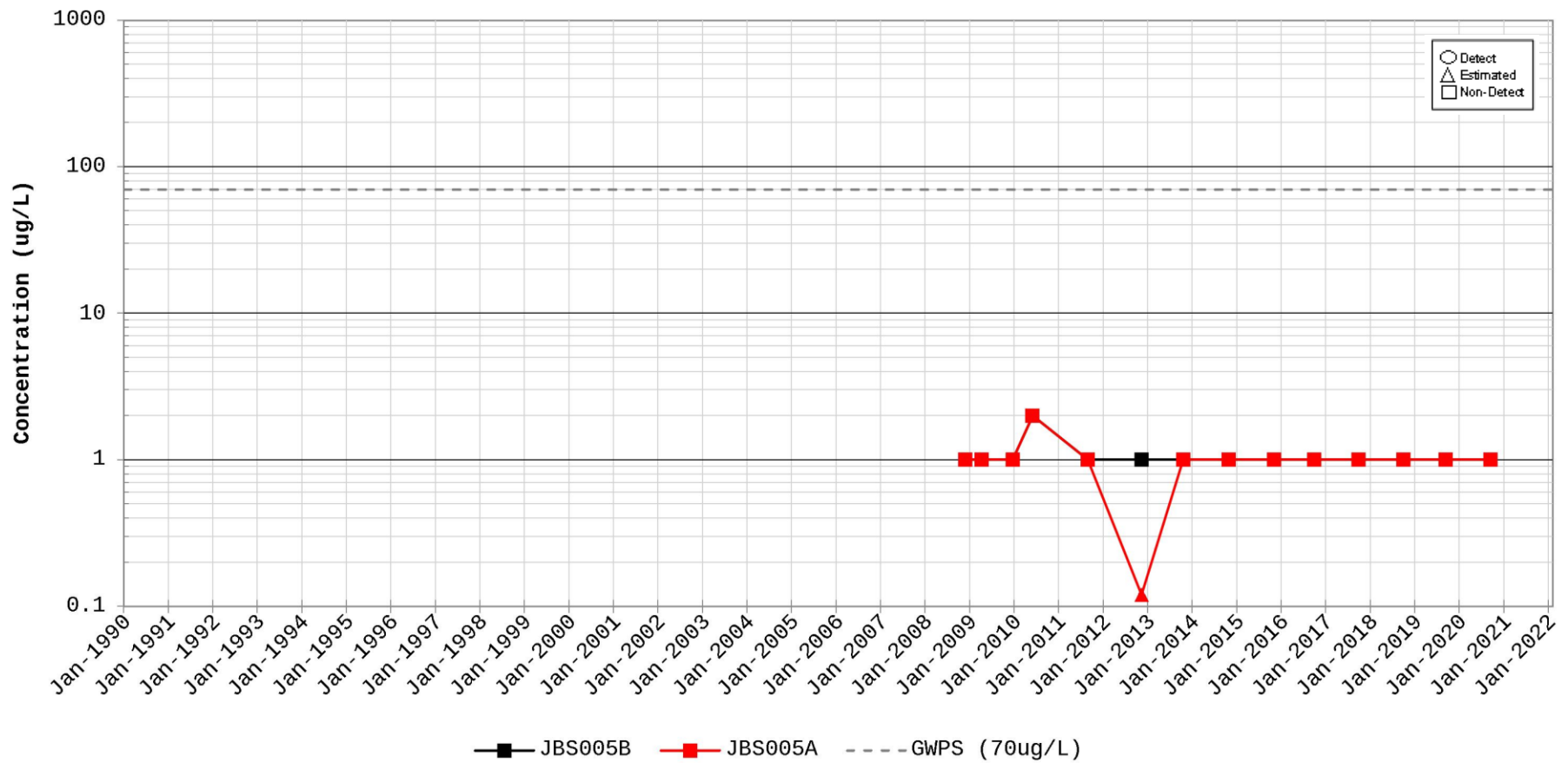


Figure C-19.

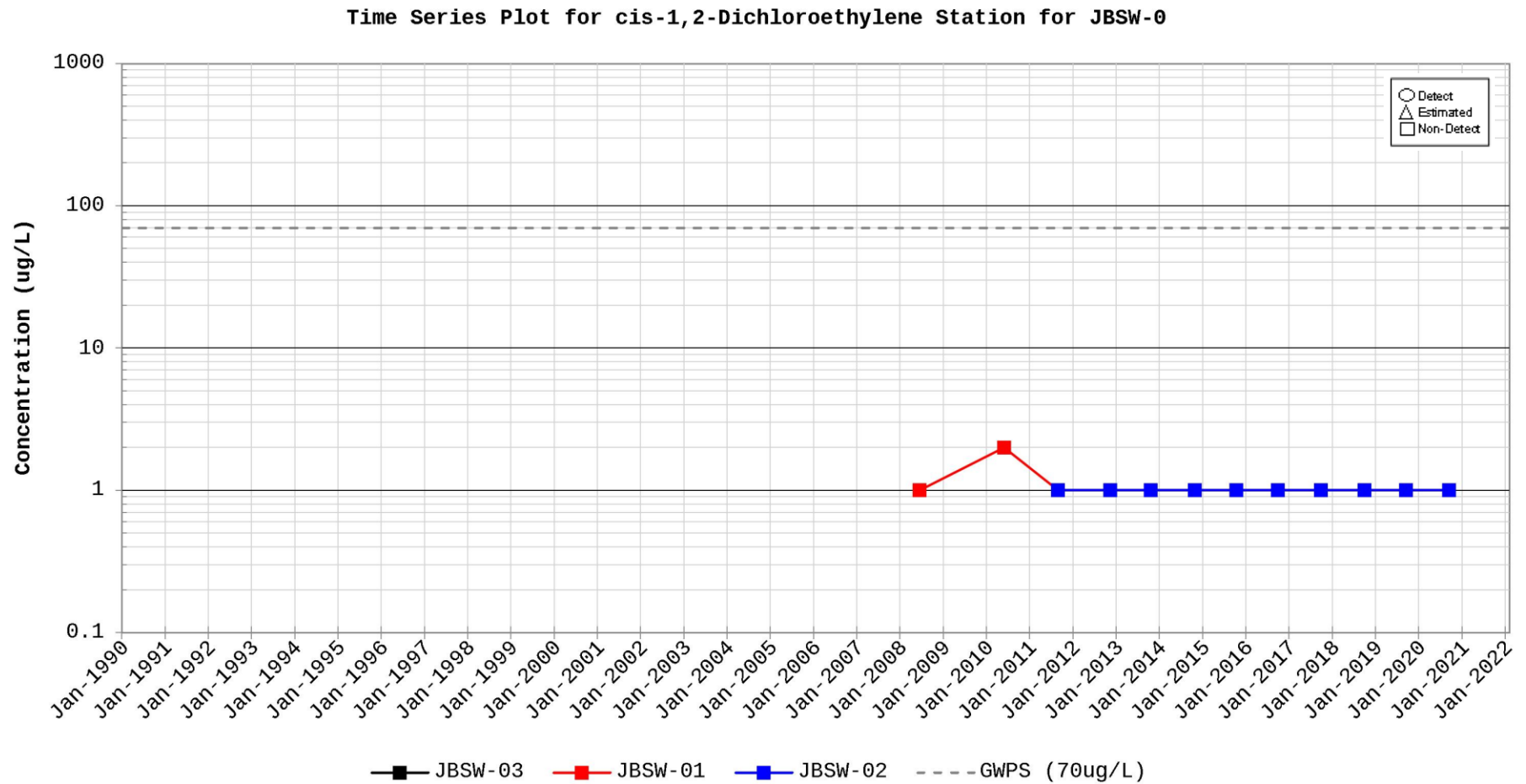


Figure C-20.

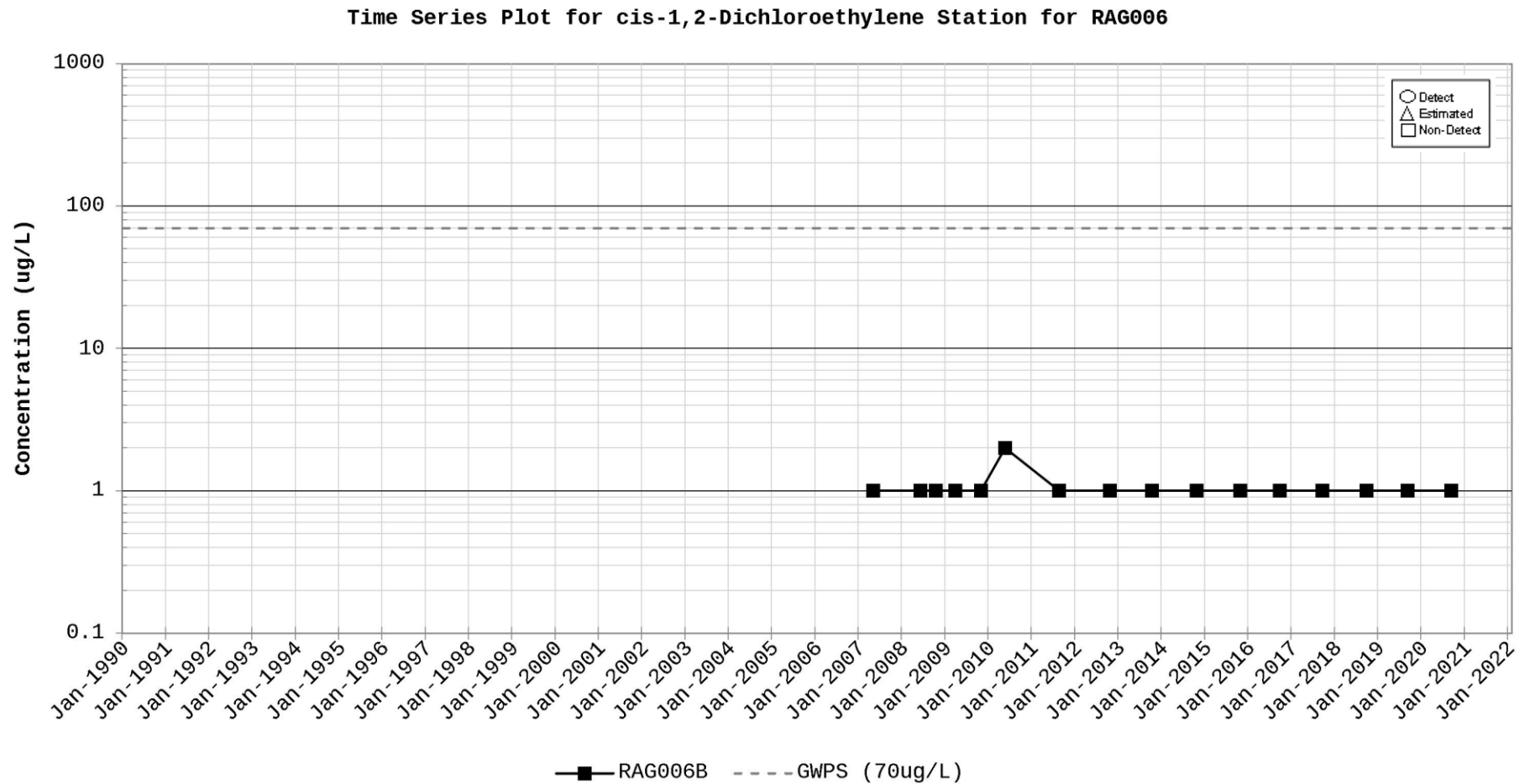


Figure C-21.

Time Series Plot for cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene Station for RAG008

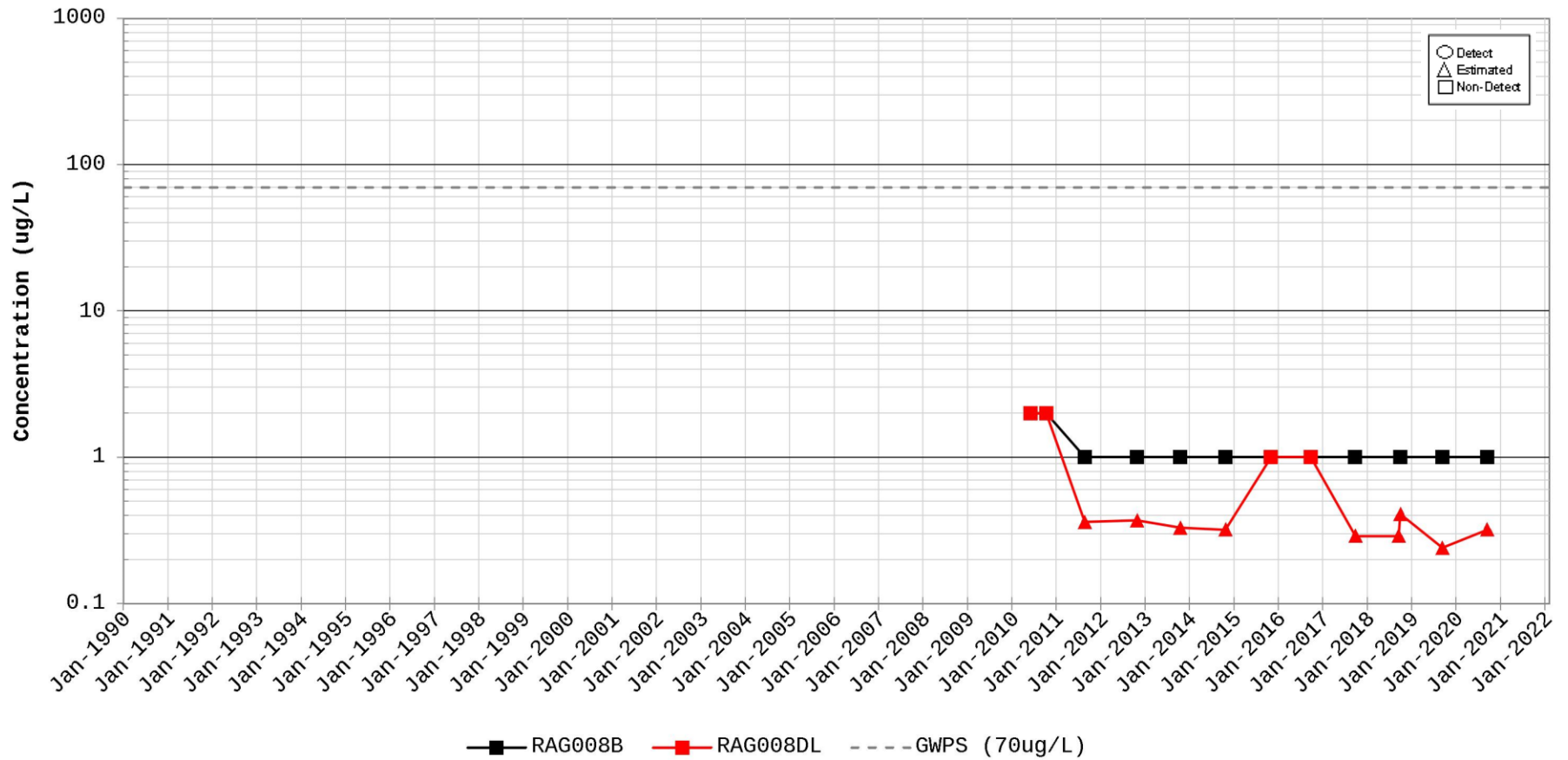


Figure C-22.

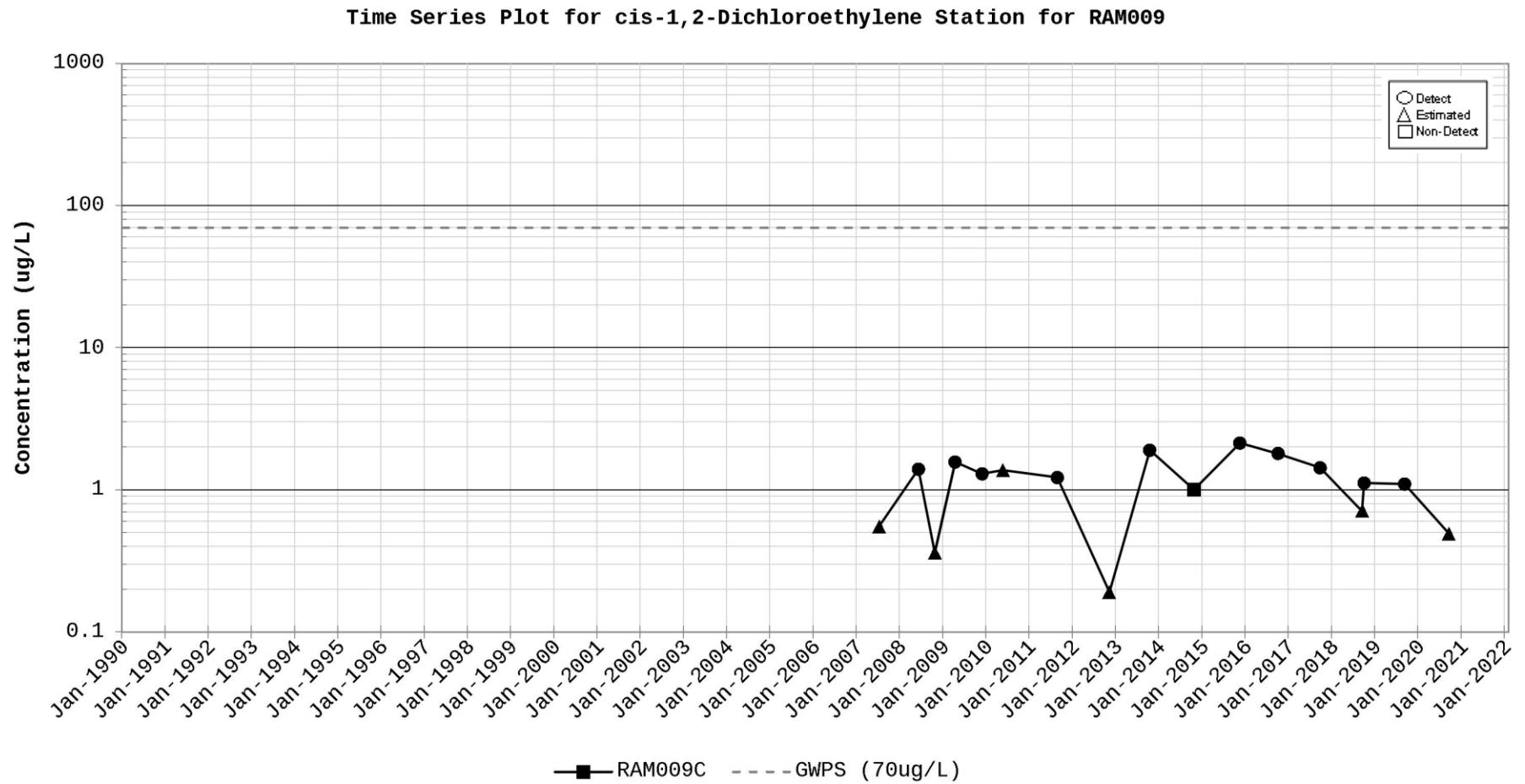


Figure C-23.

Time Series Plot for cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene Station for RBP 11

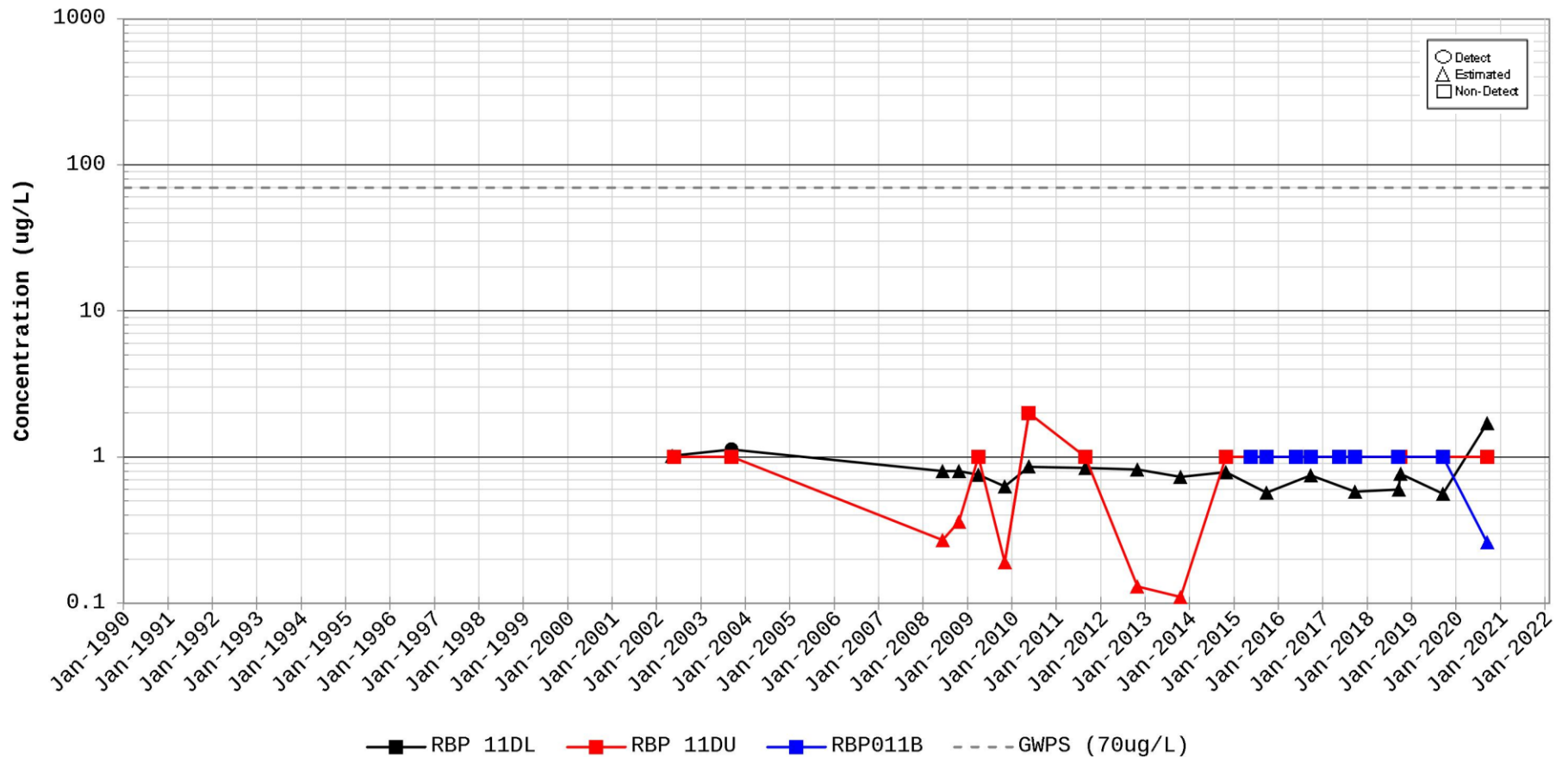


Figure C-24.

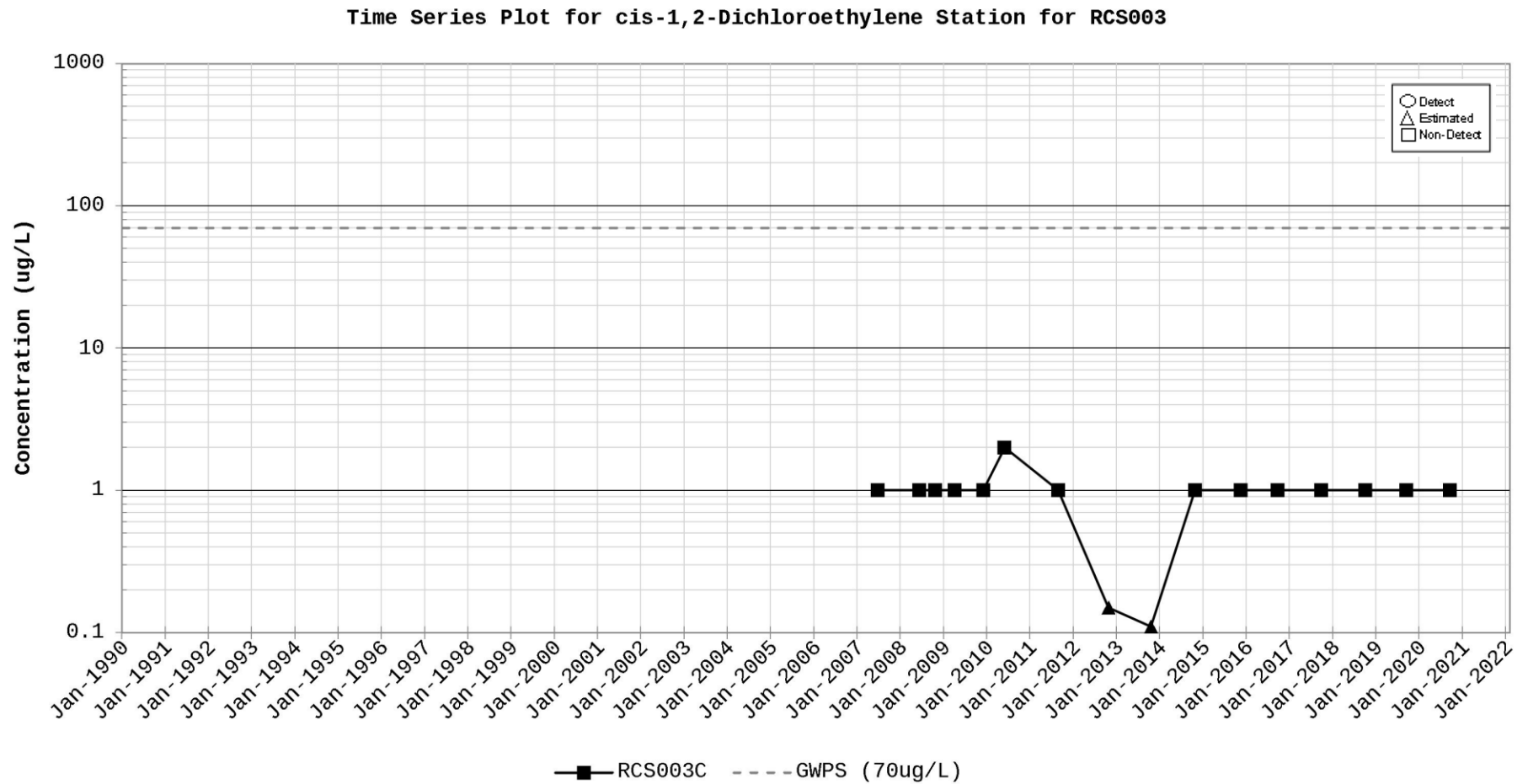


Figure C-25.

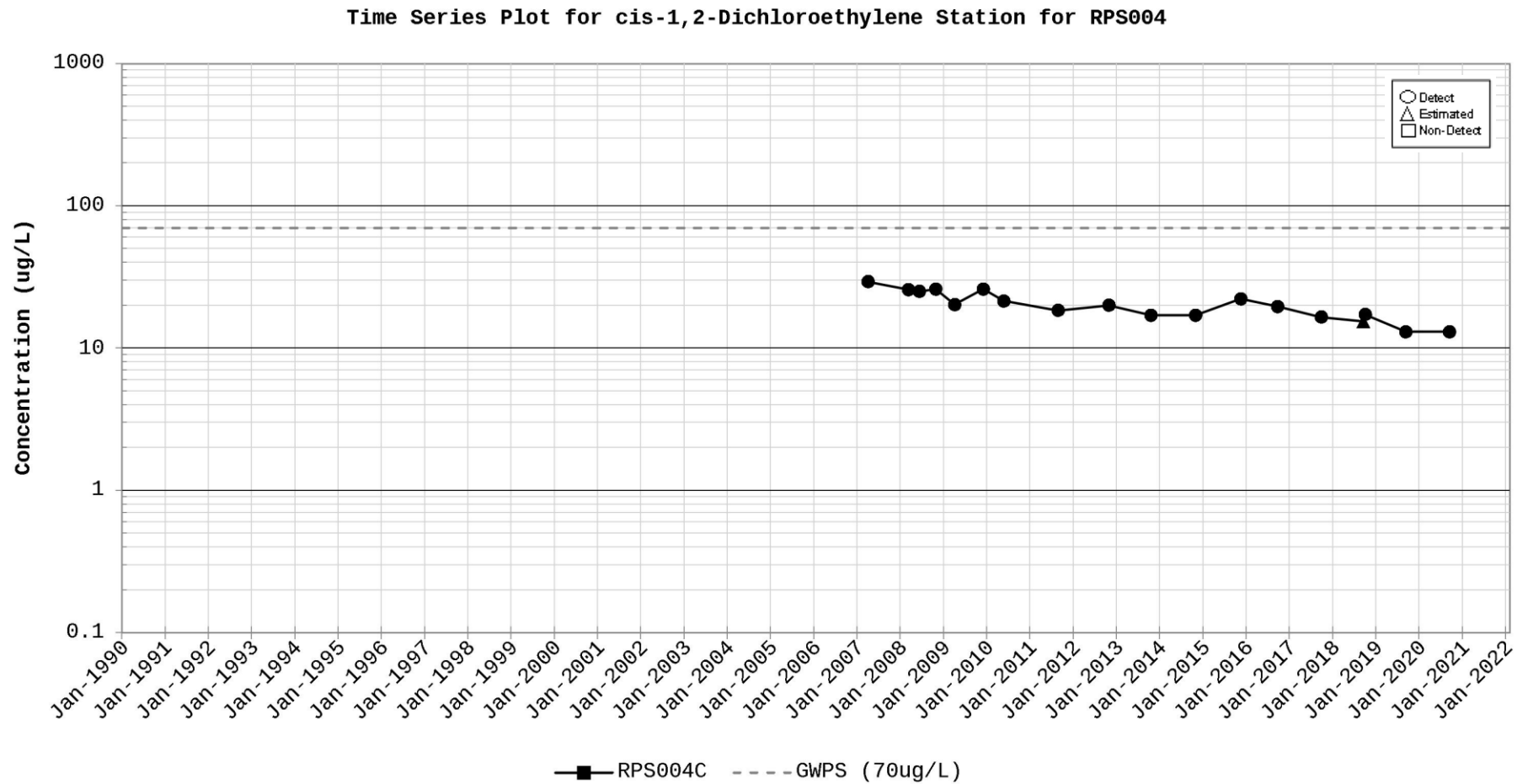


Figure C-26.

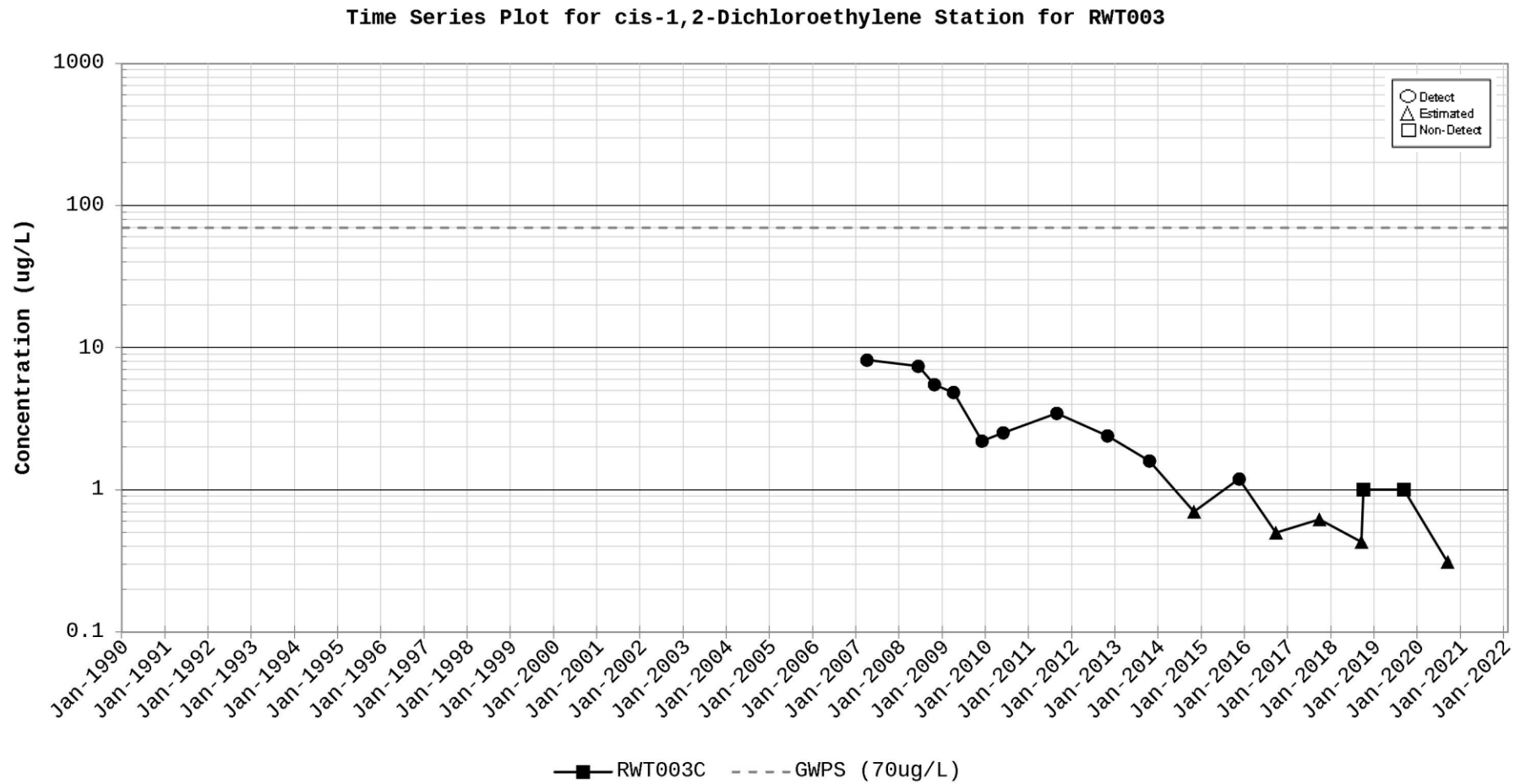


Figure C-27.

Time Series Plot for Trichloroethylene (TCE) Station for JBS005

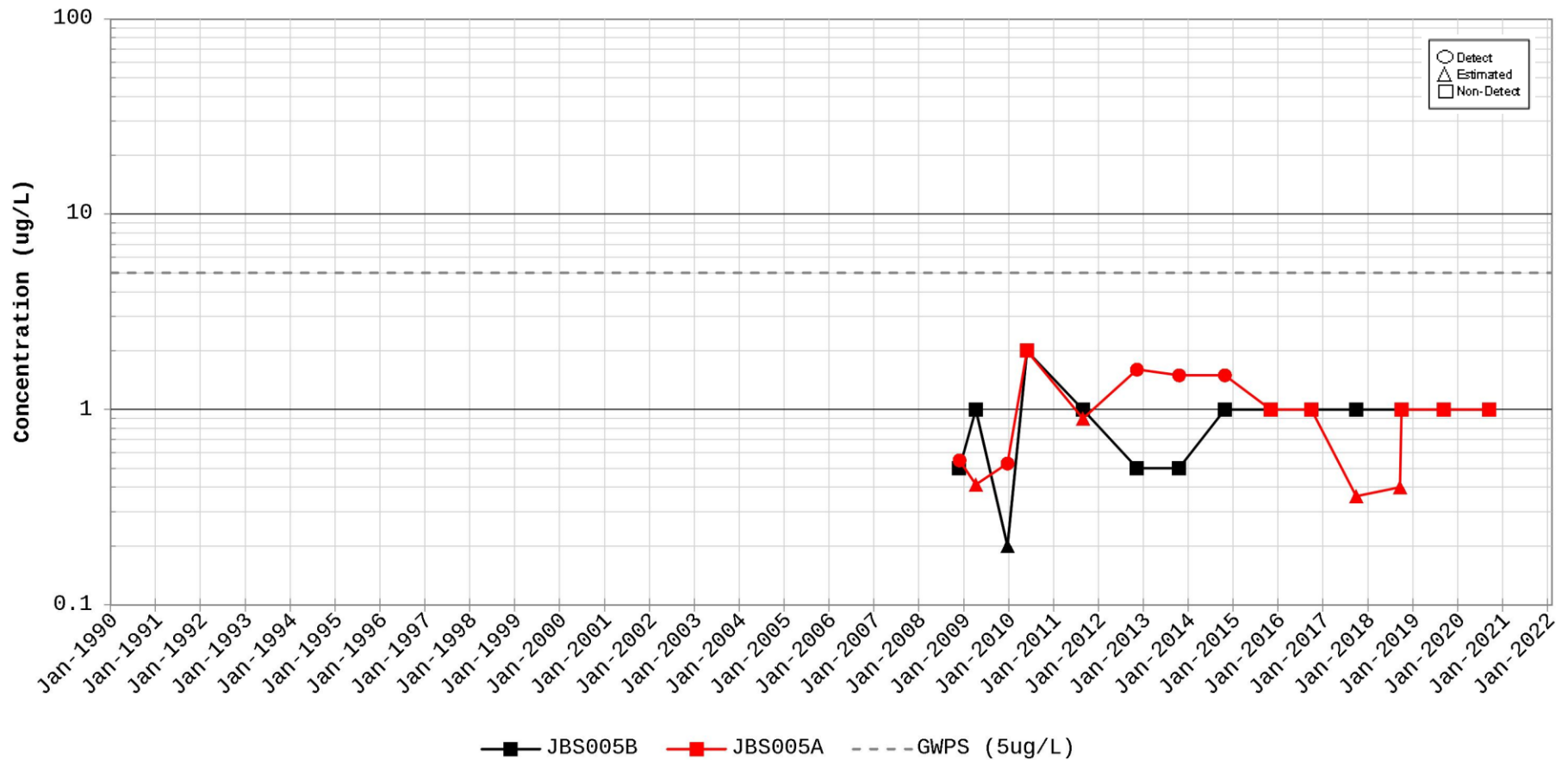


Figure C-28.

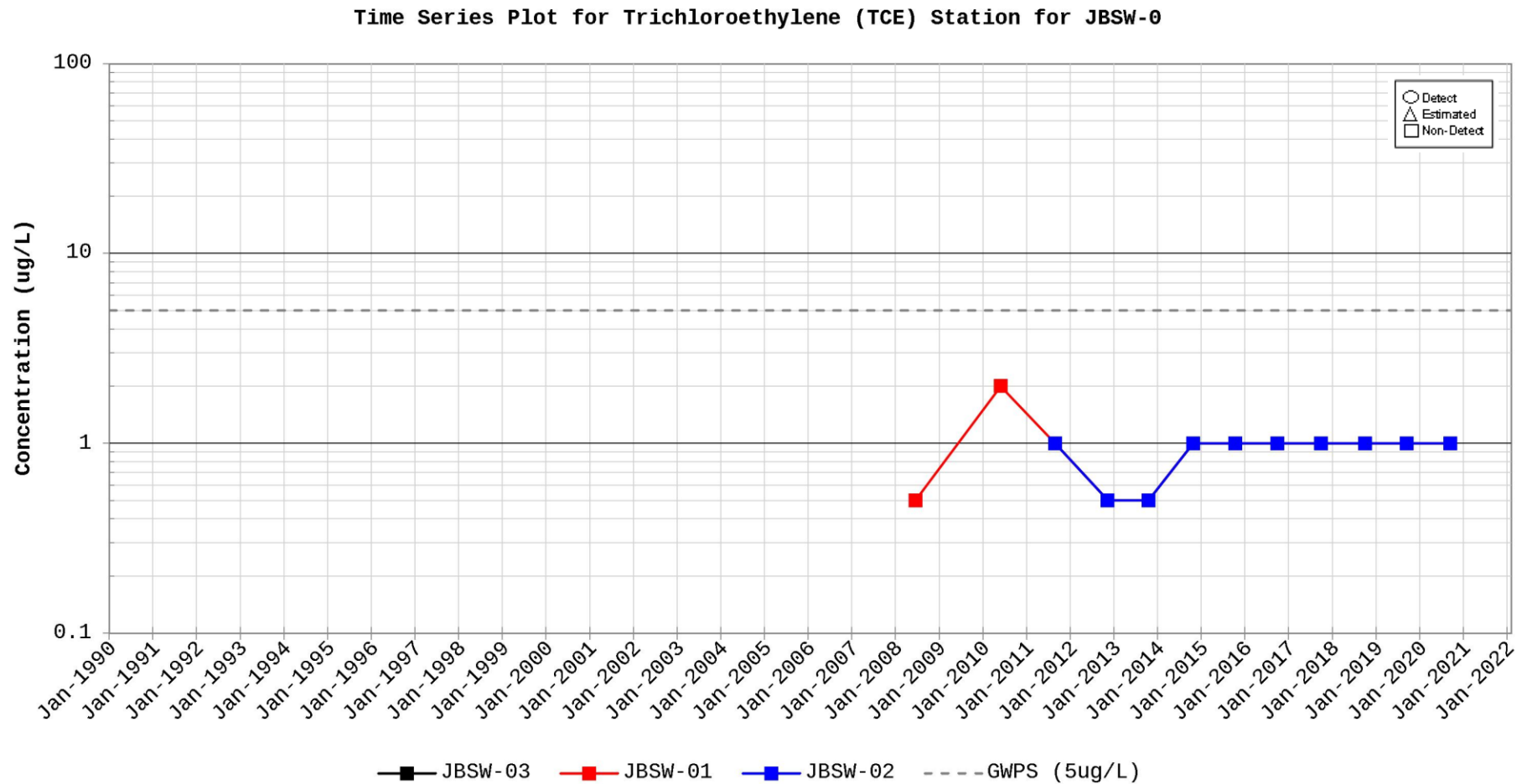


Figure C-29.

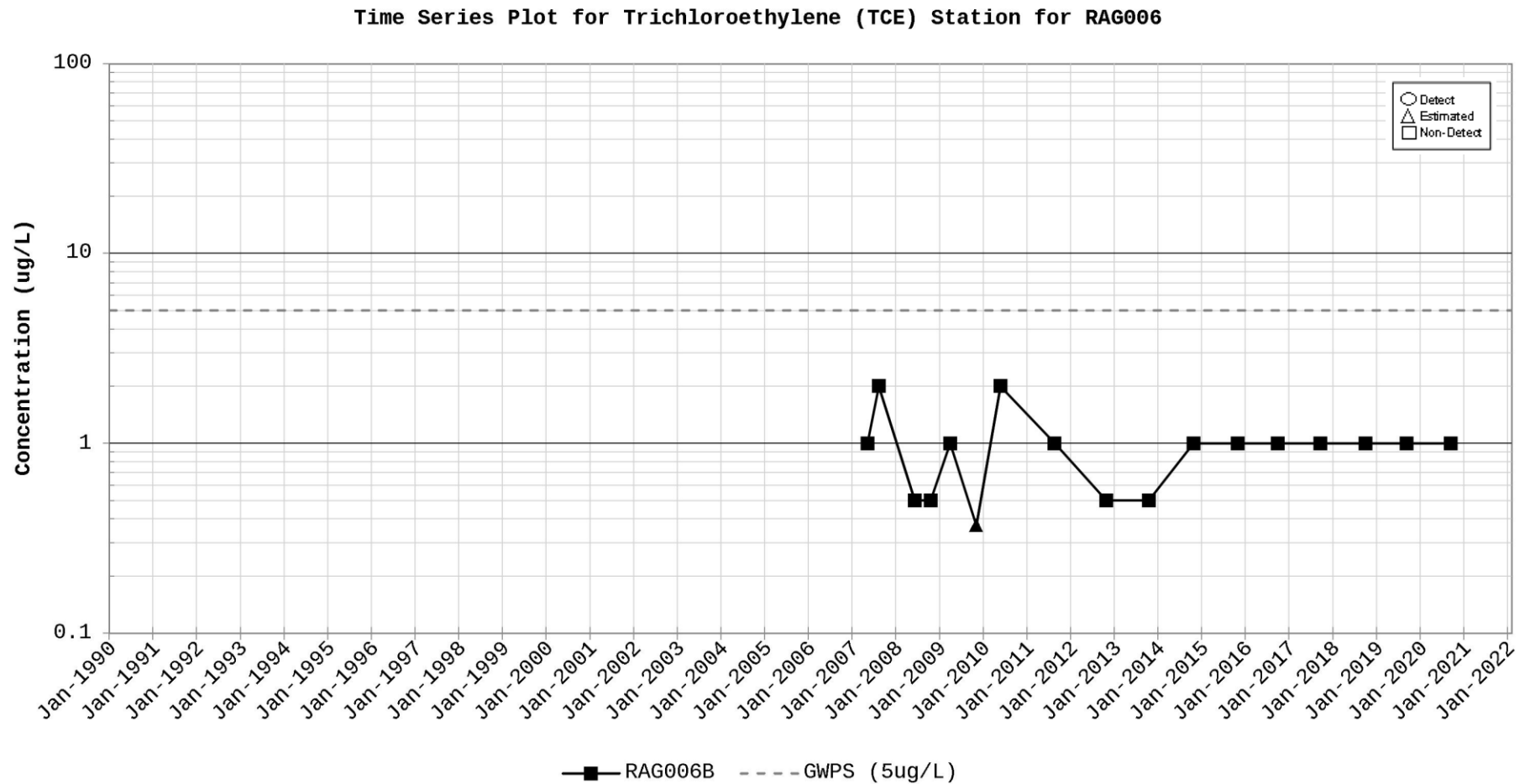


Figure C-30.

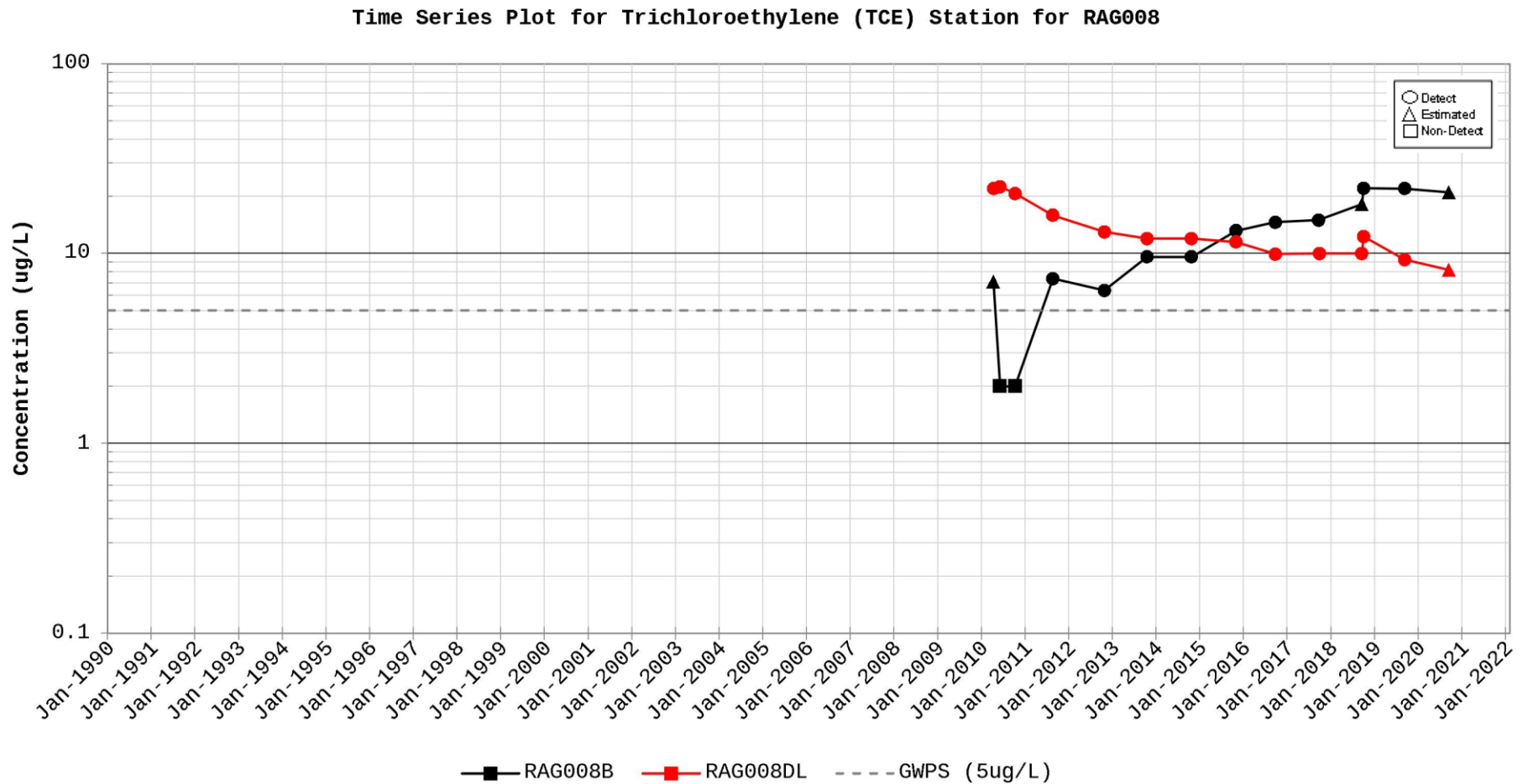


Figure C-31.

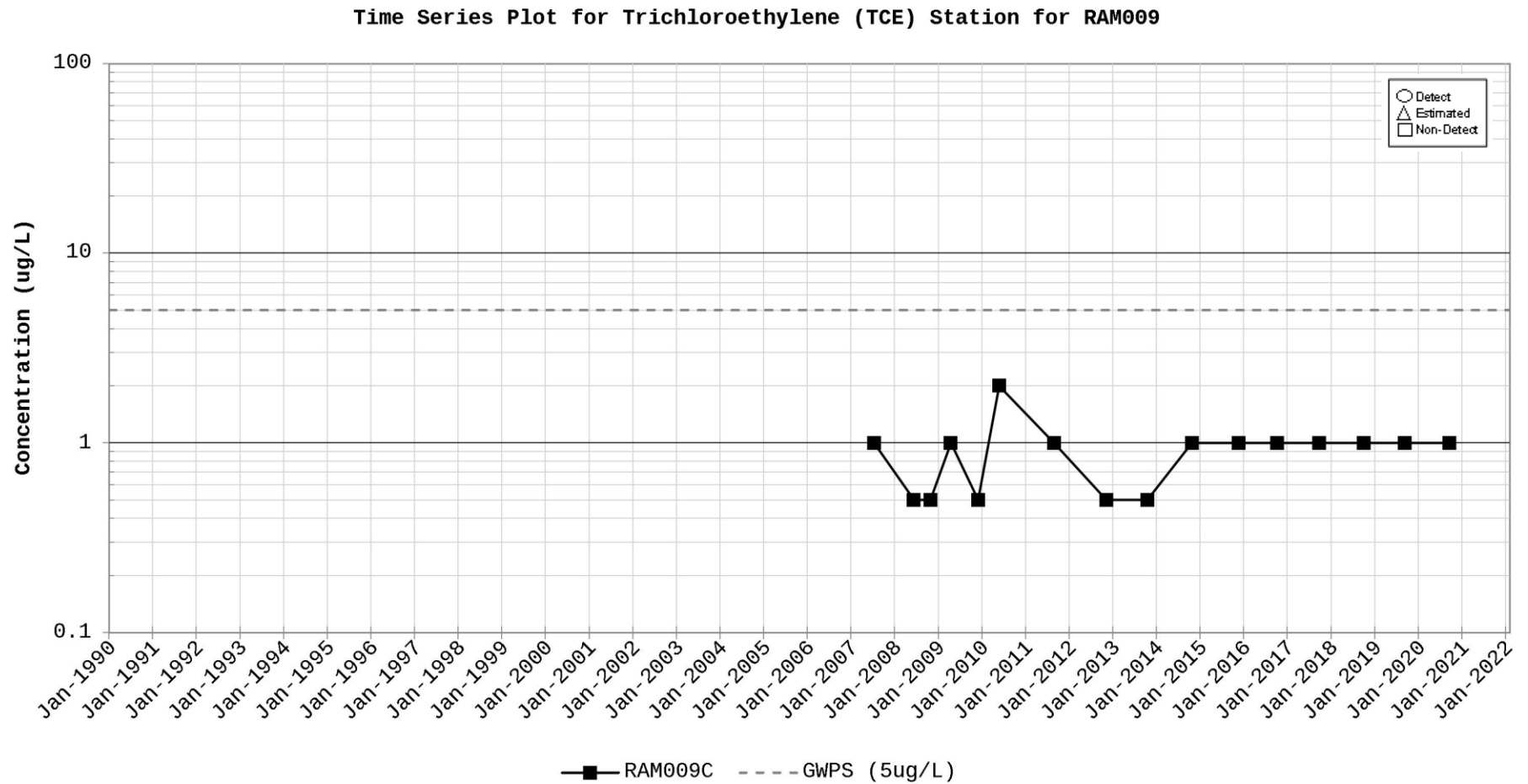


Figure C-32.

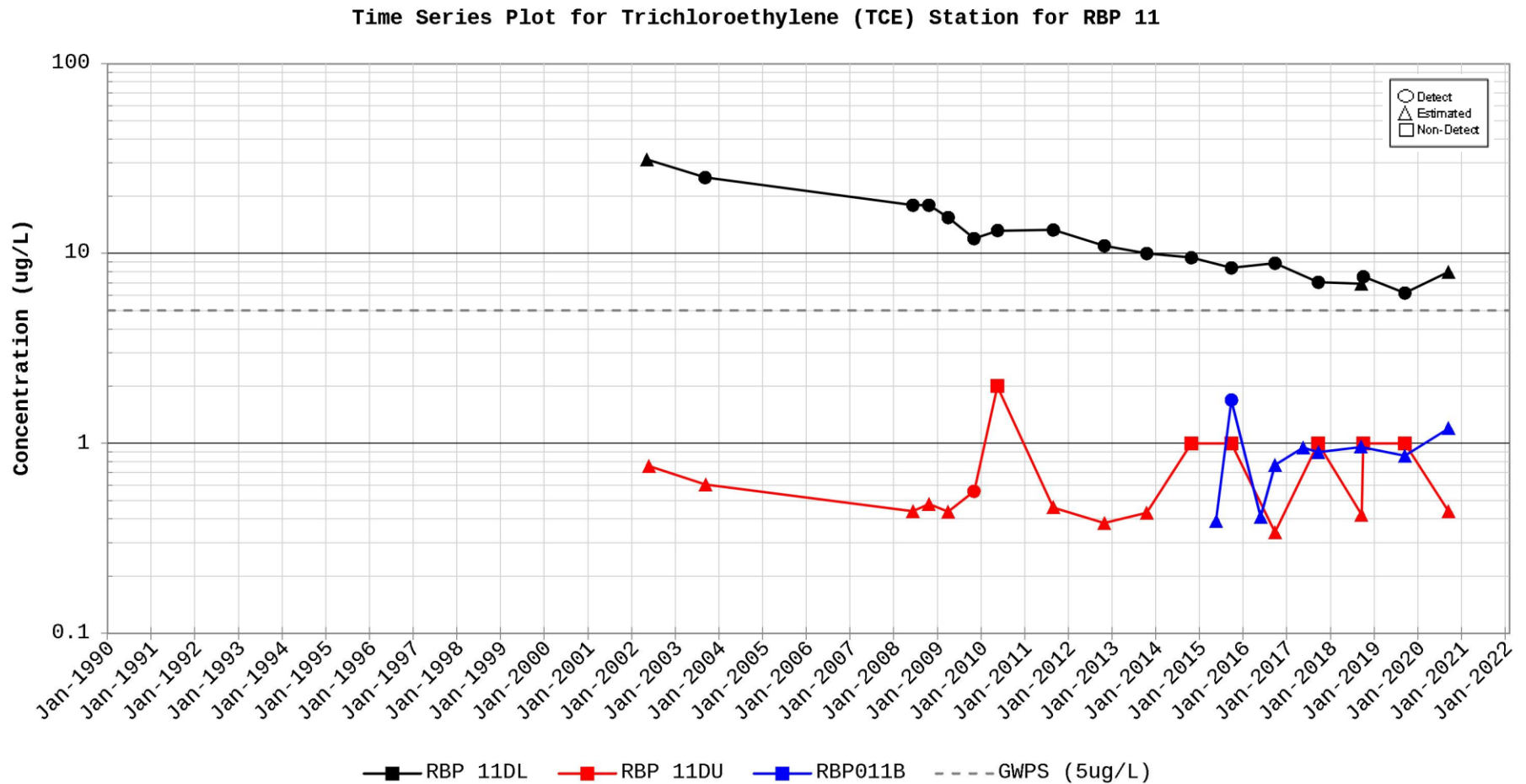


Figure C-33.

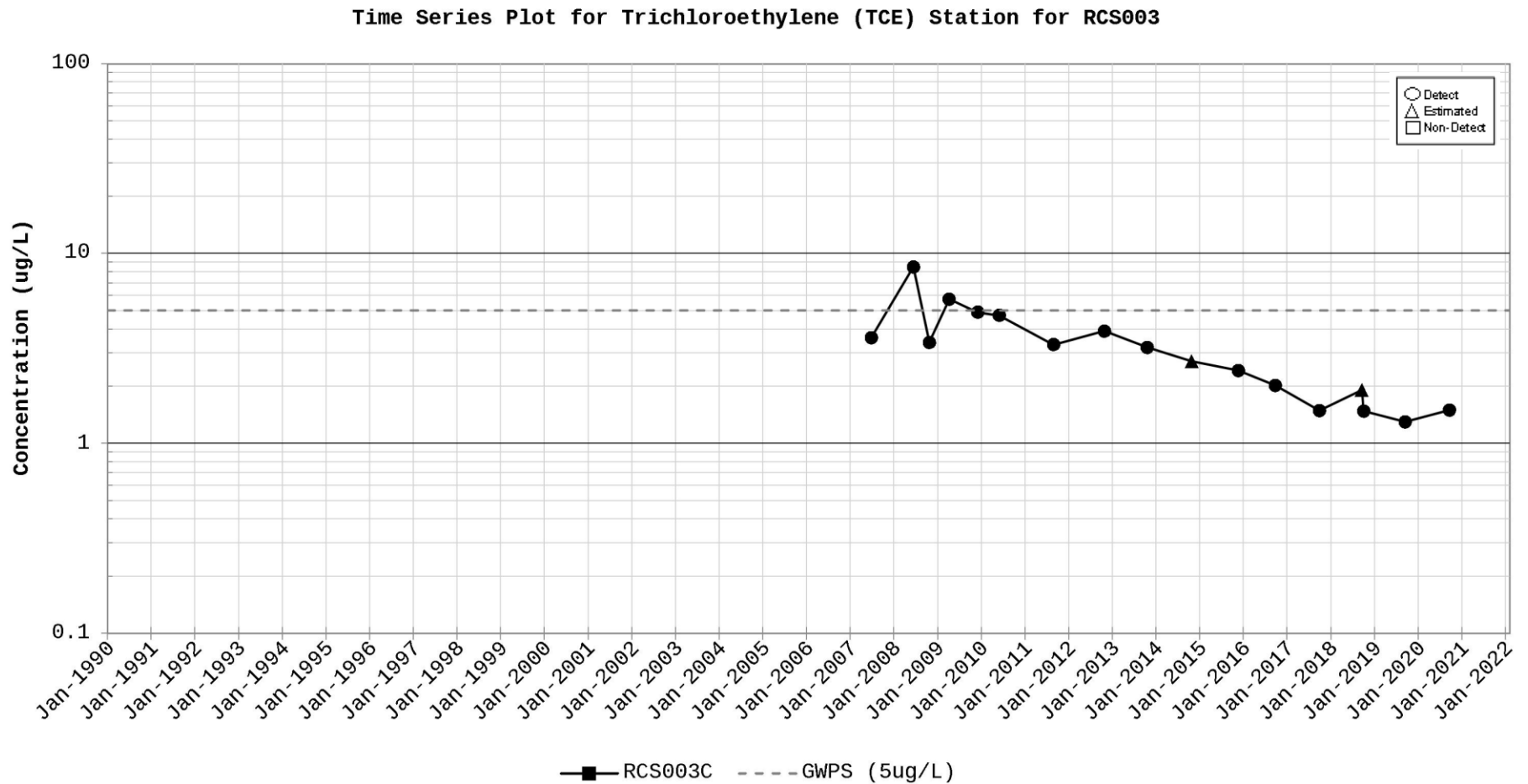


Figure C-34.

Time Series Plot for Trichloroethylene (TCE) Station for RPS004

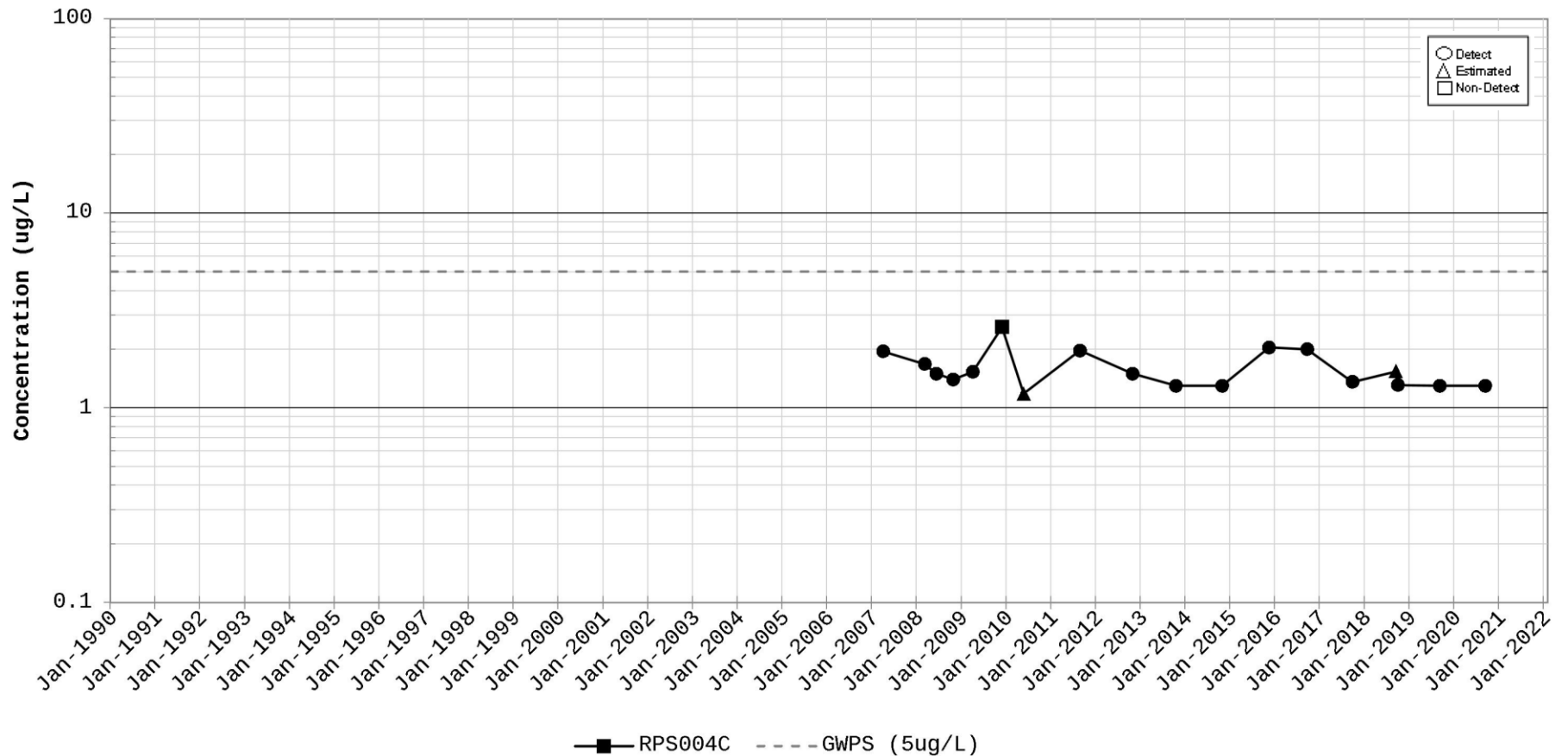


Figure C-35.

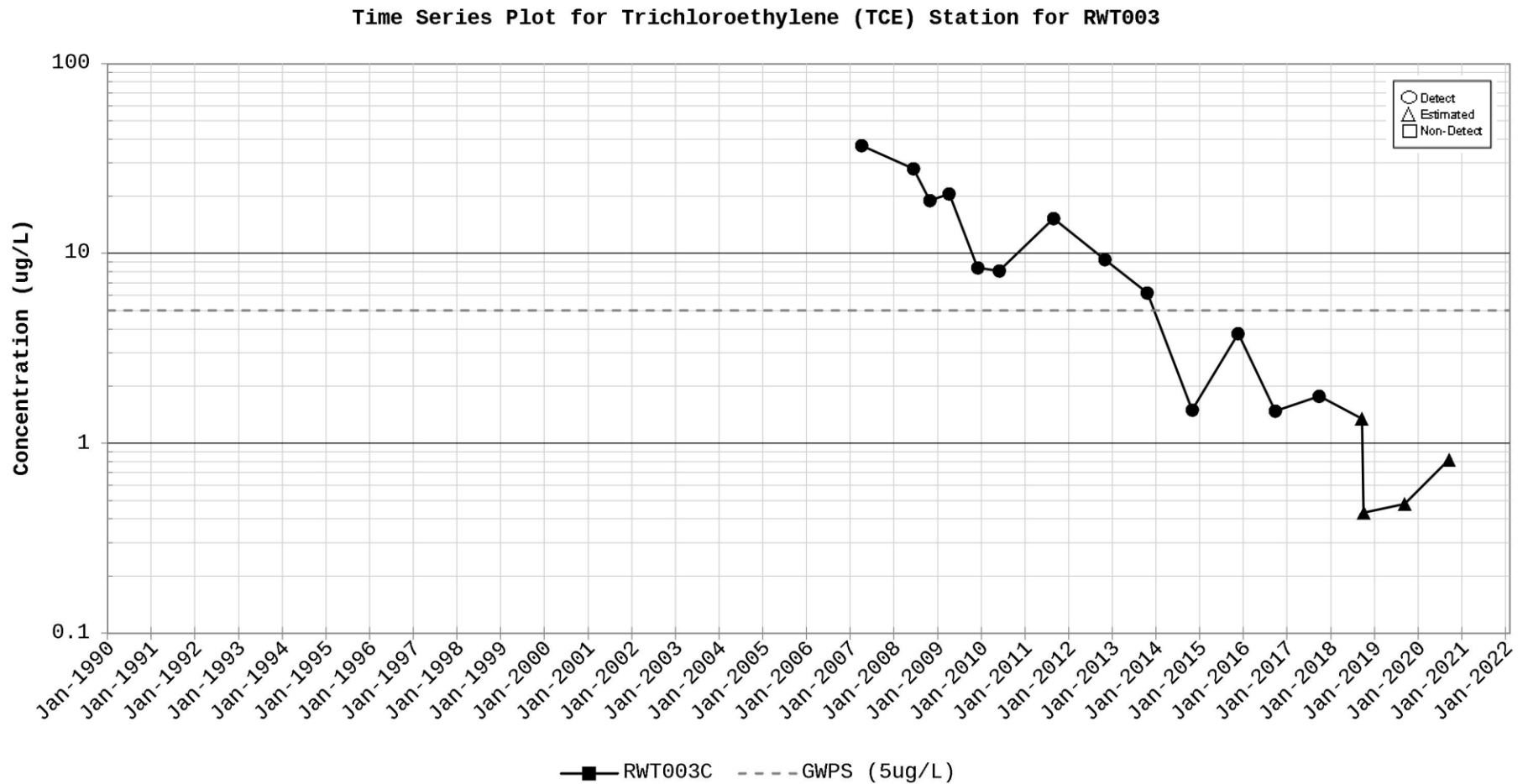


Figure C-36.

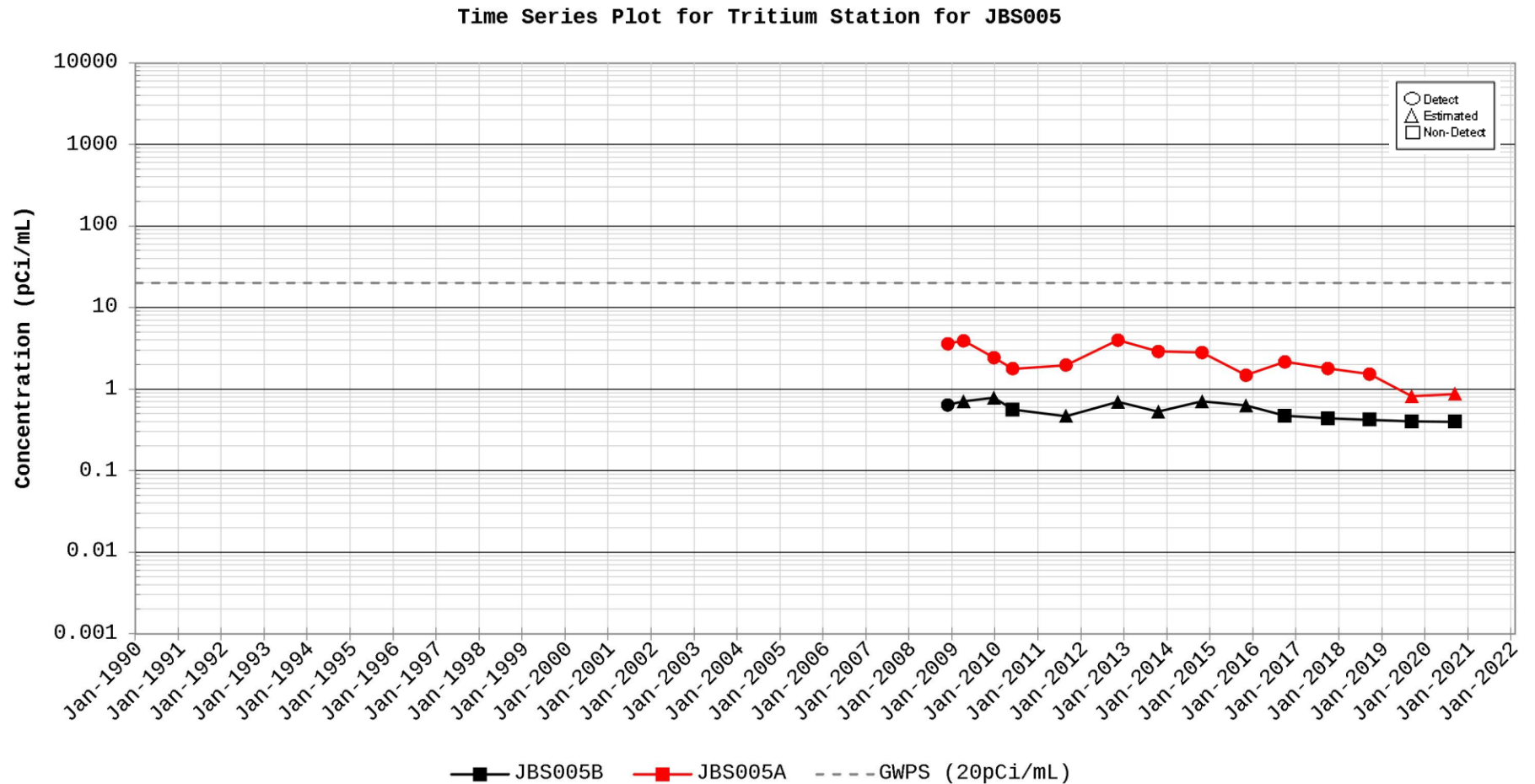


Figure C-37.

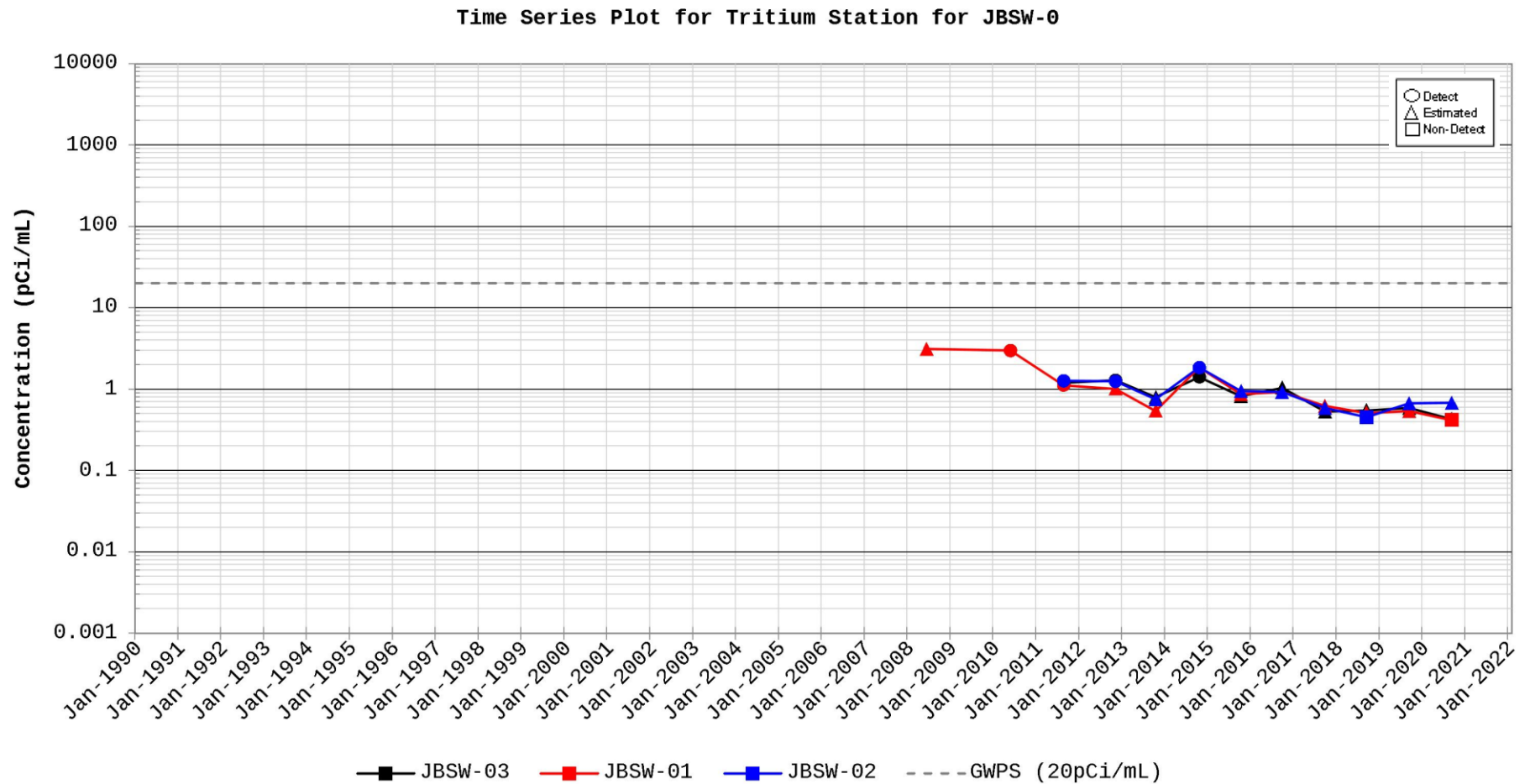


Figure C-38.

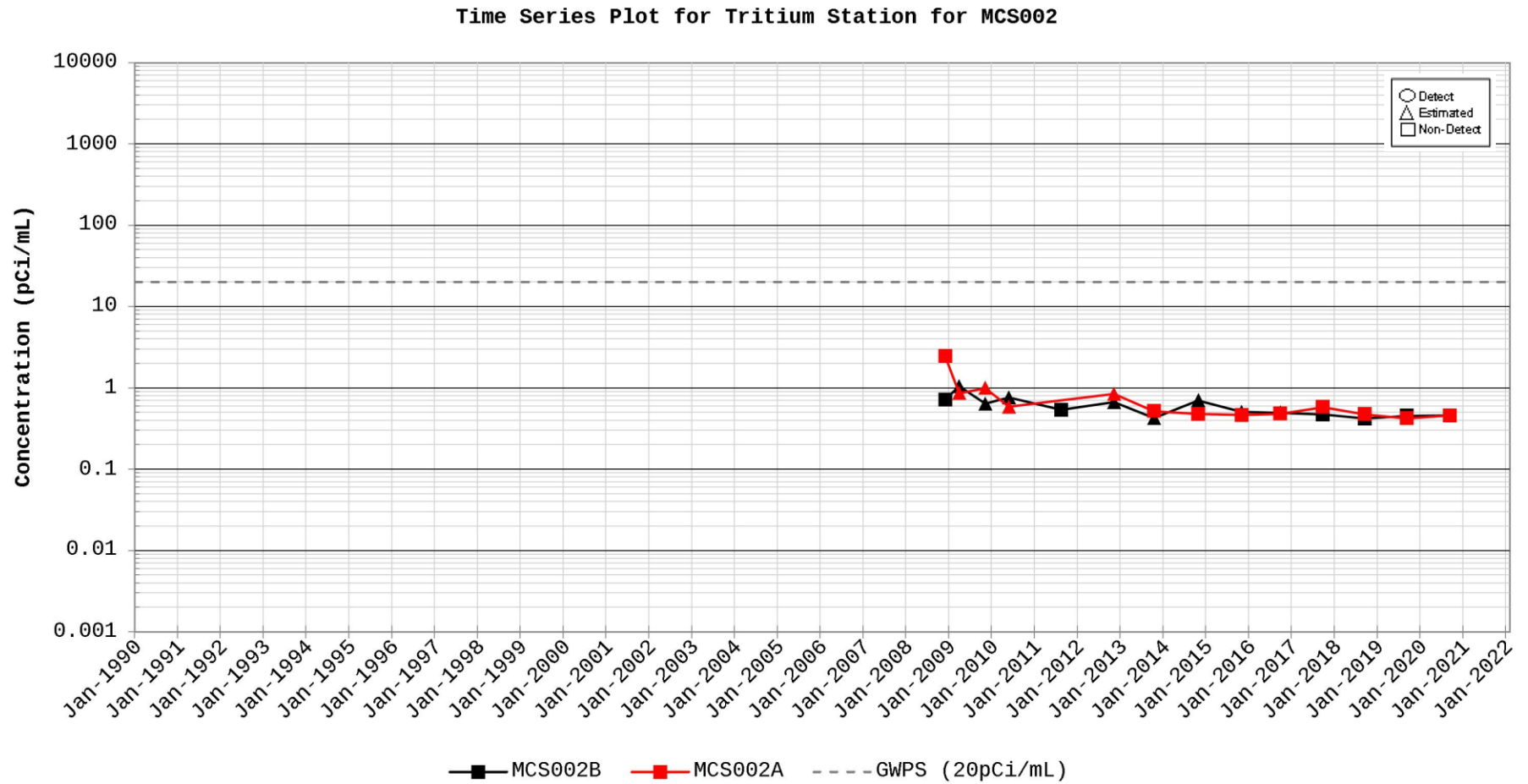


Figure C-39.

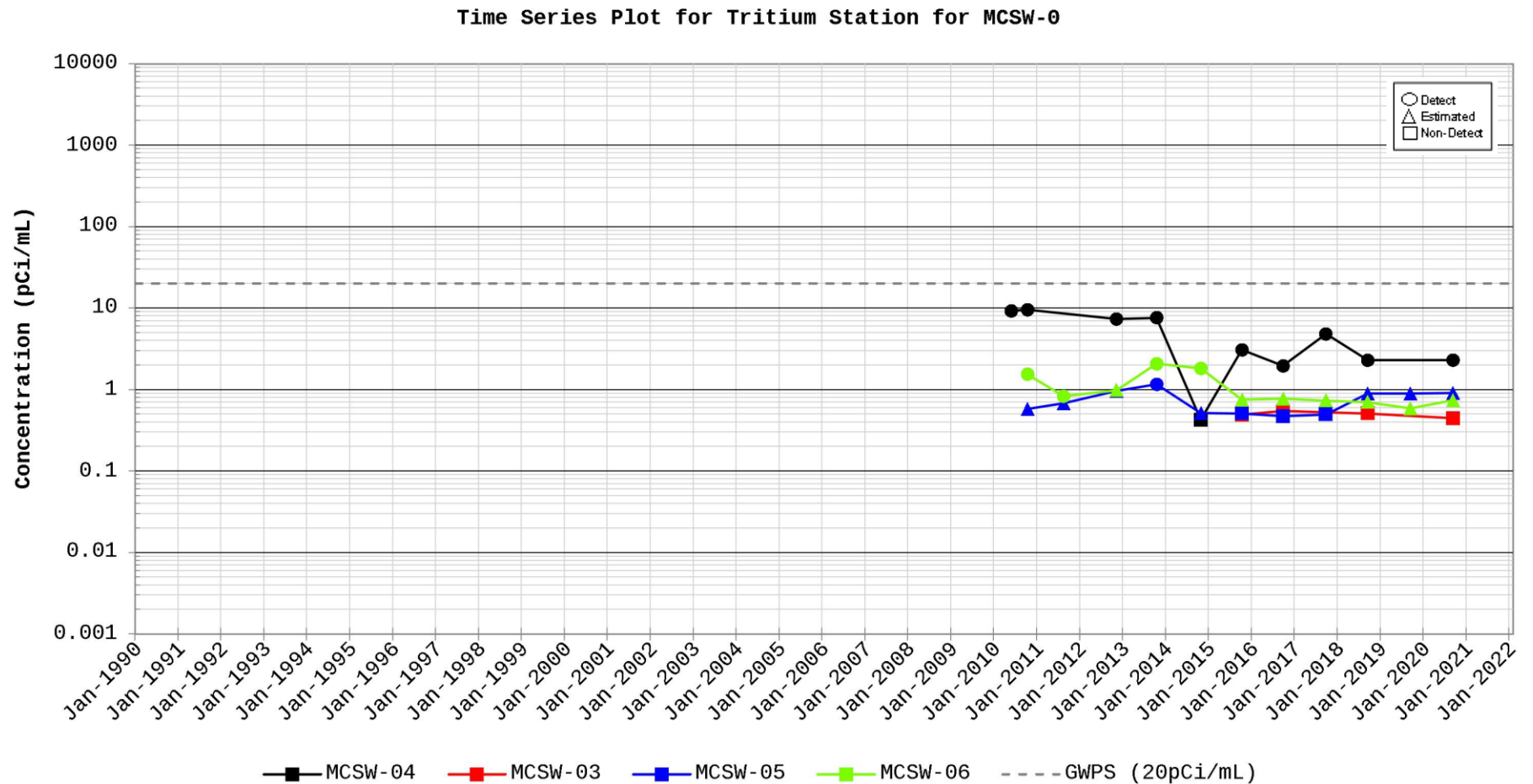


Figure C-40.

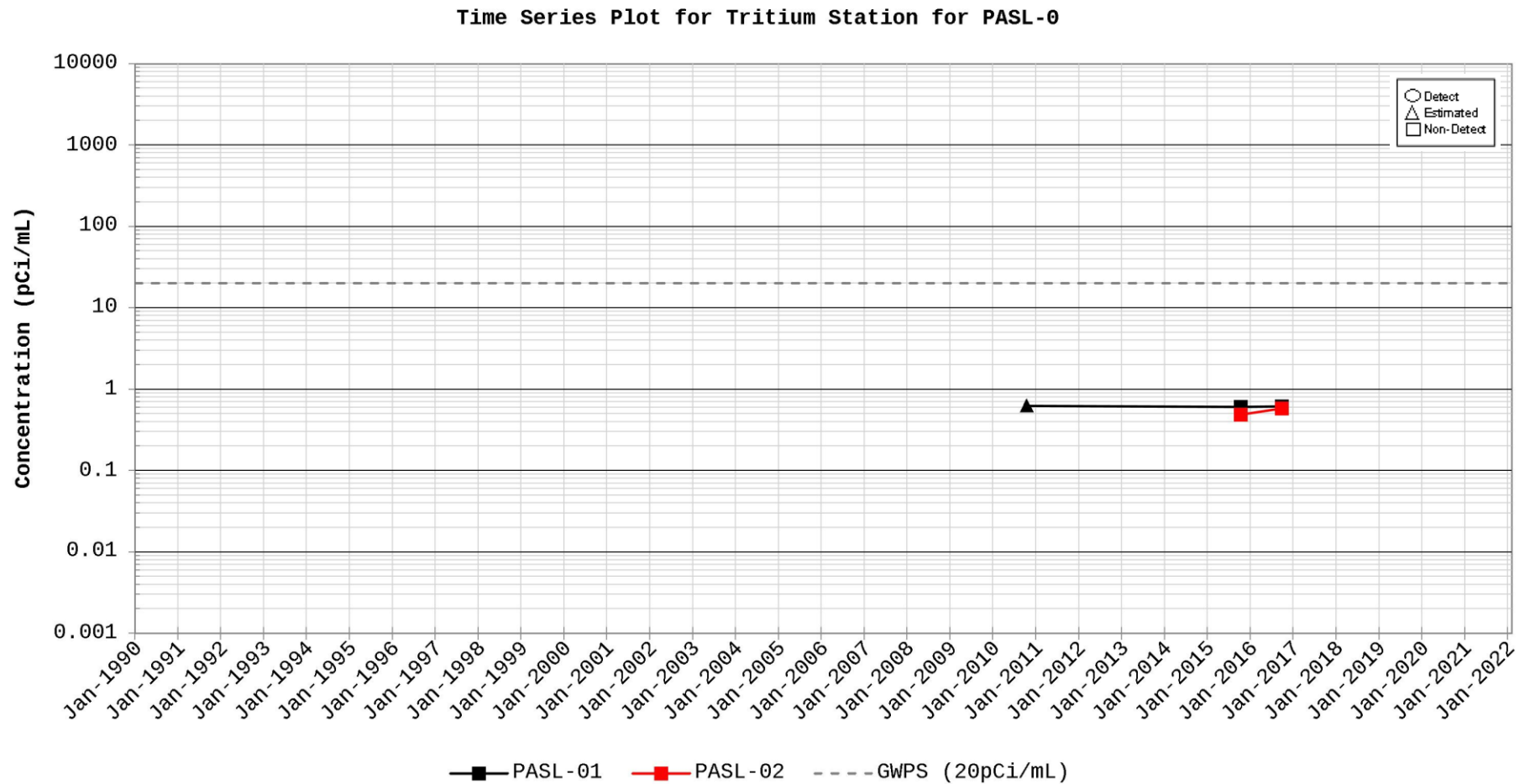


Figure C-41.

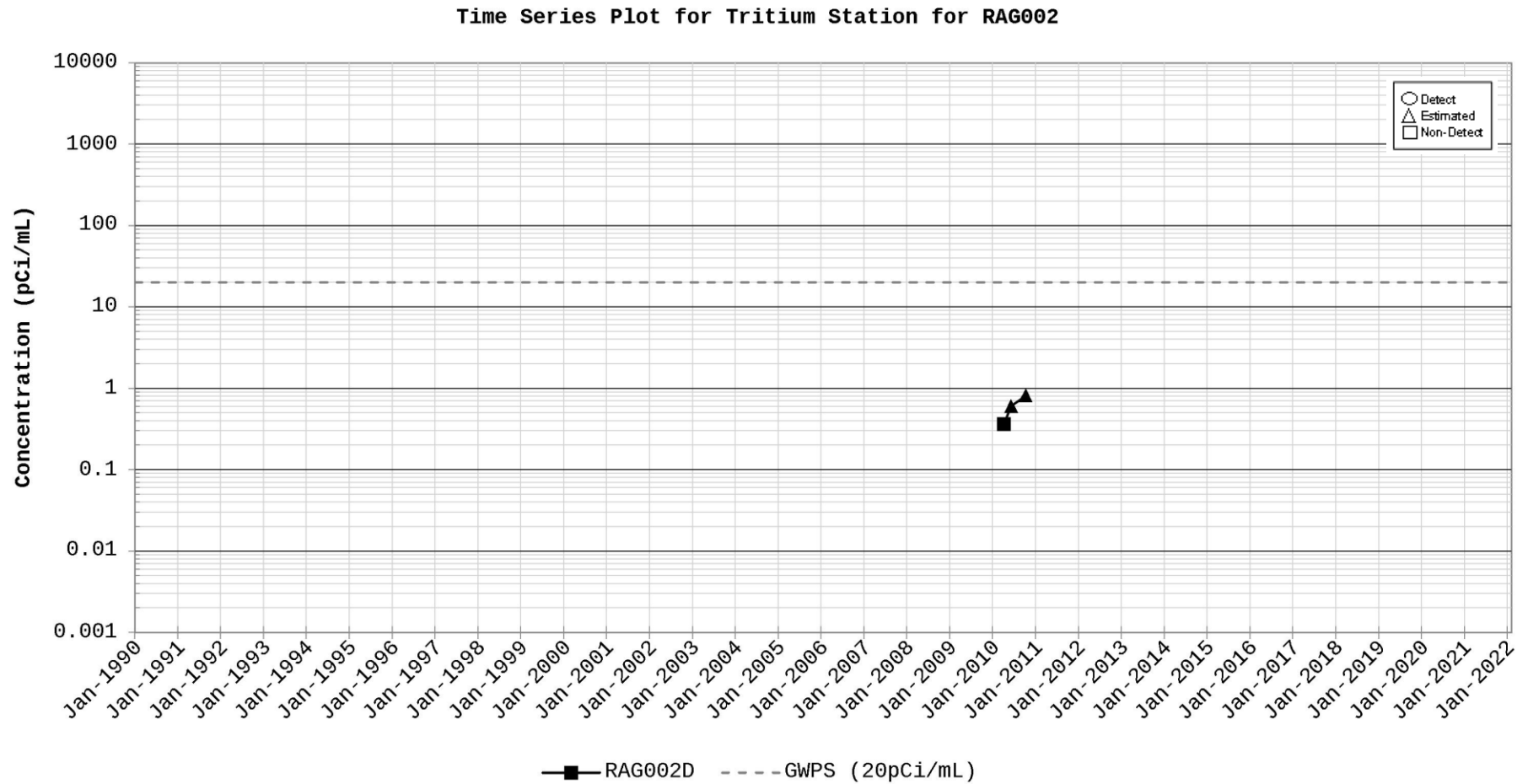


Figure C-42.

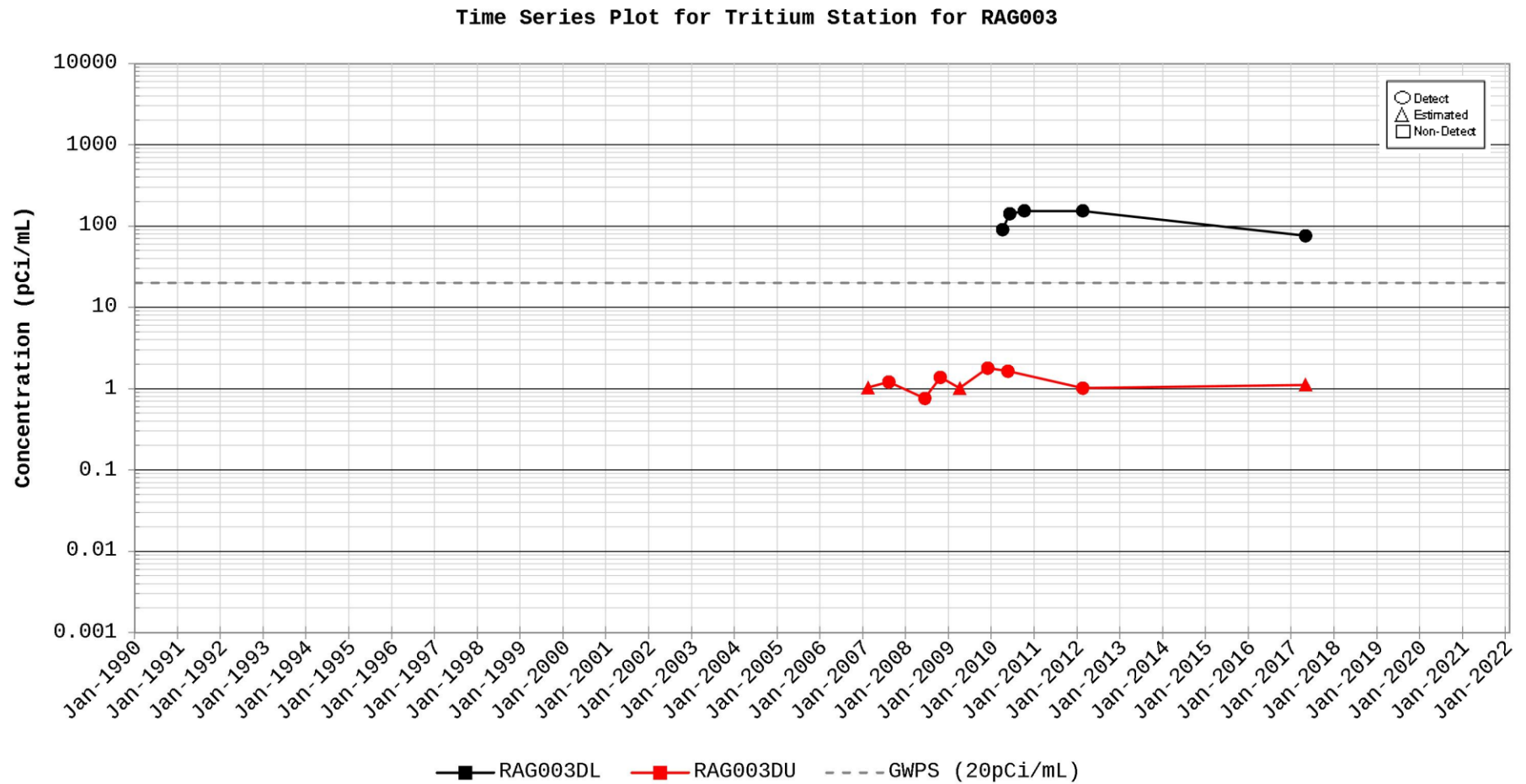


Figure C-43.

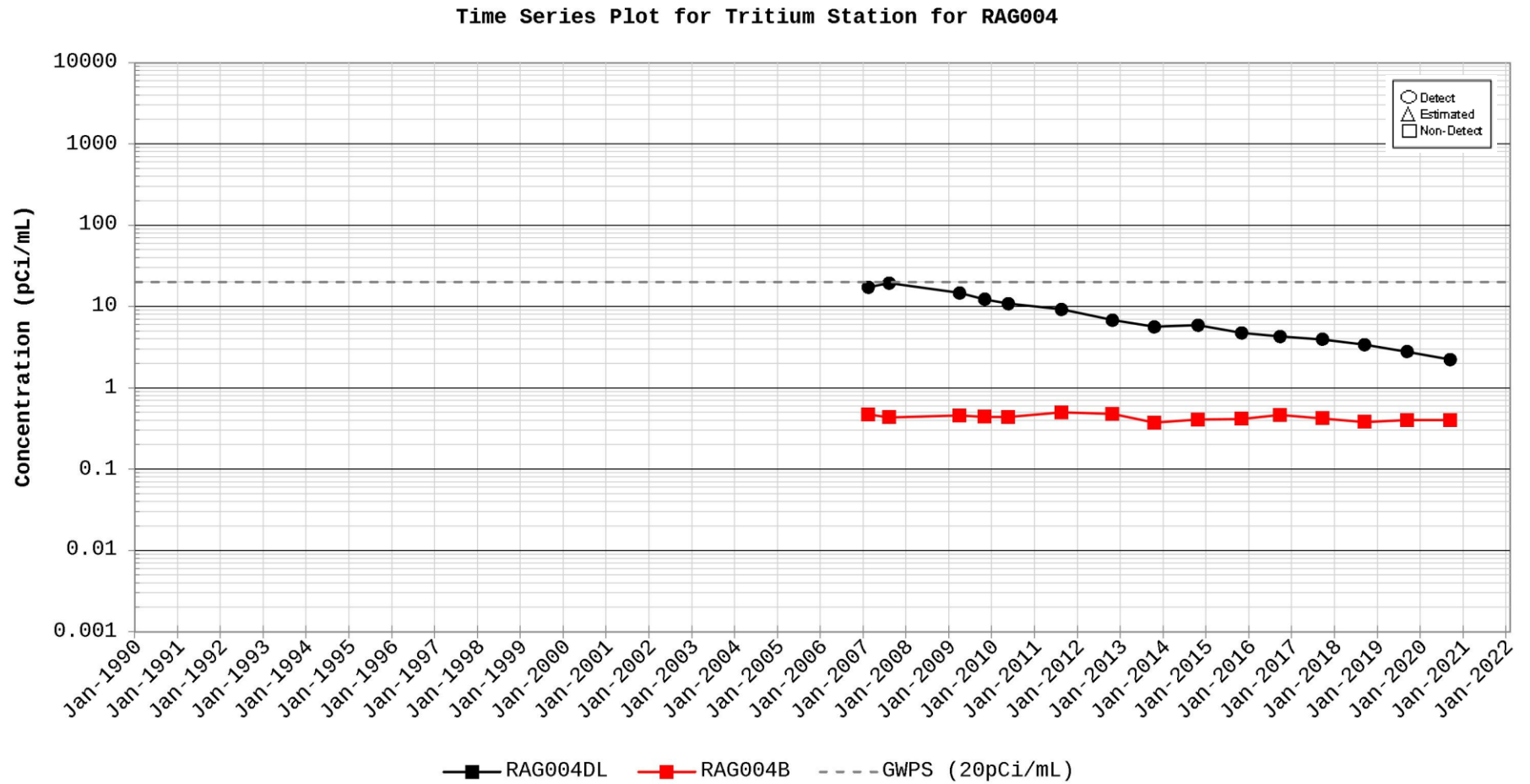


Figure C-44.

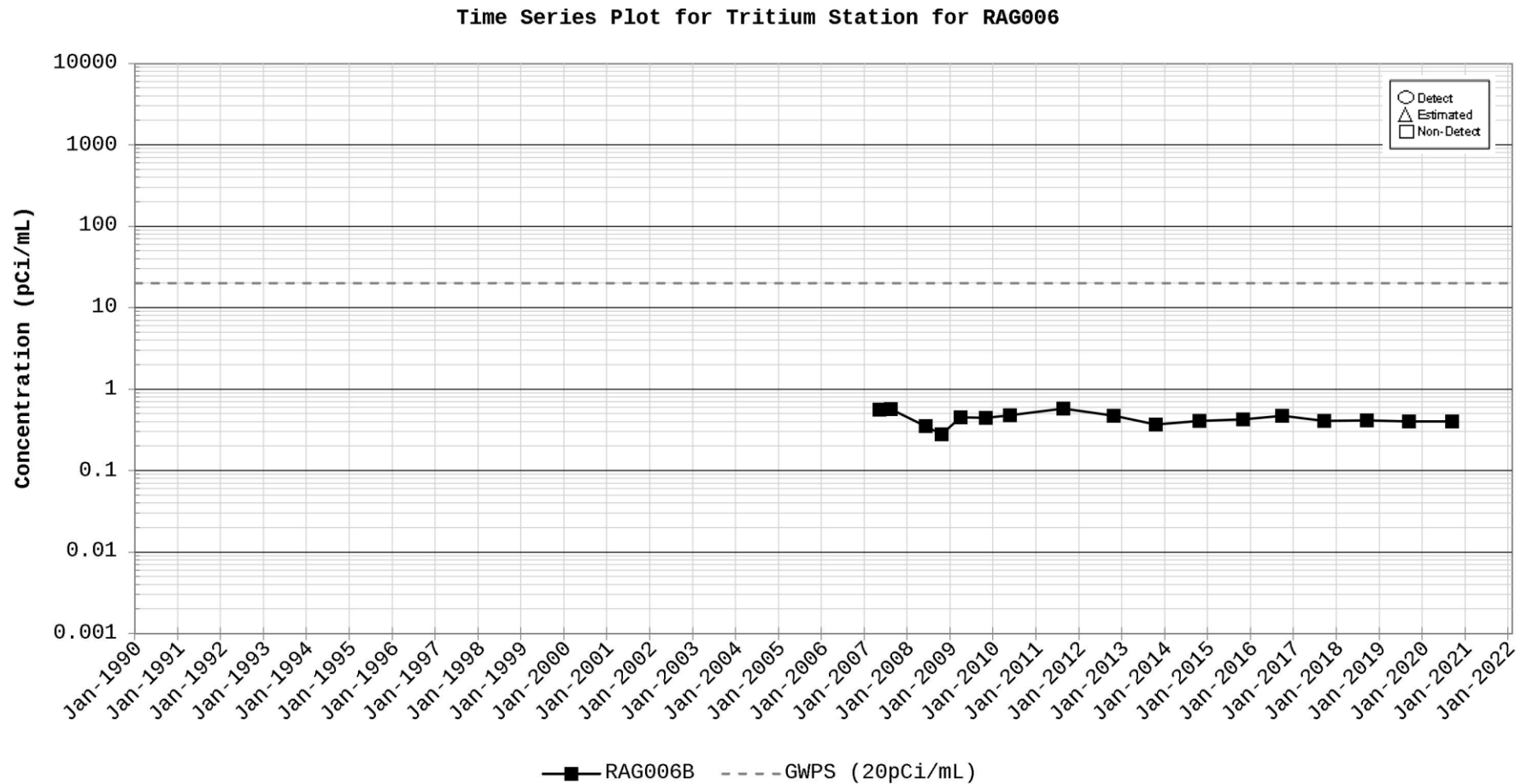


Figure C-45.

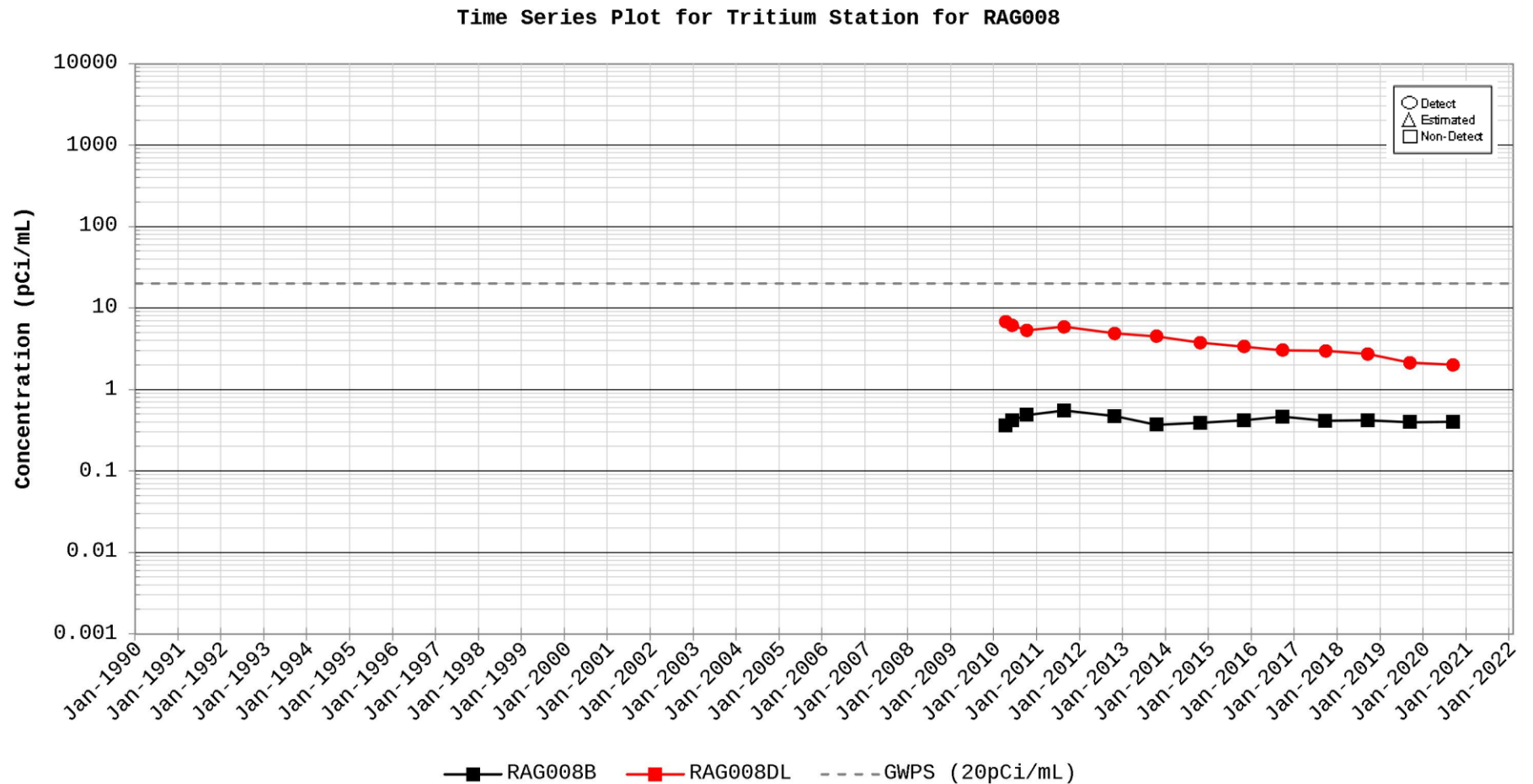


Figure C-46.

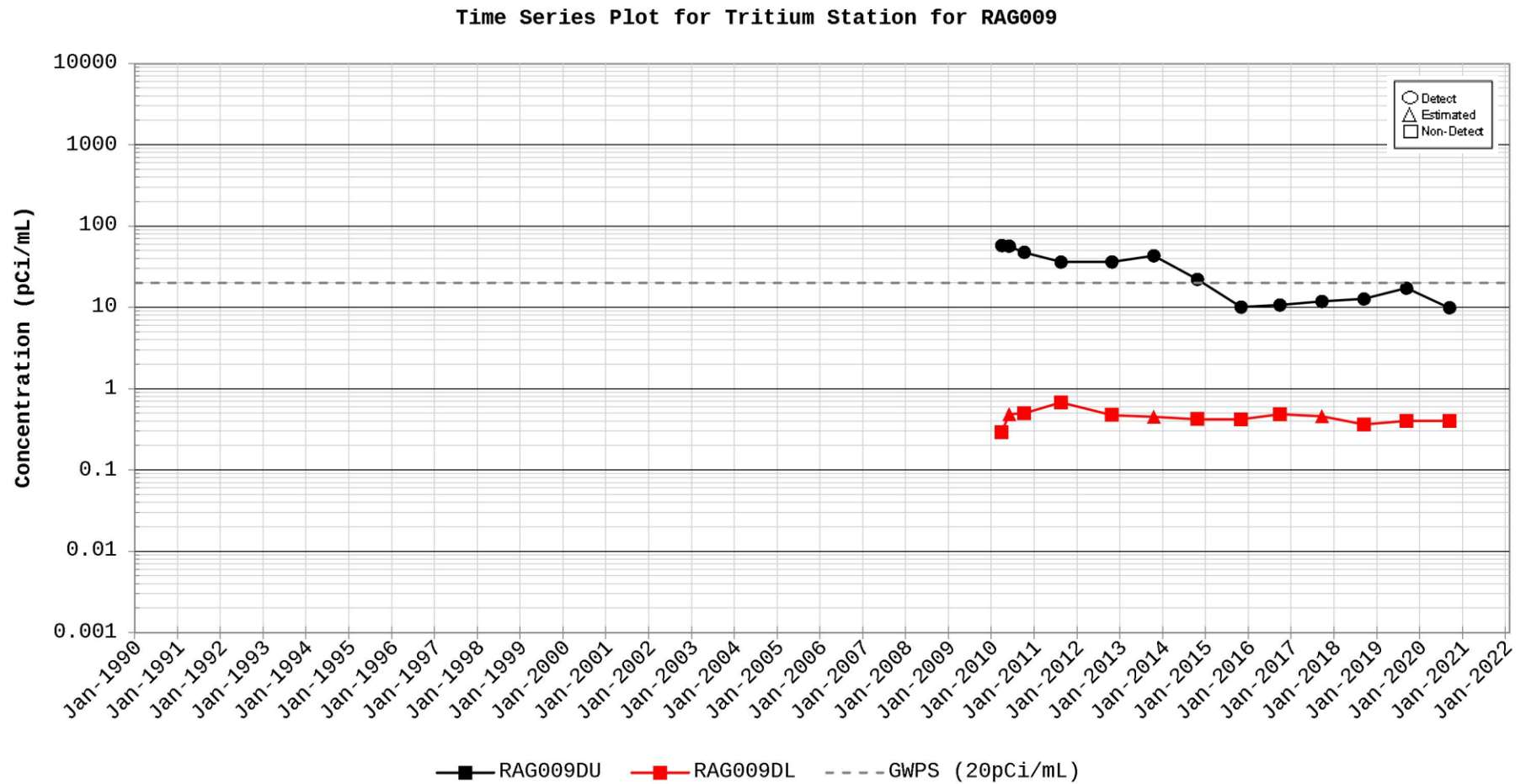


Figure C-47.

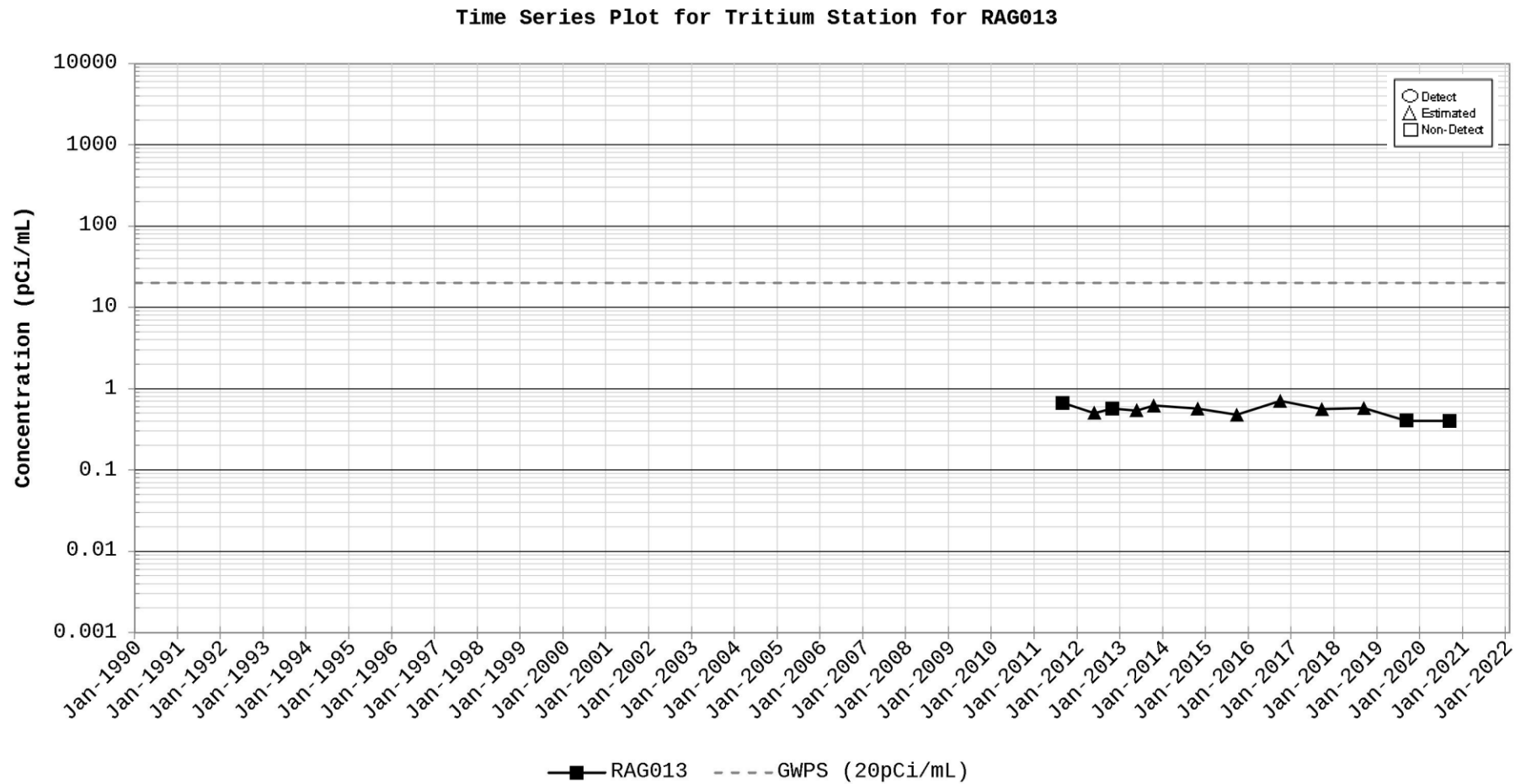


Figure C-48.

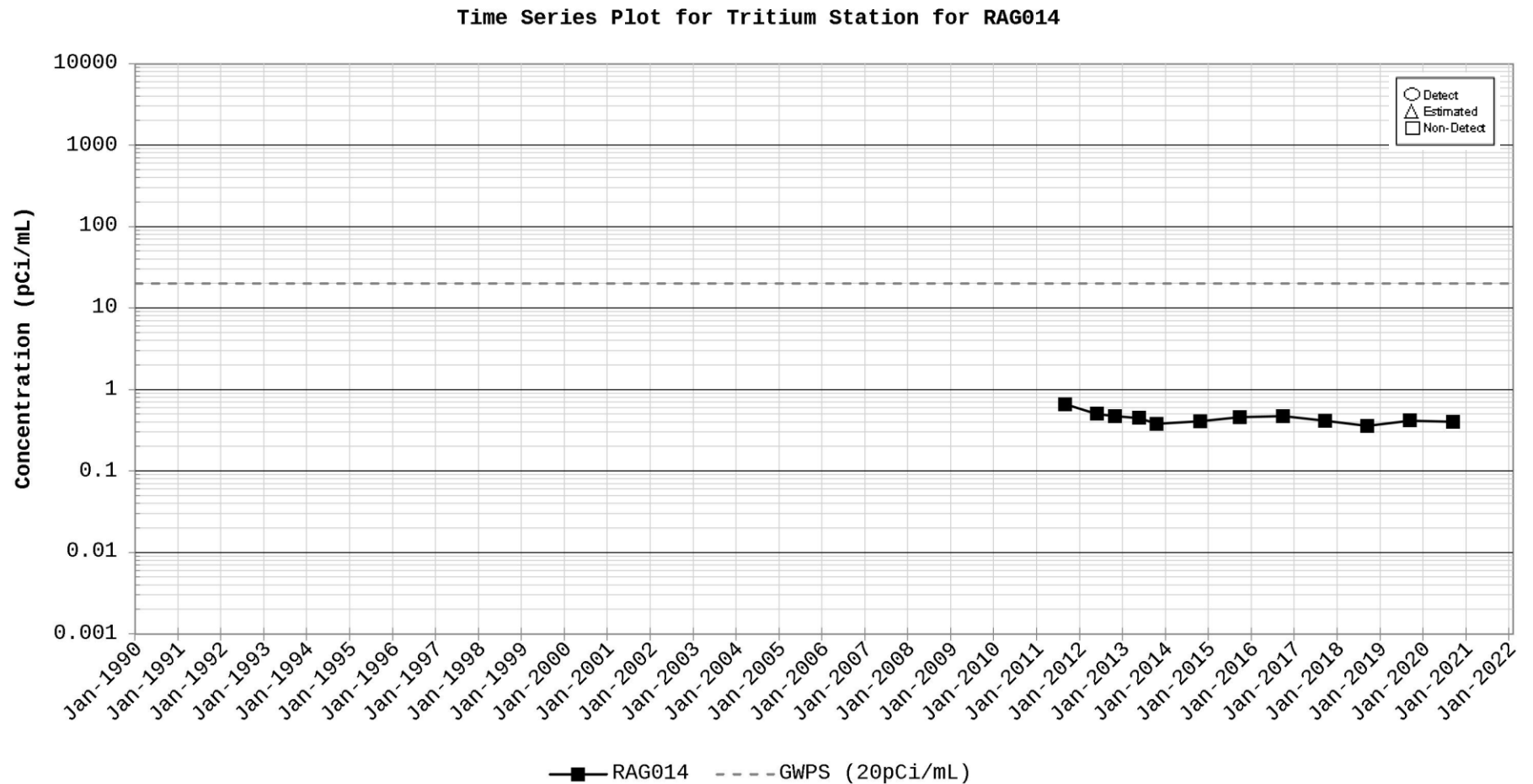


Figure C-49.

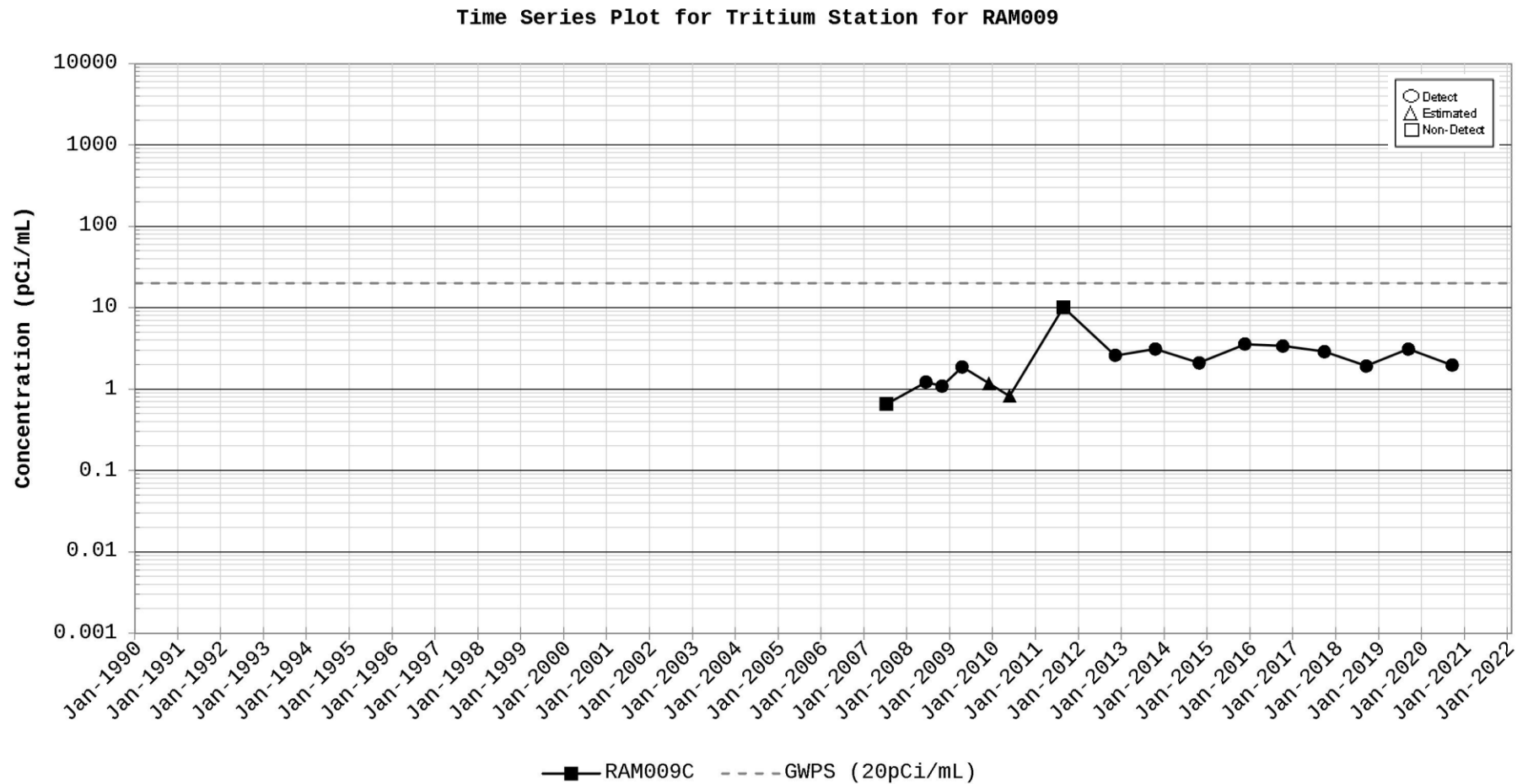


Figure C-50.

Time Series Plot for Tritium Station for RBP 11

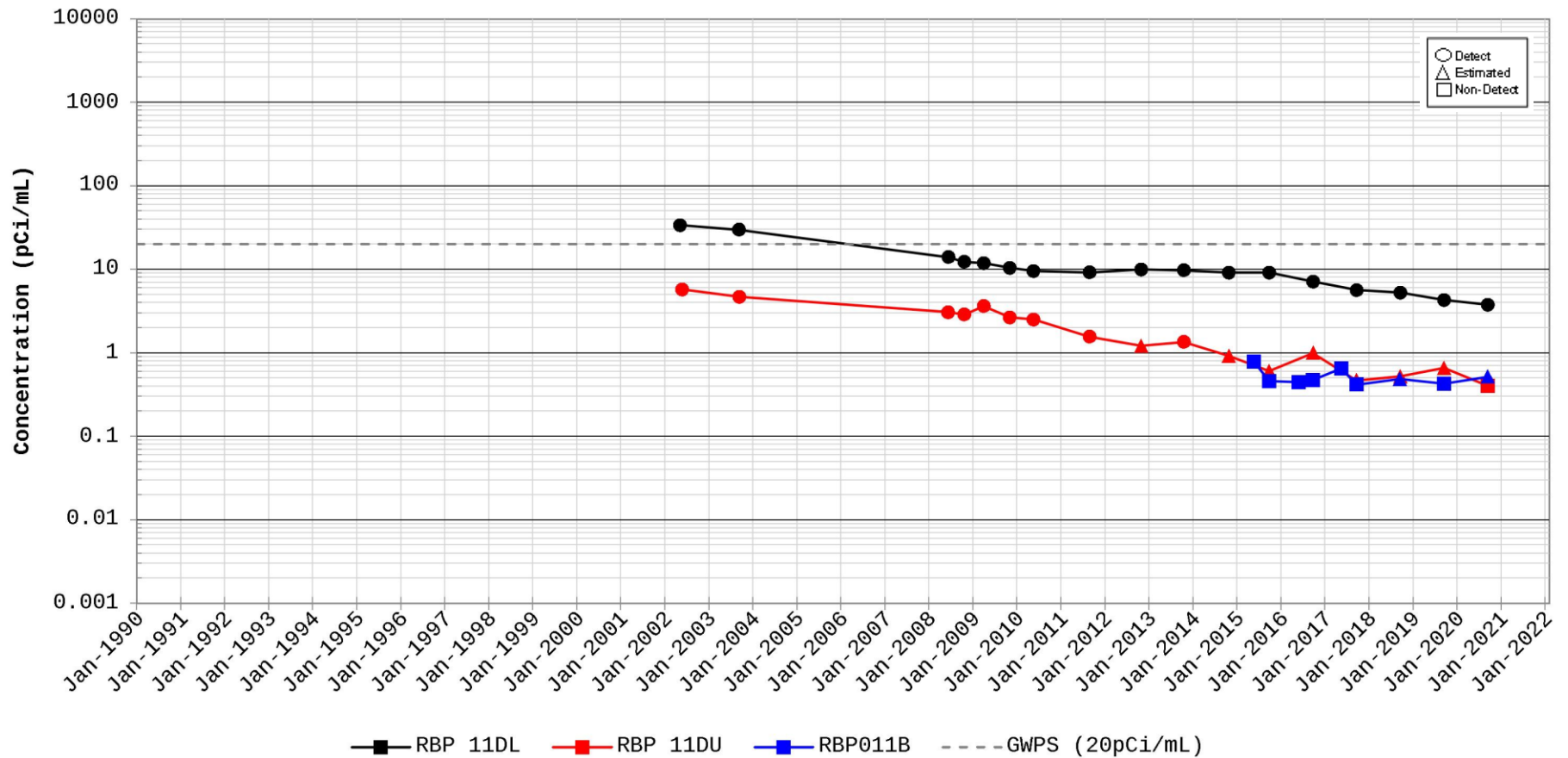


Figure C-51.

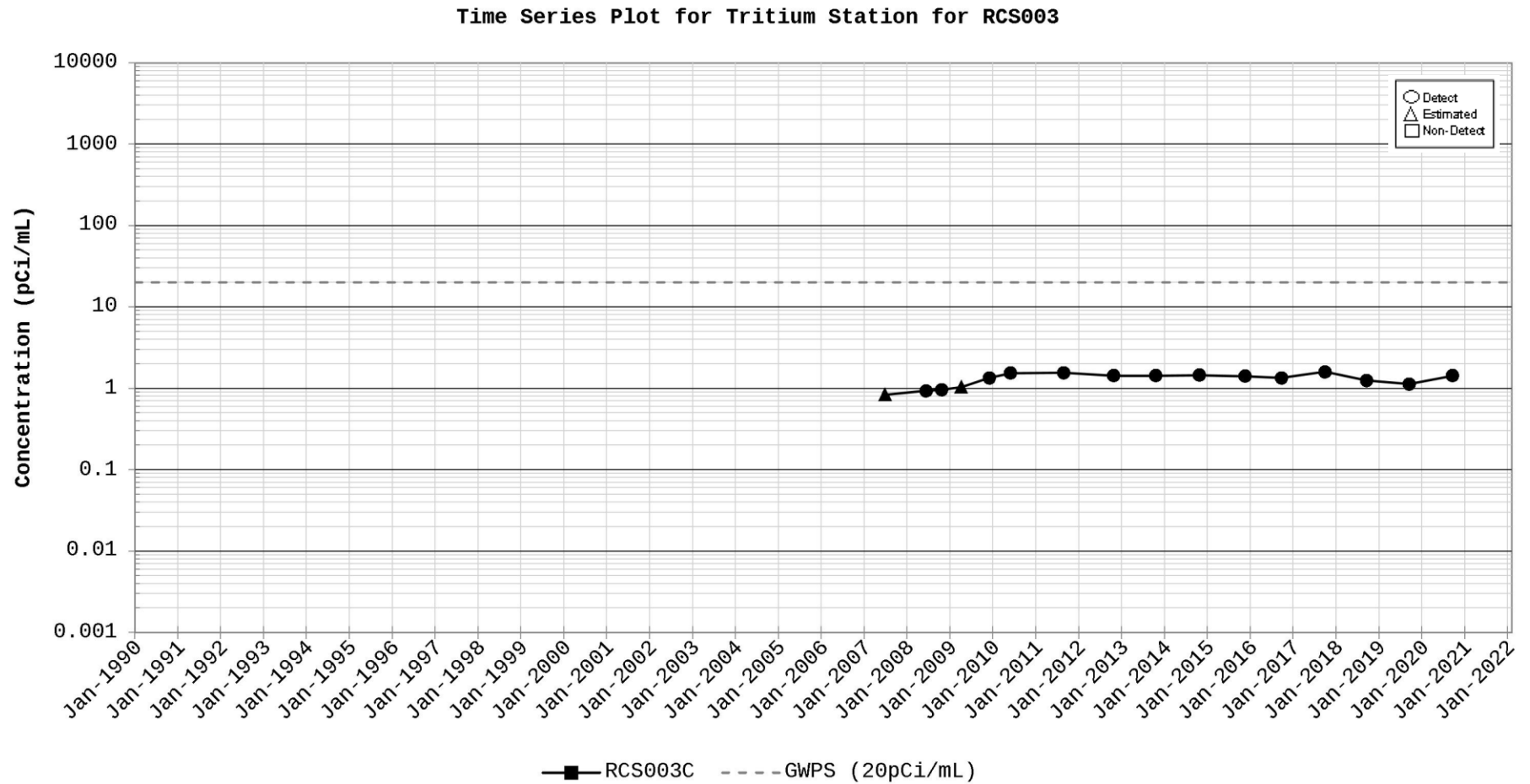


Figure C-52.

Time Series Plot for Tritium Station for RDB 1

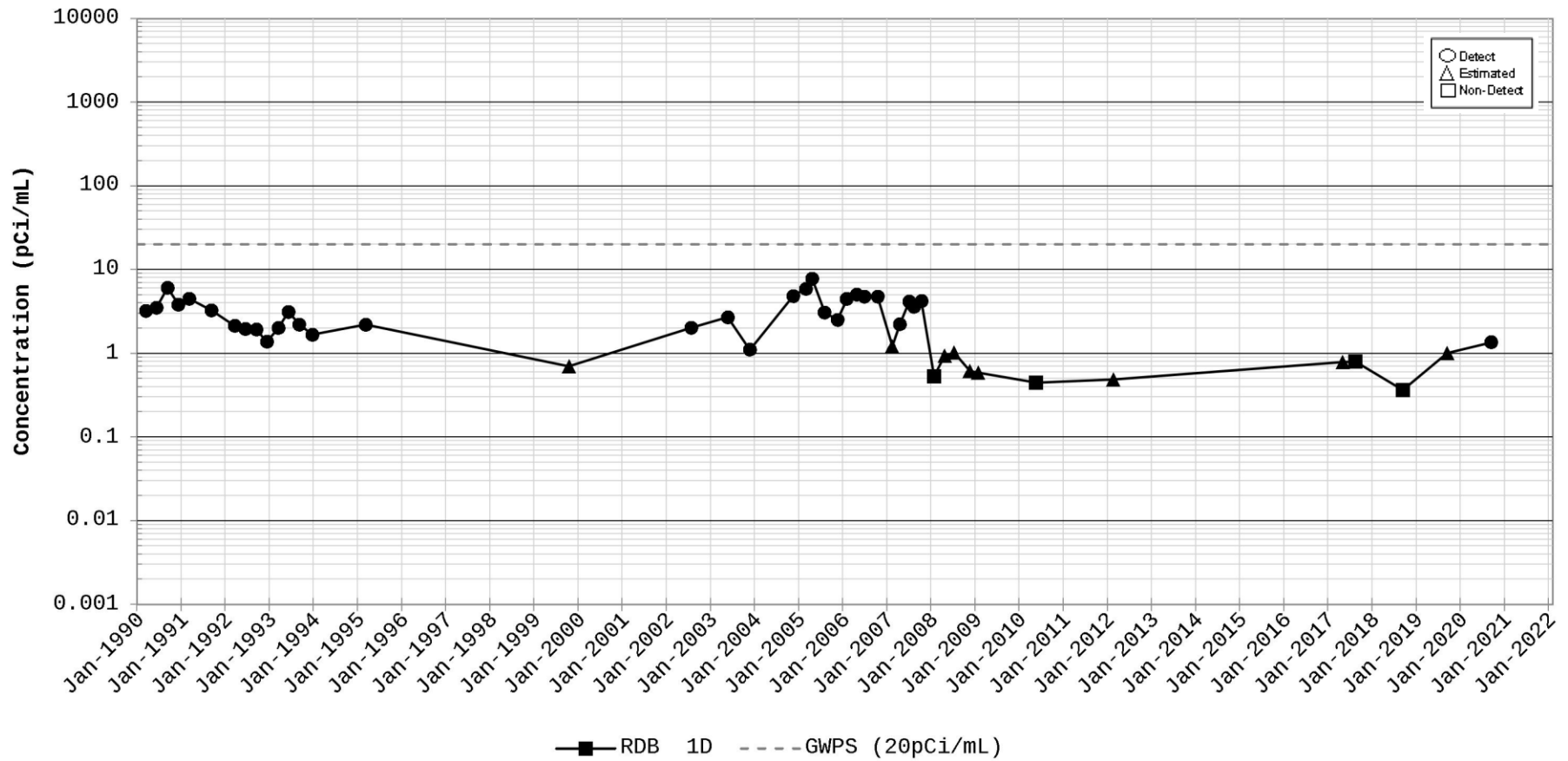


Figure C-53.

Time Series Plot for Tritium Station for RDB 2

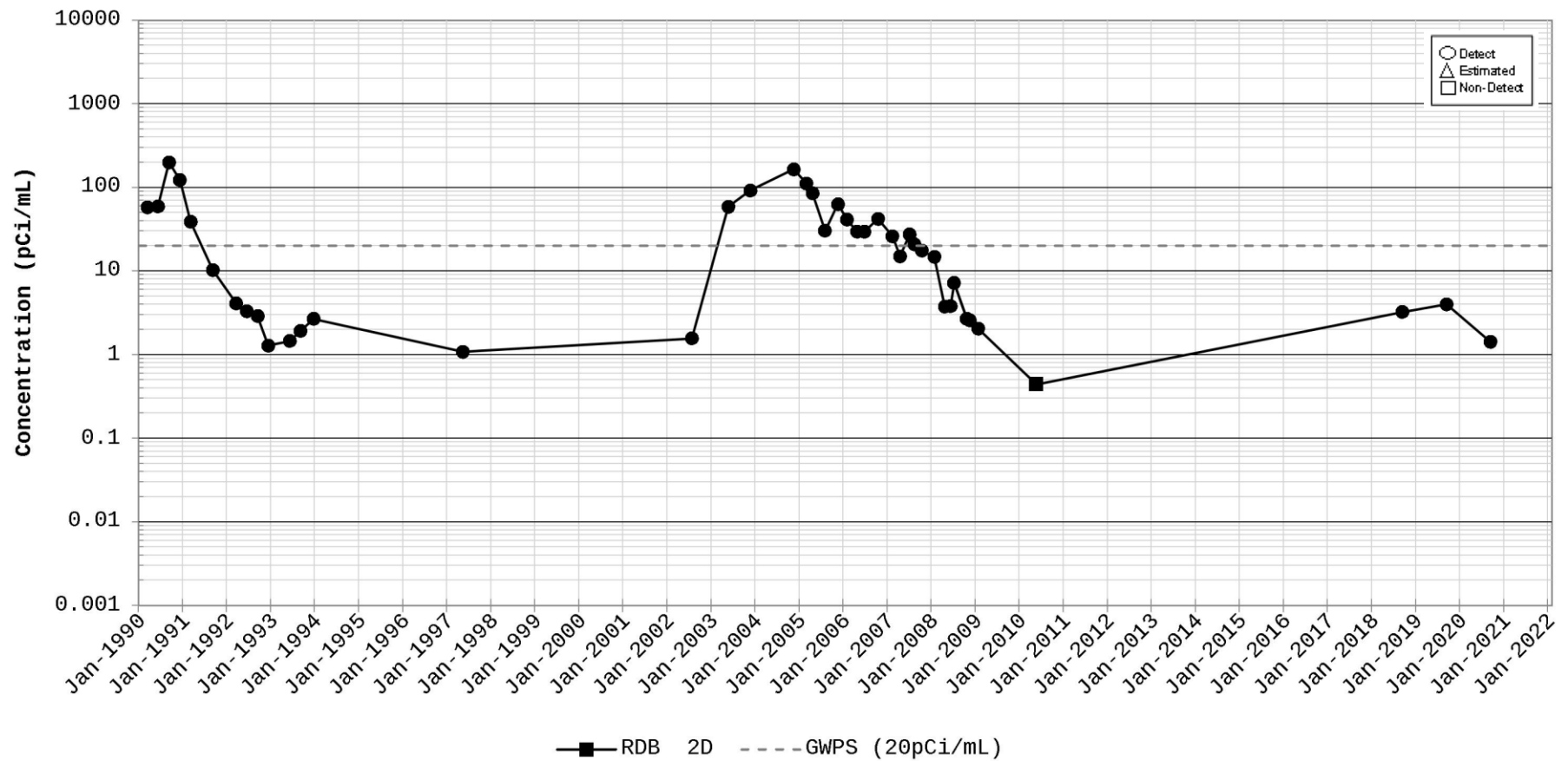


Figure C-54.

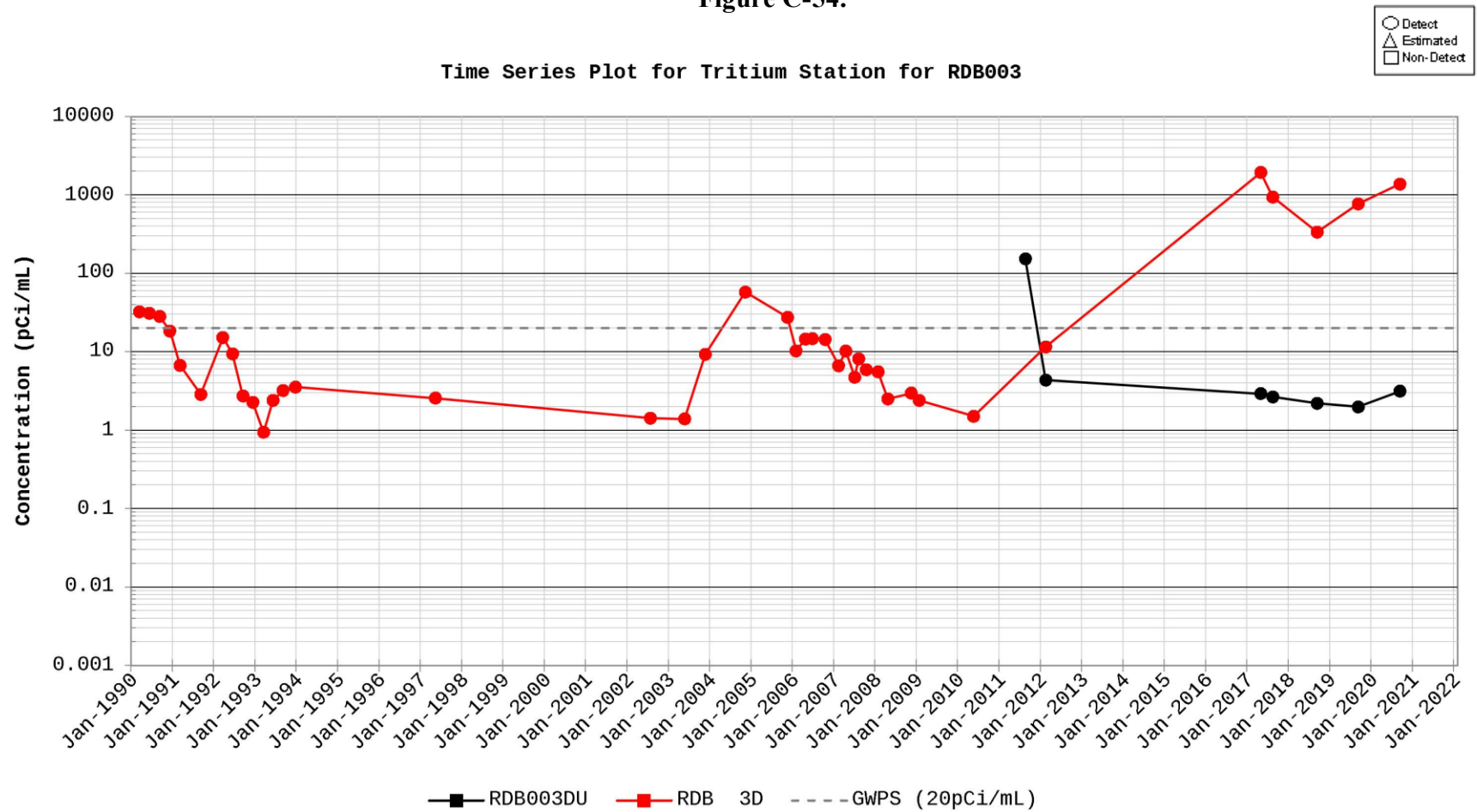


Figure C-55.

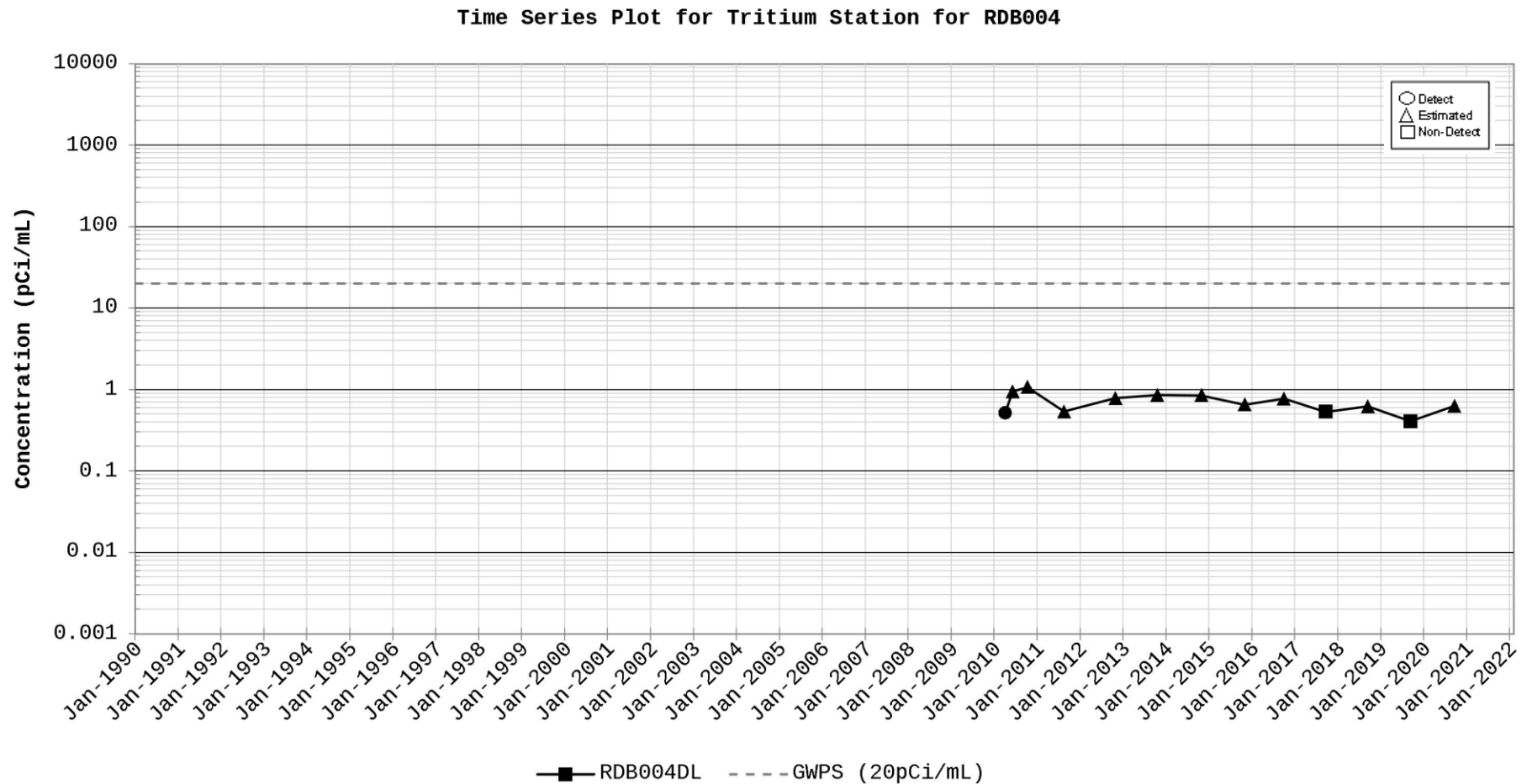


Figure C-56.

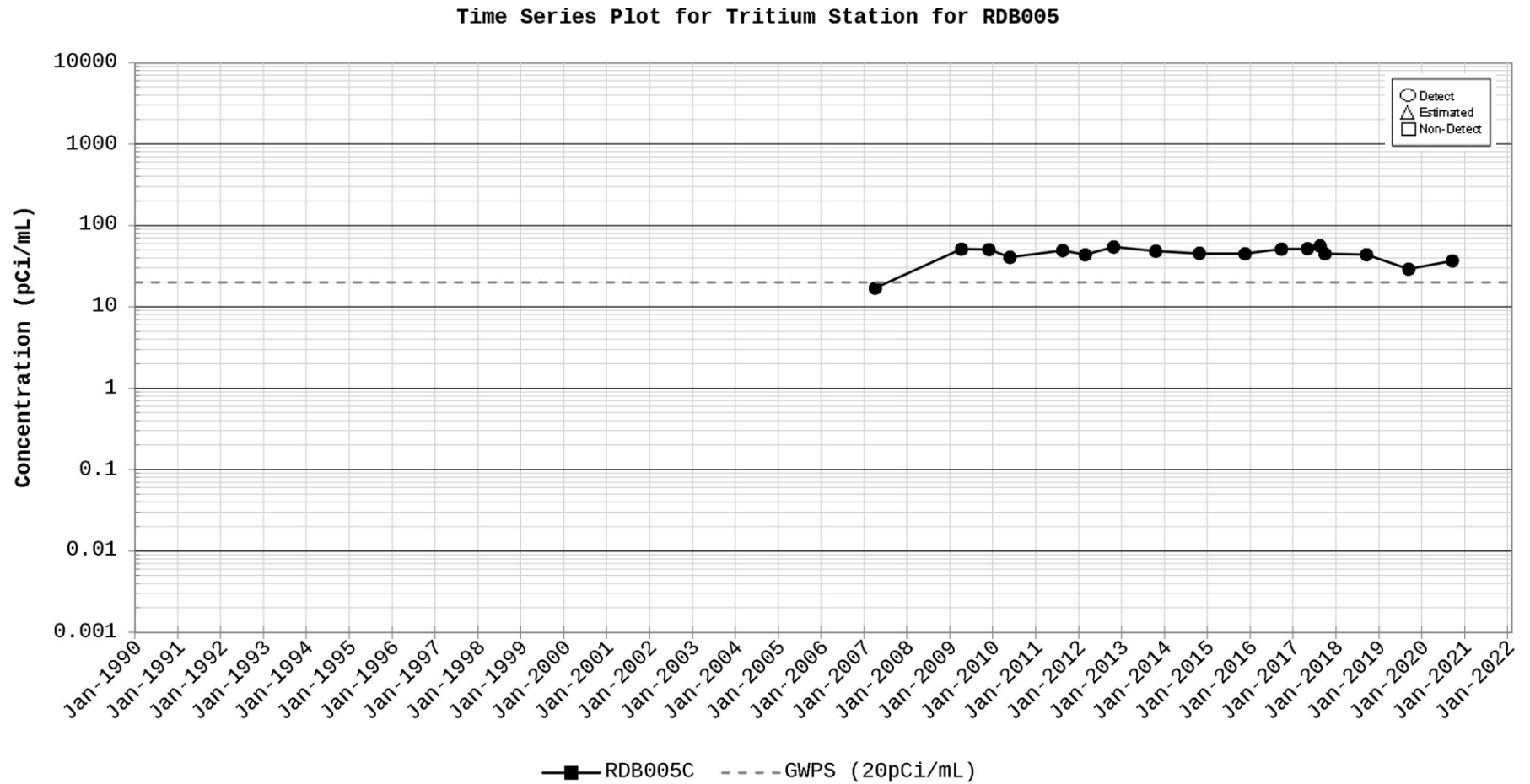


Figure C-57.

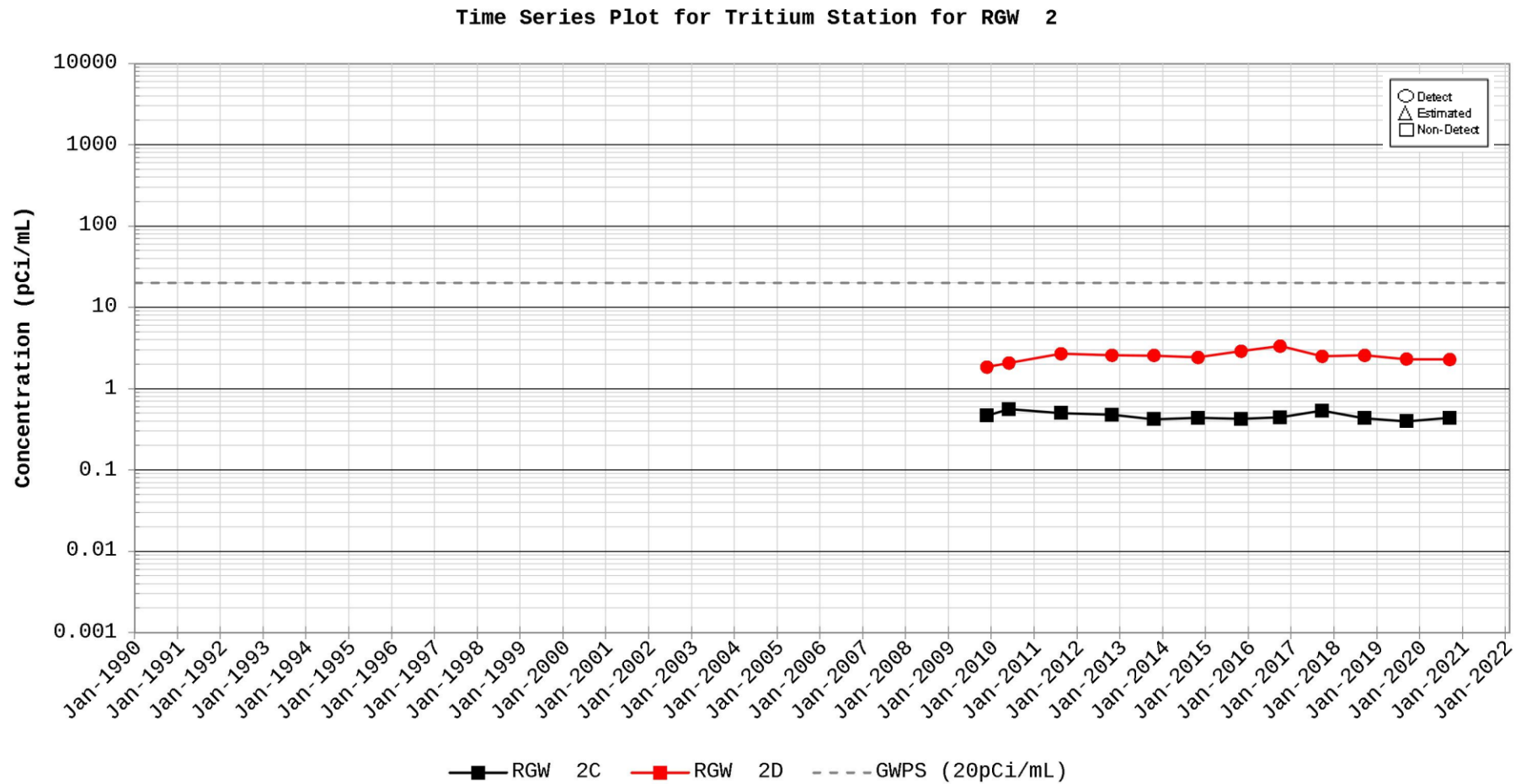


Figure C-58.

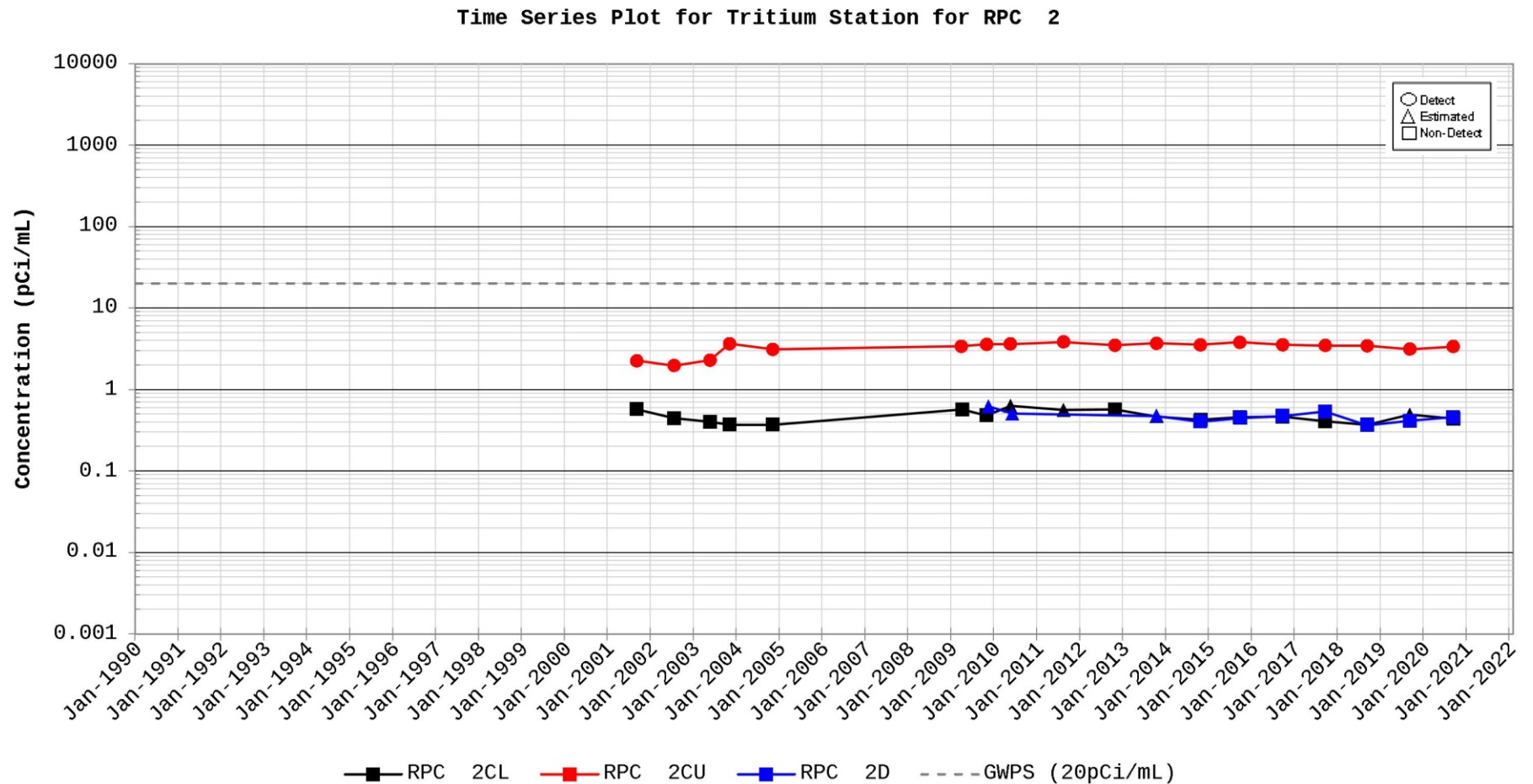


Figure C-59.

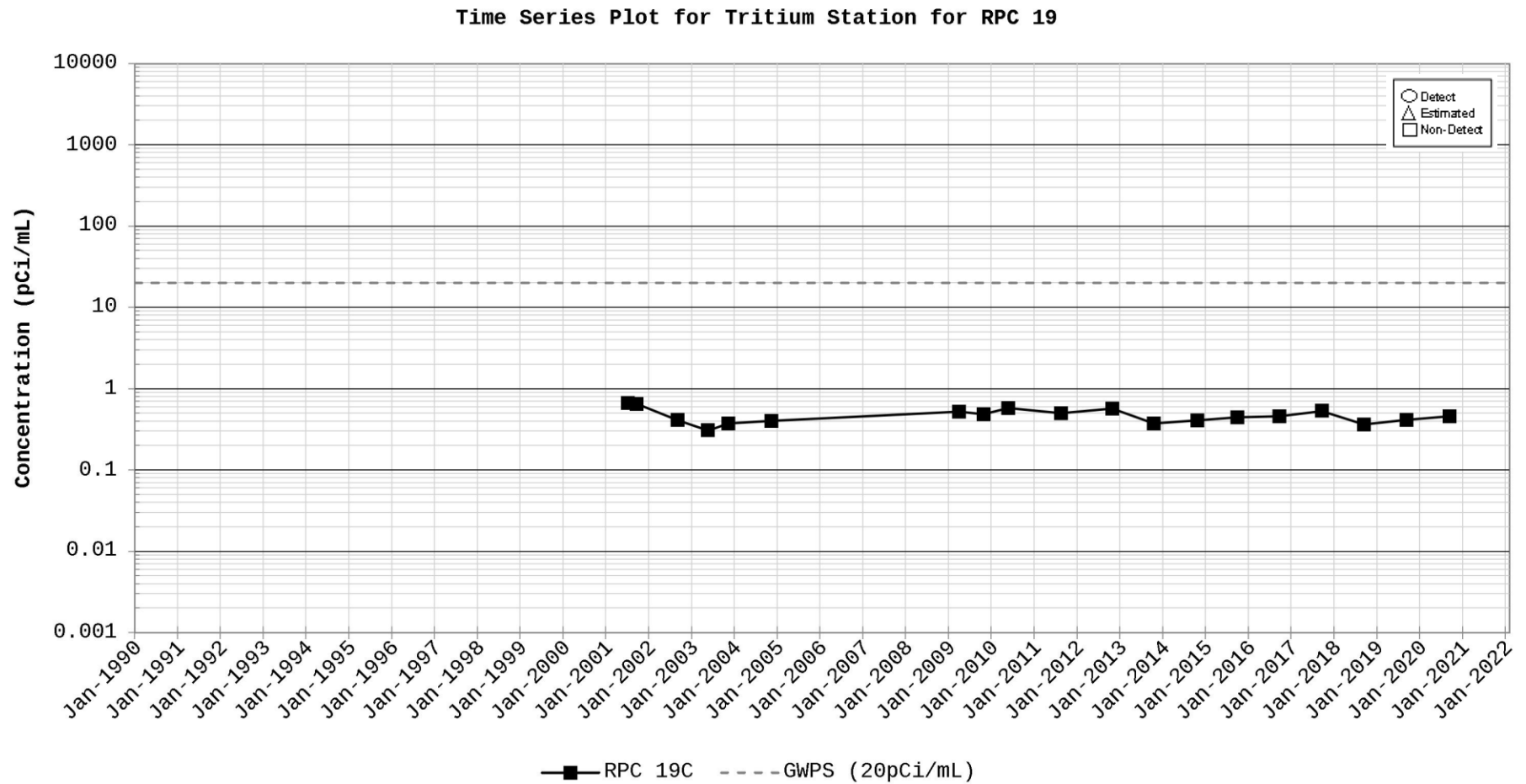


Figure C-60.

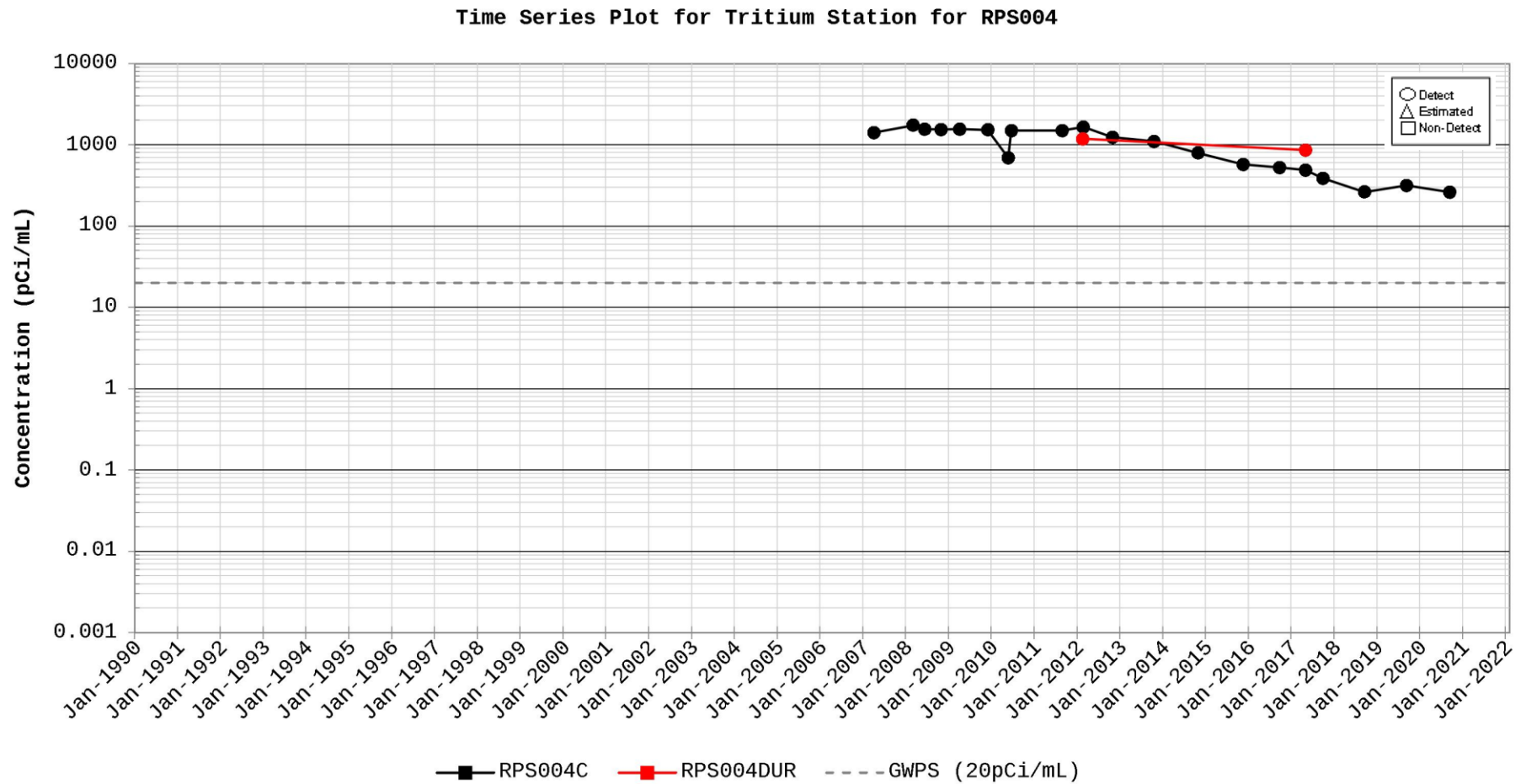


Figure C-61.

Time Series Plot for Tritium Station for RSE 10

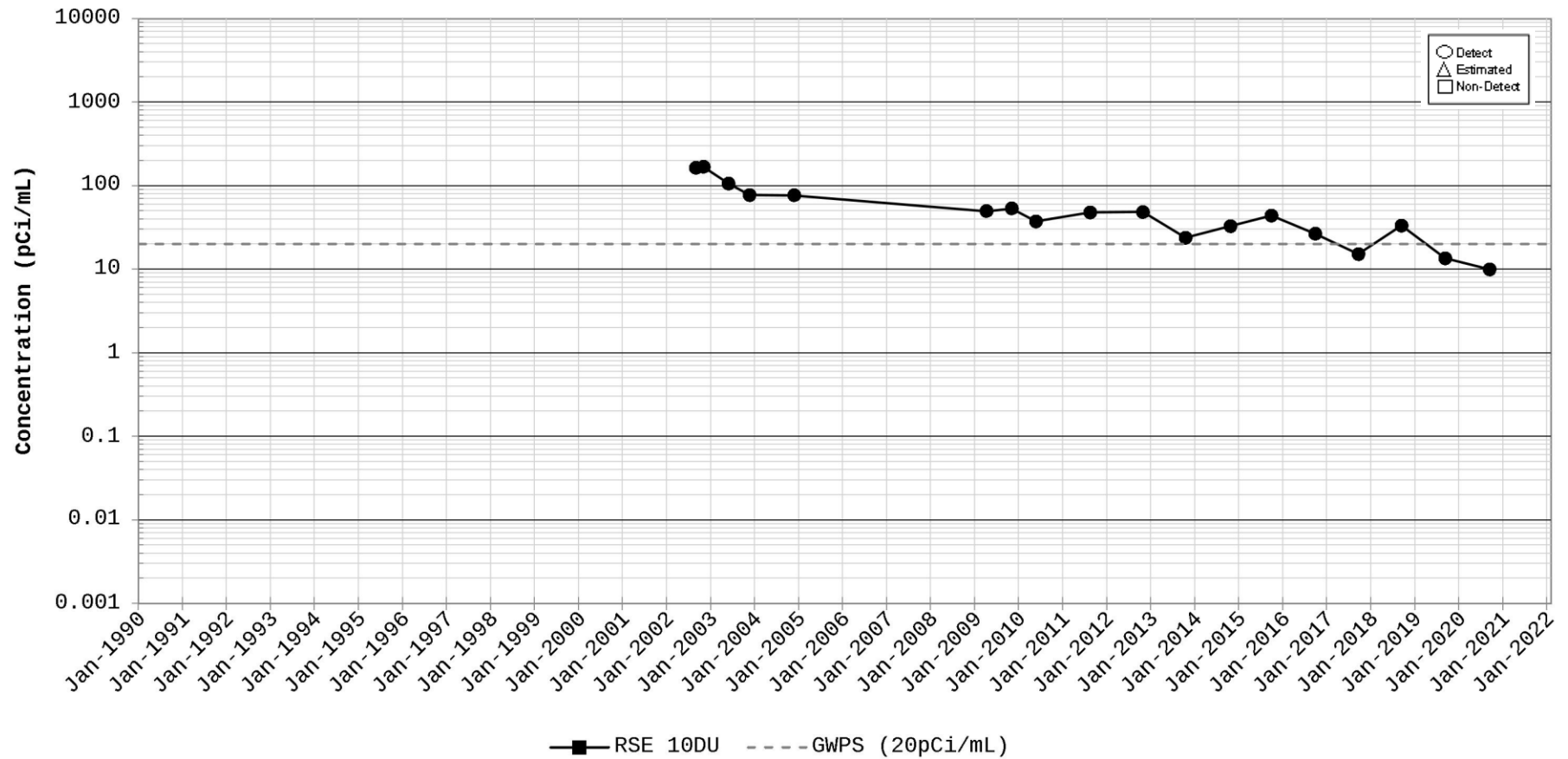


Figure C-62.

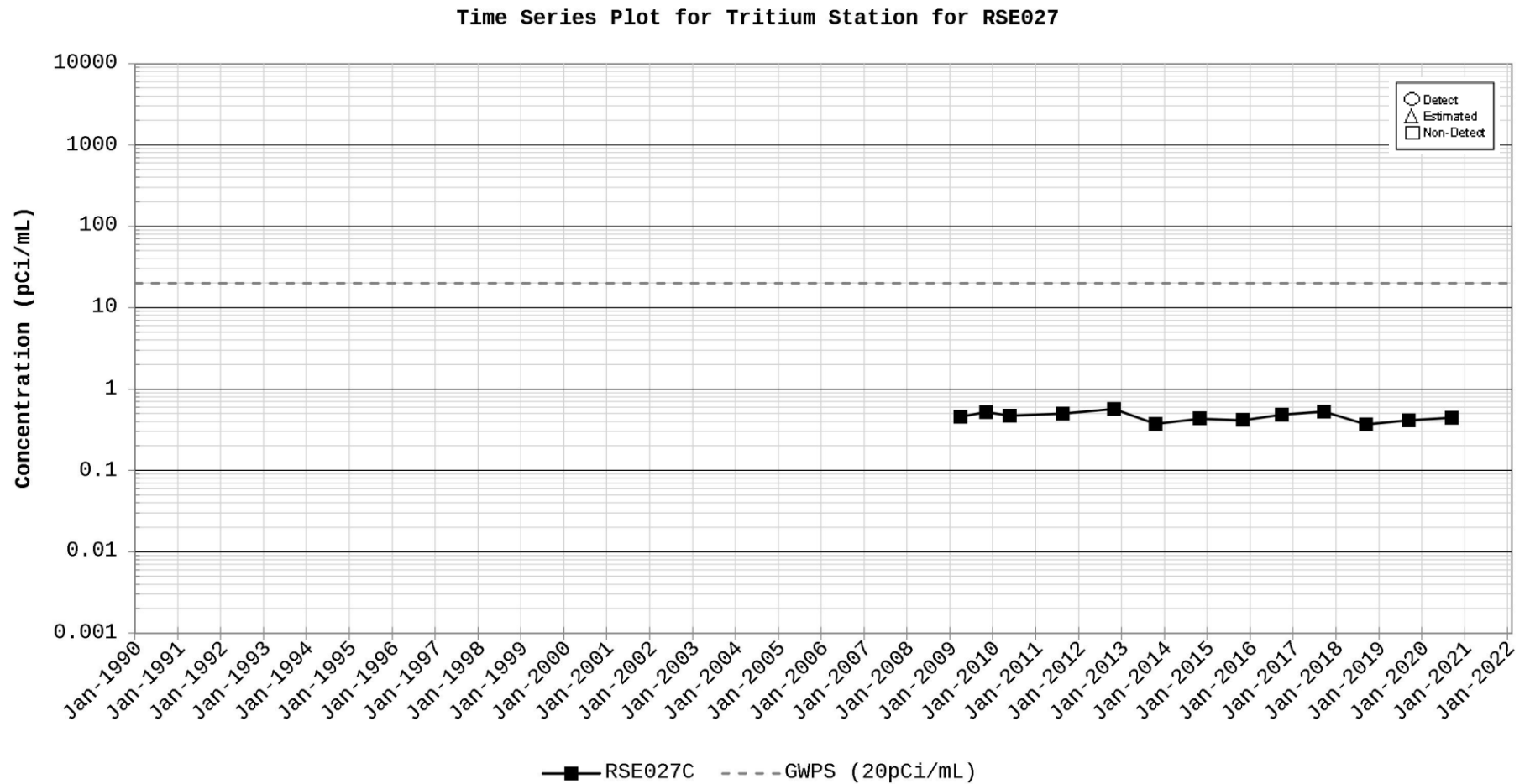


Figure C-63.

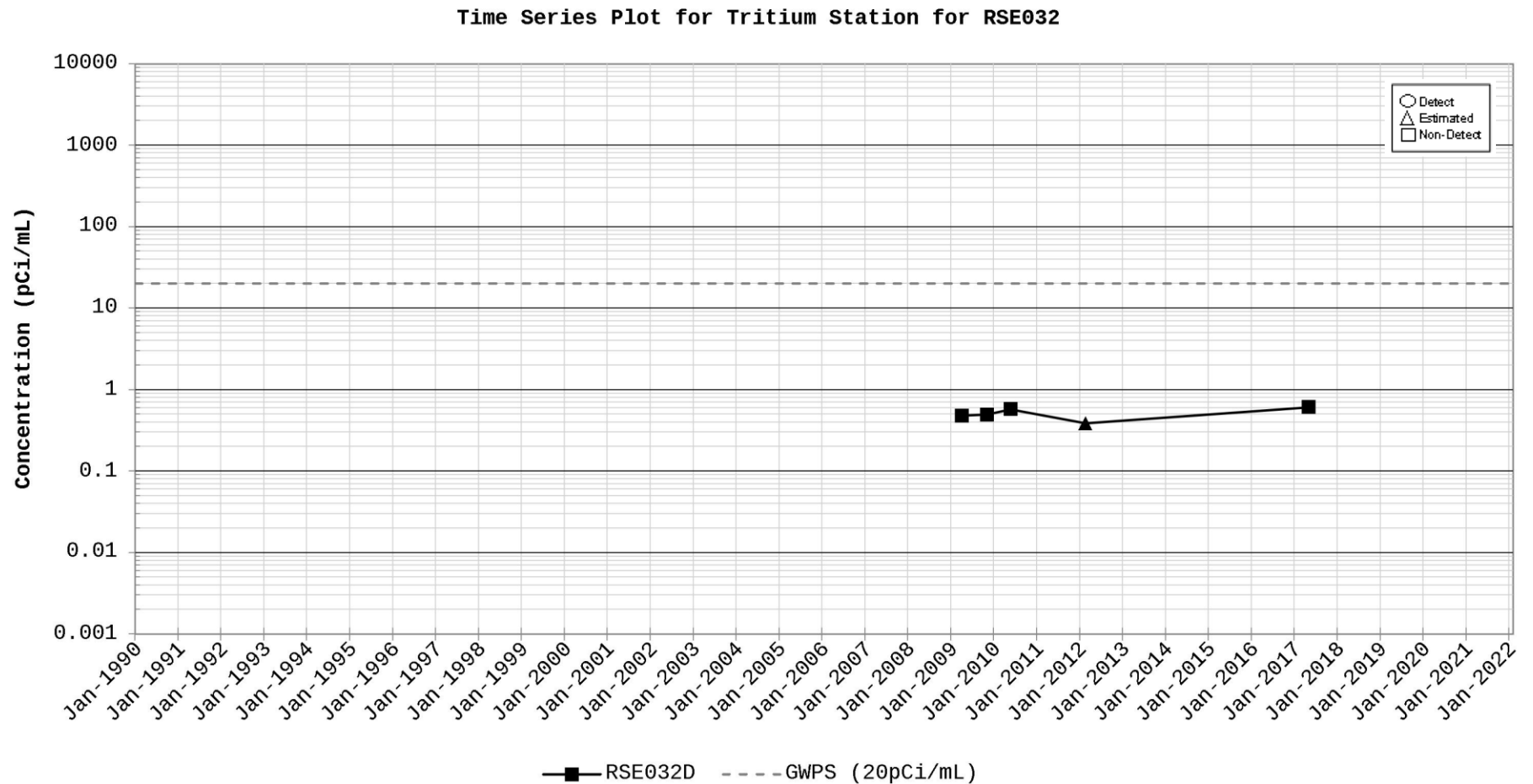


Figure C-64.

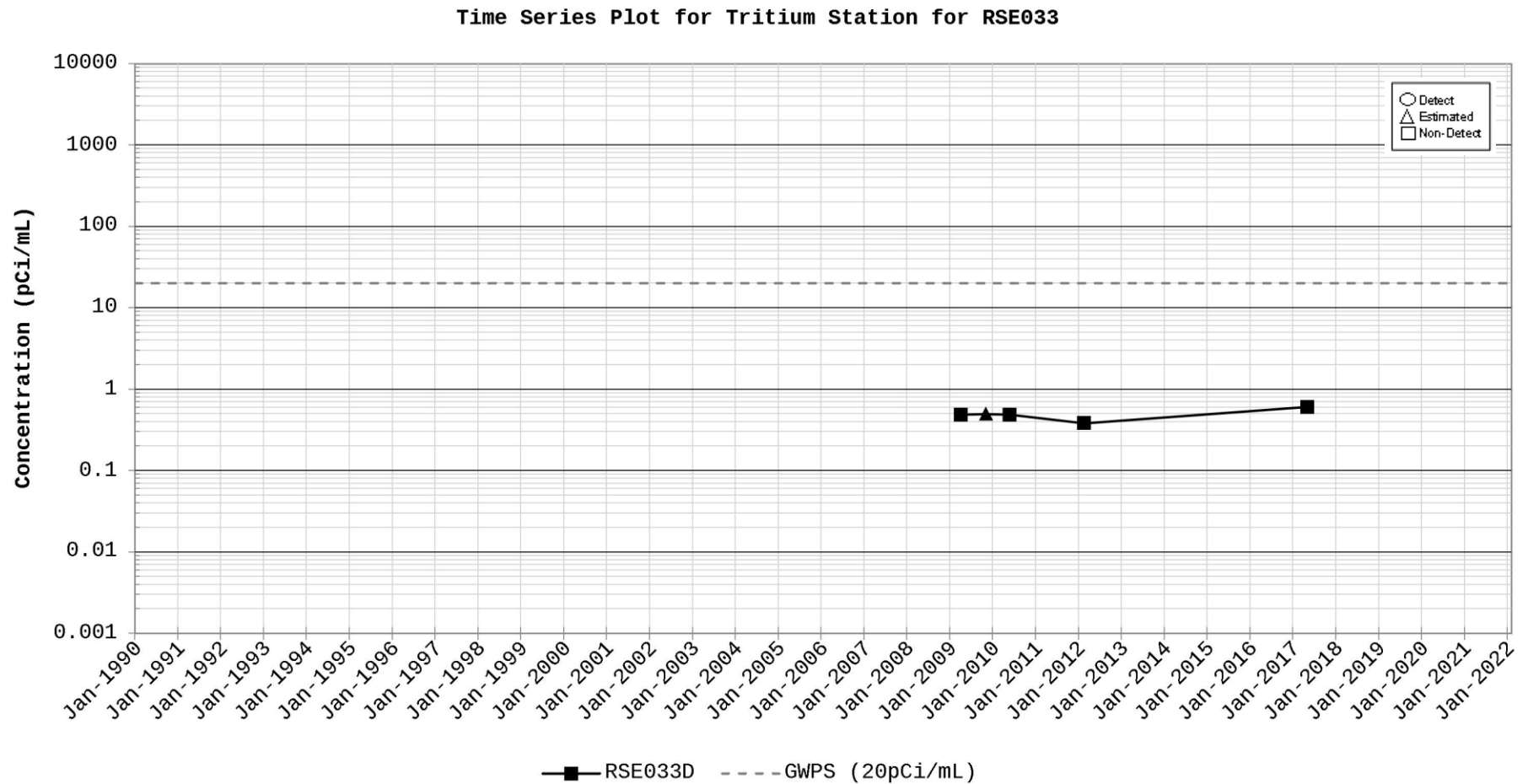
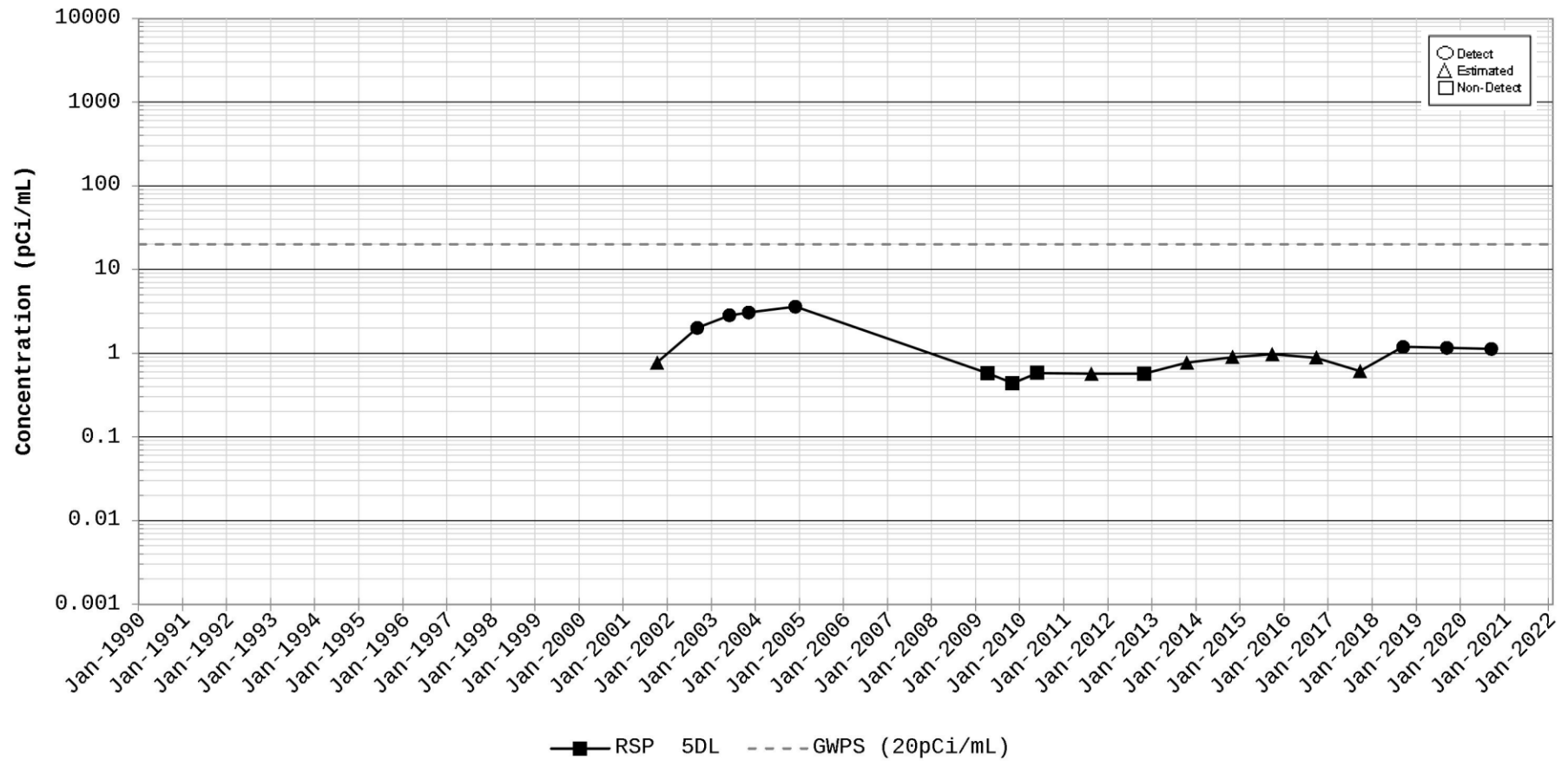


Figure C-65.

Time Series Plot for Tritium Station for RSP 5



This page was intentionally left blank.

APPENDIX D

Tritium and TCE Plume Maps

This page was intentionally left blank.

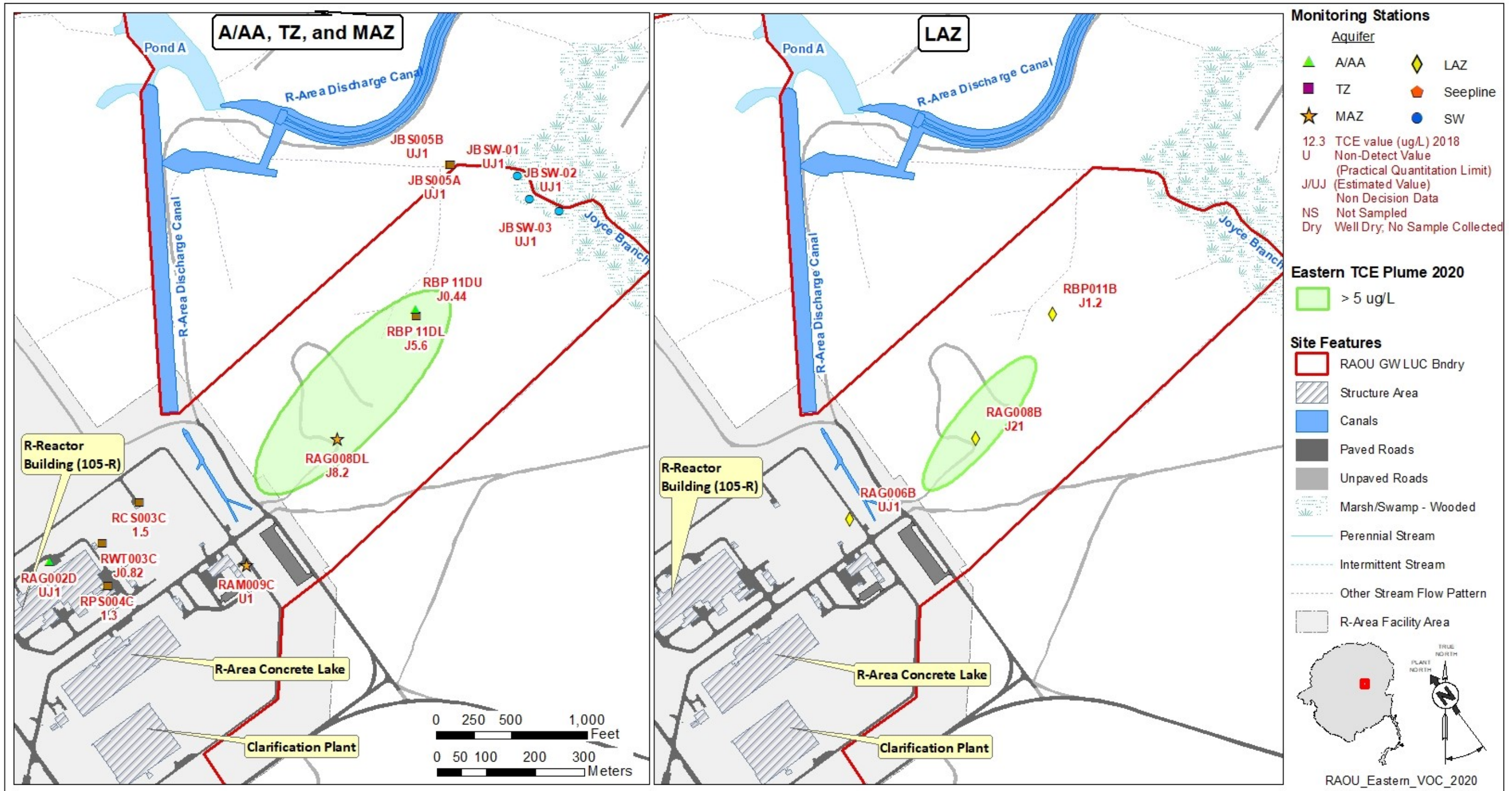


Figure D-1. Eastern VOC Plume 2020

This page was intentionally left blank.

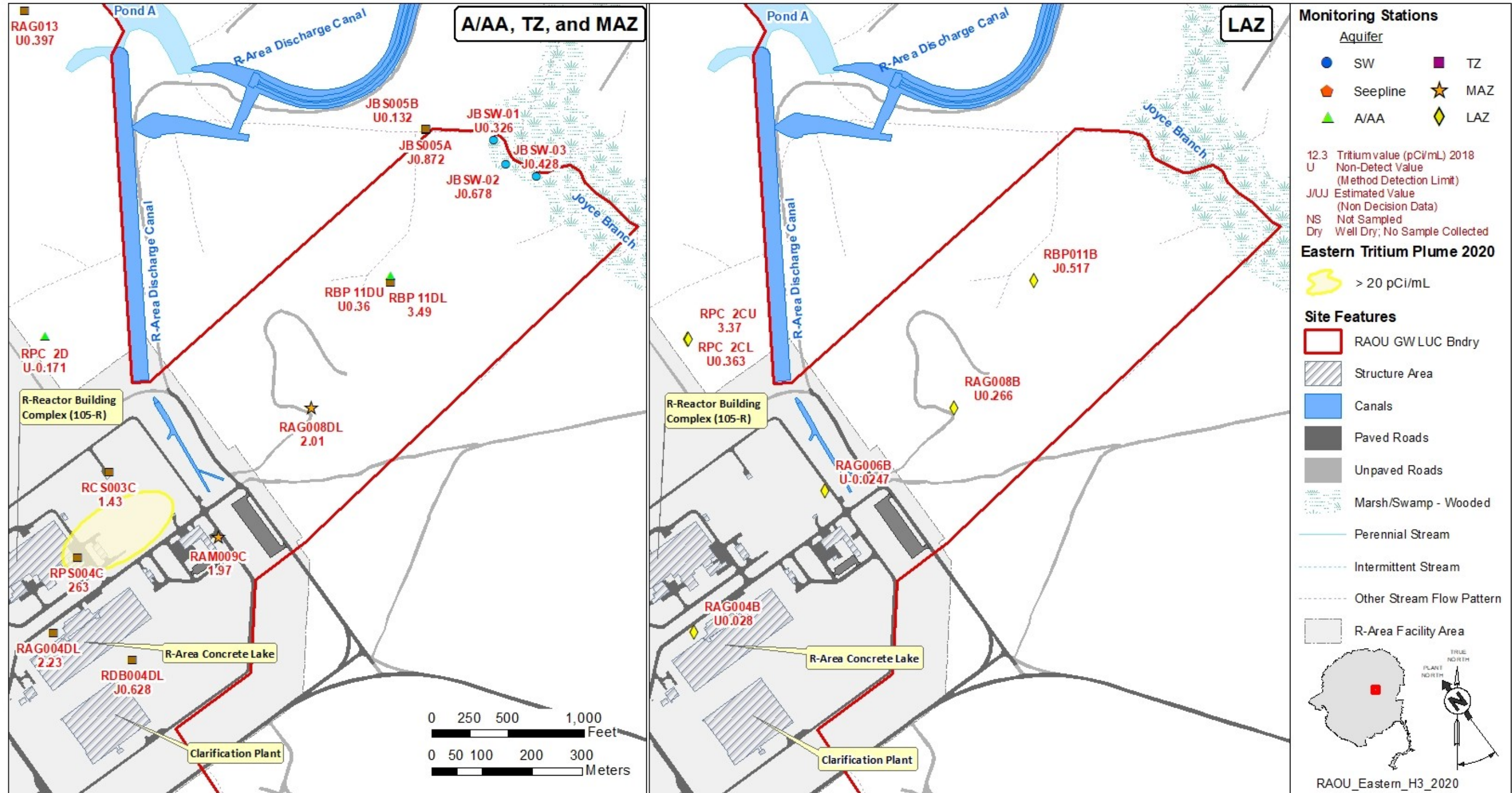


Figure D-2. Eastern Tritium Plume 2020

This page was intentionally left blank.

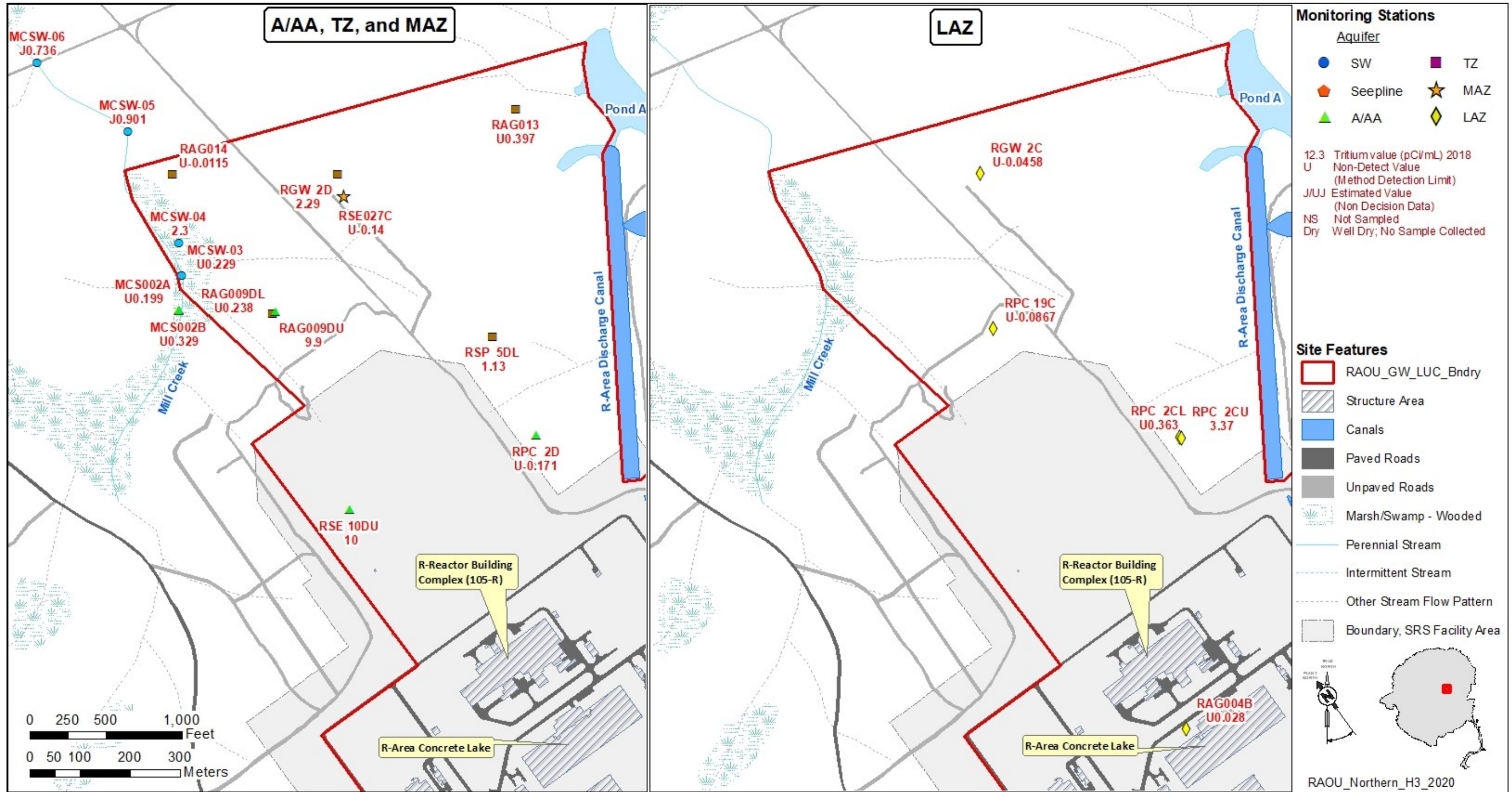


Figure D-3. Northern Tritium Plume 2020

This page was intentionally left blank.

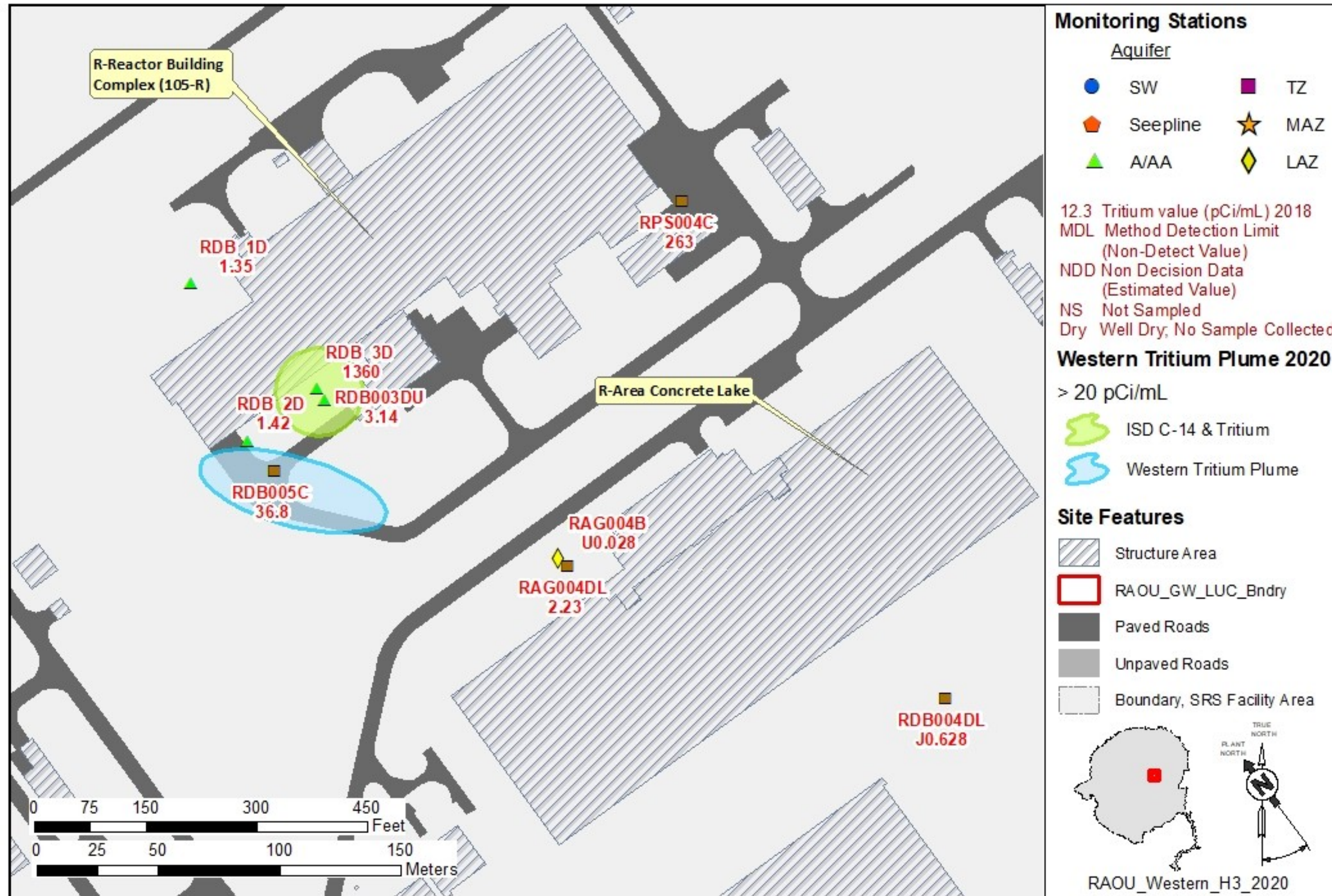


Figure D-4. Western Tritium Plume 2018

This page was intentionally left blank.

APPENDIX E

Potentiometric Surfaces

This page was intentionally left blank.

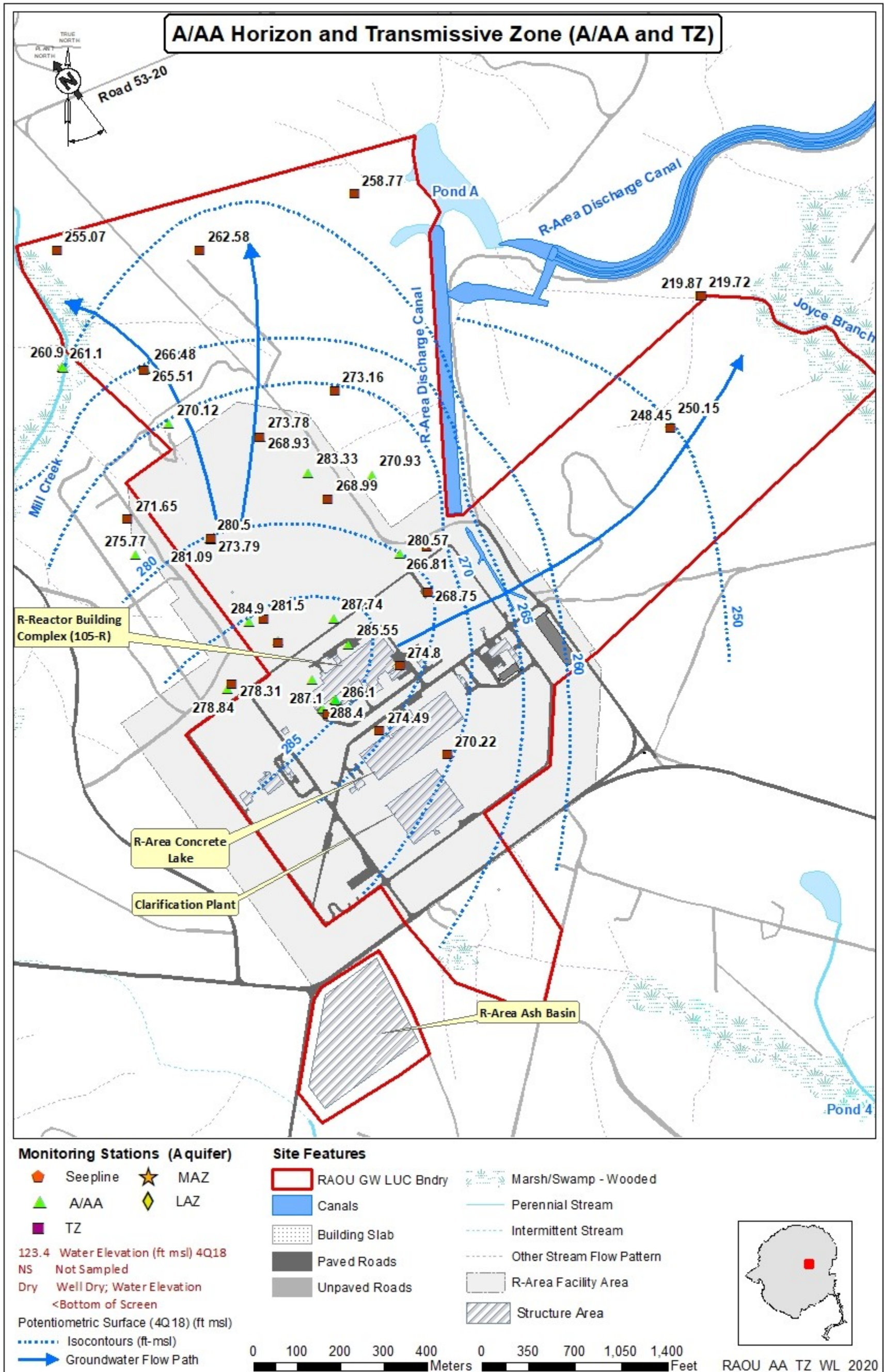


Figure E-1. R-Area TZ Well Water Elevations 2020

This page was intentionally left blank.

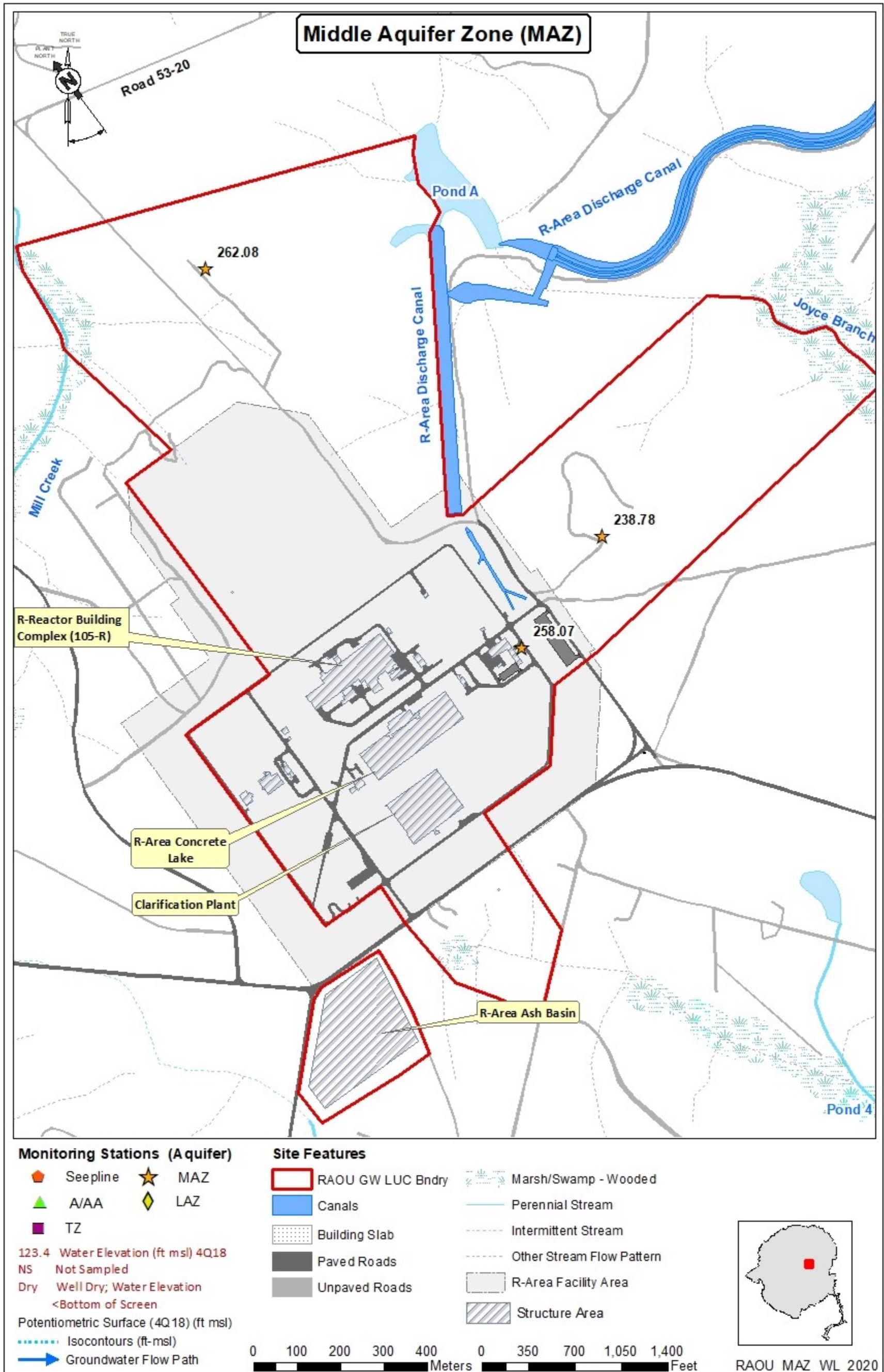


Figure E-2. R-Area MAZ Well Water Elevations 2020

This page was intentionally left blank.

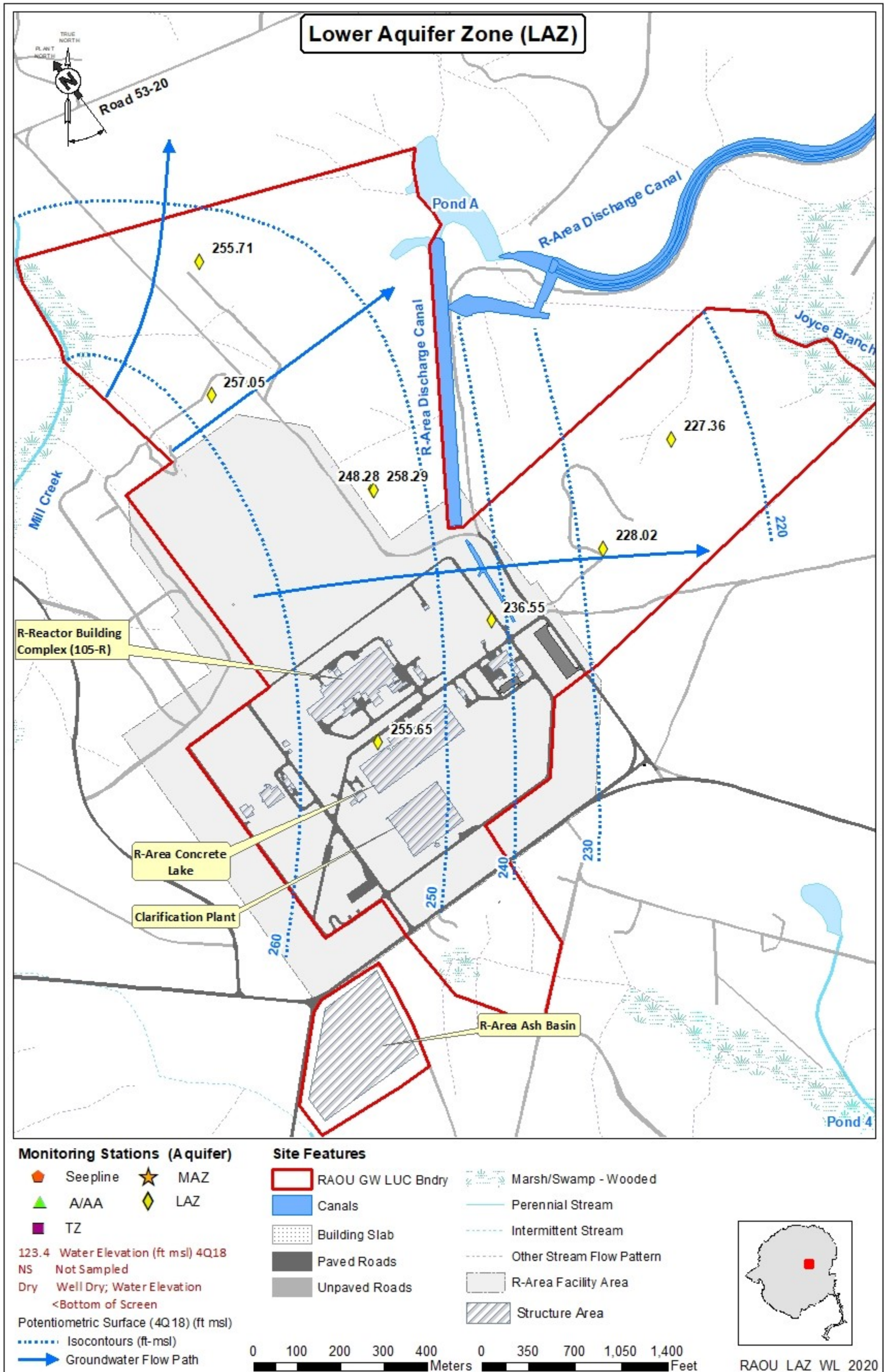


Figure E-3. R-Area LAZ Well Water Elevations 2020

This page intentionally left blank.